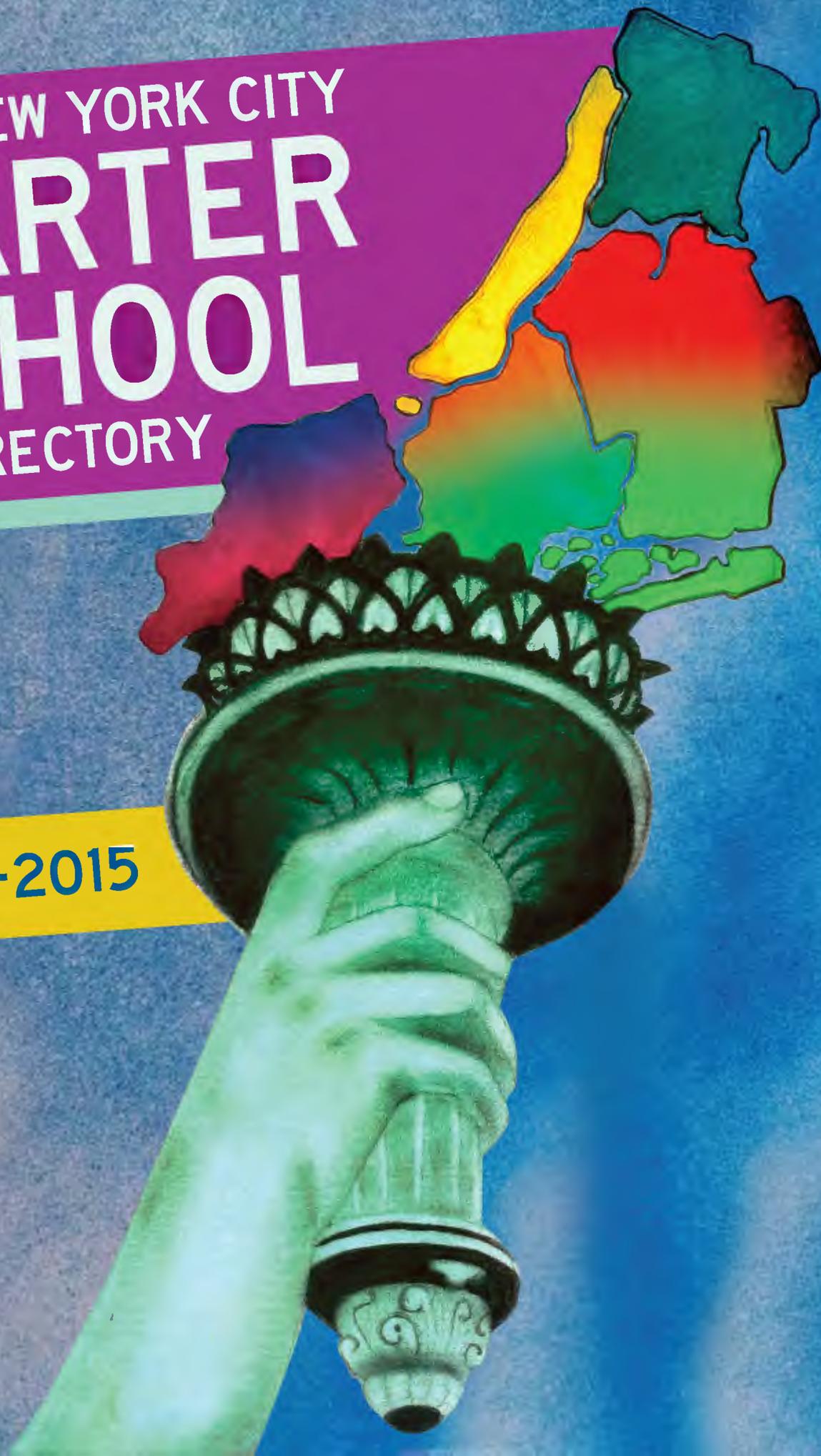


NEW YORK CITY
**CHARTER
SCHOOL**
DIRECTORY

2014-2015



A MESSAGE FROM THE OFFICE OF SCHOOL DESIGN AND CHARTER PARTNERSHIPS

We are excited to present this directory with the latest information for New York City charter schools serving students in the 2014-2015 school year. It is intended to be a resource for families in your search for the school that best meets your child's needs.

School selection and choice can be a time-consuming and involved process. The intent of this directory is to be a tool to help you navigate the charter school options in the City. Charter schools are public schools—they are free and open to all students. If more students apply to a charter school than it has available seats for, then a lottery is held to determine which students are offered admission.

There are 197 charter schools operating in New York City during the 2014-2015 school year. All of these schools are included in this directory. Please review the information for each school, including their websites, to be successful in your research, selection and charter school application efforts. Please know that we are working hard to provide even more high-quality charter school options in the future.

Sincerely,

DawnLynne Kacer
Executive Director, Charter Evaluation and Policy
NYC Department of Education

IMPORTANT WEBSITES AND INFORMATION

Office of School Design and Charter Partnerships For the most current information about charter schools in New York City, visit the office website.	www.nyc.gov/schools/charters
New York City Charter School Center For general information about charter schools and other resources, visit the New York City Charter School Center website.	www.nyccharterschools.org
Accountability and Achievement View accountability reports and statistical data for the schools that interest you.	www.nyc.gov/schools/accountability
Stay Connected! Visit the NYC Department of Education Facebook page.	www.facebook.com/nycschools

DIRECTORY

OF NEW YORK CITY CHARTER SCHOOLS 2014-2015

CARMEN FARIÑA, CHANCELLOR



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Translated versions of this Directory will be available on our website this summer: <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

سوف تتوفر نسخ مترجمة من هذا الدليل على موقعنا الالكتروني خلال هذا الصيف:
<http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

এ বছর গ্রীষ্মে এই ডিরেক্টরির অনূদিত সংস্করণগুলো আমাদের নিচের ওয়েবসাইট-এ পাওয়া যাবে: <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

我們將在今年夏天將本指南的翻譯版本刊登在我們的網站上，網址是: <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

Les versions traduites de cet annuaire seront disponibles sur notre site Internet d'ici l'été à : <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

Vèsyon Anyè sa a ki tradui nan lòt lang ap disponib sou sitwèb nou an pou ete a: <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

안내서의 번역본은 여름 중 다음 웹사이트에 게시됩니다:
<http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

Переводы этого справочника будут помещены этим летом на сайте:
<http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

Las versiones traducidas de este Directorio estarán disponibles en nuestro sitio web este verano: <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

اس ڈائریکٹری کی ترجمہ شدہ اشاعت ان گرمیوں میں ہماری ویب سائٹ پر دستیاب ہوگی: <http://schools.nyc.gov/charters>

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Go Green!

In an effort to help create a cleaner and healthier New York City, this Directory is being offered in its entirety online only this year. Please contact the NYC Department of Education for a printed version of this Directory.

Visit <http://nyc.gov/schools/charters>

GETTING STARTED

As of September 2014, there are 197 public charter schools in New York City’s five boroughs. Charter schools have the freedom to innovate in their classroom structures, curriculum, teaching methods, and other programs, with the goal of providing a high-quality education and new models for all public schools. Because of this, charter schools offer unique choices to families as they look for the school that best fits their child.

This guide provides information for parents and guardians who are considering enrolling their children in a New York City public charter school. You will find helpful information on public charter schools, how they operate, and how you can enroll your children. You will also find profiles of the New York City public charter schools currently operating in all five boroughs.

HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

Each section of this guide will help you explore your choices and understand the things you’ll need to think about when considering charter schools as an option for your child.

SECTION 1: LEARN ABOUT CHARTER SCHOOLS

Read about the characteristics of charter schools and how they differ from district-run public schools.

SECTION 2: DISCOVER THE DIRECTORY

Get to know the directory and its contents.

SECTION 3: APPLY TO A CHARTER SCHOOL

Find out about the application process for charter schools.

SECTION 4: RESEARCH SPECIFIC CHARTER SCHOOLS

Learn tips to help you research specific charter schools.

SECTION 1: LEARN ABOUT CHARTER SCHOOLS

CHARTER SCHOOLS...

- are public schools that operate independently according to the terms of a performance contract, or “charter,” that can last up to five years;
- are free - they do not charge tuition;
- commit to meeting or exceeding specific goals for academic performance;
- are governed by non-profit Boards of Trustees - these are mainly comprised of unpaid volunteers and are responsible for such actions as establishing school policies, ensuring compliance with state and federal law, overseeing the school budget, and evaluating the school’s leader;
- are reviewed regularly by their authorizers (state-sanctioned bodies with the power to create or renew charter schools); and
- can be granted a renewal for up to five more years by their authorizers upon meeting or exceeding agreed-upon academic and operational goals. This process repeats itself in cycles that depend on the length of each school’s most recent renewal.

WHY ENROLL YOUR CHILD IN A CHARTER SCHOOL?

Each charter school is independent, so it is difficult to generalize about schools’ curricula and teaching philosophies. However, here are some charter school characteristics that may help you decide whether a charter school would be a good fit for your child:

- Most charter schools focus on preparing their students for the rigors of higher education and college. Some introduce students to colleges and universities in elementary school grades.
- Many charters hold longer school days and a longer school year; some even provide tutoring on Saturdays. This allows schools to spend extra time making sure that students understand important concepts.
- Charter schools tend to have low student-staff ratios, offering personal attention for your child.

PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS VERSUS NON-CHARTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Charter schools share many characteristics with other public schools in New York City. However, charter schools also differ from district-run public schools in New York City in several ways. A summary of these differences can be found in the chart below.

SCHOOL CHARACTERISTICS	PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS	NON-CHARTER PUBLIC SCHOOLS
Open to all New York City students regardless of ability or income level.	✓	✓
Publicly funded and must administer all City and State exams.	✓	✓
Must meet or exceed state and federal academic performance standards.	✓	✓
Must comply with federal and state teacher certification requirements.	✓	✓

Must meet New York State Board of Regents requirements and state laws for health, safety and student assessment.	✓	✓
Cannot discriminate in their admissions policies on the basis of ethnicity, gender, national origin, or disability or any other ground that would be unlawful if carried out by a school ¹ ; they must accept all student applications, and all students who they have seats for, regardless of students' ability or income.	✓	✓
Operate independently because they are governed by not-for-profit Boards of Trustees. These Boards are held accountable for ensuring that schools meet or exceed all academic and operational goals established in their charters.	✓	
Must undergo regular reviews and audits of finances and management by their authorizers.	✓	
Held strictly accountable by their authorizers for meeting academic goals. If they fail to do so, they risk losing their ability to operate.	✓	
Set their own discipline codes, promotion criteria, and other policies, some of which may be strict but still comply with state and federal law. In rare cases, a child can be expelled for chronically failing to comply with school rules.	✓	

CHARTER SCHOOL ORGANIZATION

REGULATION

New York State currently has three charter school authorizers, or state-sanctioned bodies with the power to oversee and renew charter schools. These are the NYC DOE, the State University of New York Charter Schools Institute (SUNY CSI), and the New York State Education Department (NYSED) Charter School Office. The NYSED and SUNY CSI also have the power to create new charter schools. The Board of Regents and the NYSED provide ultimate oversight of charter schools, while all charter authorizers have the authority to oversee a school's academic, operational and financial records. Charter schools also operate under the following regulation:

- Annual oversight and compliance assessments, including visits when appropriate, by their authorizers
- Annual mandatory School Report Cards from NYSED
- Independent audits by an independent Certified Public Accountant

SHARED BUILDING SPACE

More than two-thirds of the City's charter schools currently share space with other schools in DOE buildings. In shared buildings also known as campuses, schools and/or programs sharing space each occupy one or more floors and share certain common spaces, such as the cafeteria, gymnasium, auditorium, library and playground. For the most part, space-sharing arrangements among schools and/or programs are cooperative and offer an opportunity for co-existing schools to share best practices and collaborate on programs. For more information, ask an individual school about its campus culture and about the interaction among students and staff in different schools.

FUNDING

Every New York City charter school receives both state and local funding administered by the New York City Department of Education (NYC DOE). In addition to a per-pupil allocation, charters may receive state and federal grants, and they can raise funds from private sources as well.

¹ It is, however, permissible to establish single-sex charter schools and charter schools designed to provide expanded learning opportunities for students at-risk of academic failure or students with disabilities and English Language Learners.

CHARTER SCHOOL SERVICES

SPECIAL EDUCATION AND ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER (ELL) PROGRAMS

Charter schools must serve students with disabilities including but not limited to learning, behavioral, or physical disabilities, as well as students who are learning English. While every school must provide supports and programs for ELL students, a charter school may choose the type of programs it provides, which may include structured immersion, bilingual, or dual-language programs. Parents of students with disabilities should ask about the range of services that a particular charter school provides.

TRANSPORTATION

Some charter schools provide private bus services while others choose to use the DOE pupil transportation options that are available to all public school students in New York City. These options for eligible students include full-fare/half-fare Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA) MetroCards or yellow bus service. Parents should contact a specific school for information.

TEACHER QUALIFICATIONS

The majority of charter school teaching staffers must be certified. Each New York charter school is permitted to hire a very small number of teachers (no more than 30 percent of its total teaching staff or 5 teachers, whichever is less) who have not yet completed the requirements for teacher certification. The law also permits charter school teachers who are certified in one area to teach in another subject area or level as long as they can demonstrate that they are “Highly Qualified” for each teaching assignment. In New York, a Highly Qualified teacher must: a) have a bachelor’s degree or higher; b) be deemed fit for the teaching assignment; and c) demonstrate subject matter competency for the subject.

FAMILY INVOLVEMENT

Many charter schools emphasize family engagement and participation. Expectations for student, family, and teacher participation are often outlined in a school’s family and/or student handbook. This may include standards for dress, behavior, and involvement in school activities.

Charter schools also recruit parents/guardians to serve on their boards, play an active role in school governance, and support fundraising efforts. Additionally, charter schools located in New York City are required to have Parent Associations that enable parents/guardians to offer feedback on school policies and decisions. Some charter schools have created parent coordinator positions within the school structure to ensure regular, proactive communications with families.

SCHOOL-BASED CONCERNS

Parents/guardians should take questions or concerns to a principal or school leader. If they are not satisfied with the outcome, they should ask a school’s Board of Trustees to address their concerns as a next step. A school’s inquiry procedures are often outlined in a school’s family and/or student handbook.

Boards must provide advance notice of their monthly meetings, hold them in public, and abide by the Open Meetings Law with respect to public comment. Although the Board has responsibility for the overall operation of a school, day-to-day decisions around curriculum, instruction and hiring are generally made by the principal or school leader. Parents/guardians dissatisfied with responses to their complaints at the Board level can also take their complaint to the school’s authorizer, and then to the State Education Department (NYSED).

SECTION 2: DISCOVER THE DIRECTORY

The charter school directory is divided into sections by borough, with district maps for each borough. Please see below for tips on how to read the district maps.

Each section also includes profile pages for all charter schools with primary locations in that borough. The schools are listed in alphabetical order. Below are explanations of the information you will find on each charter school page.

DISTRICT MAPS

District-level maps are included at the beginning of each borough section for each community school district with at least one charter school site. Please note that there are no charter schools in districts 20, 25 and 26. Therefore, maps for these districts are not provided.

Schools are represented on the maps by brightly colored dots. The color indicates the school level at that particular site. Each grade level that a school offers will be shown on the map(s), though different grade levels may be served in different locations. As a result, for one school there may be multiple dots of varying colors. In addition, school dots may span multiple districts and, in some cases, may span multiple boroughs.

For example, KIPP STAR College Prep Charter School (84M726) serves its students in three separate buildings: the elementary and middle school students are served in separate buildings in district 5 and the high school students are served in a district 7 building. As such, the school is seen twice on the district 5 map – once as a red elementary school dot and once as a green middle school dot. On the District 7 map a purple high school dot indicates the location of the high school grades of KIPP STAR College Prep Charter School.

Charter schools may be co-located in school buildings. In cases where school ID codes (DBNs) are listed in a column, the schools are located in the same building. If schools of the same level are co-located, only one dot is shown. If schools of differing grade levels are co-located, overlapping dots are shown to represent each school level.

SCHOOL MISSION

A brief description that explains each school's mission and approach to learning.

GENERAL SCHOOL/SITE INFORMATION

Located on the left side of each directory page.

The top section includes the charter school authorizer, the school's opening year, the charter school's website, grades served during the 2014-2015 school year, and authorized grades. Authorized grades are those grades the school can serve under the current charter. The school may have plans to serve additional grades at full scale.

The bottom section includes site information. Many charter schools are located in multiple buildings. Please note the grades served and community school district of each site. Information provided for each site includes the school leader name and email (when available), grades served at each site, whether the school is housed in a private facility or one owned by the DOE, and address and contact information for each site.

ENROLLMENT

This section is located at the top right side of the directory page. The information found under Enrollment focuses on charter school lottery preferences and the school's total enrollment during the 2013-2014 school year. Every charter school is required to give preference in admission to children residing in the community school district in which the charter school's primary site is located; siblings of students who are already enrolled are also given preference. Returning students, including those attending a Universal Pre-Kindergarten (UPK) program operated by the charter school, are also given enrollment preferences. However, charter schools may also have additional enrollment preferences such as ones for students at risk of academic failure, English Language Learners, and/or students who are eligible for free or reduced price lunch.

ACCOUNTABILITY DATA

This table provides information on accountability measures used by the NYC DOE regarding New York State assessments. These assessment measures, when applicable, are the percentages of students who scored at or above proficient on New York State English Language Arts (ELA) and Math tests for the years 2010-2011, 2011-2012, and 2012-2013.

Please note that the 2012-2013 ELA and Math proficiency rates should not be compared directly with prior-year results. Unlike prior years, proficiency in 2012-2013 was based on the Common Core – a more demanding set of knowledge and skills necessary for 21st century college and careers.

SECTION 3: APPLY TO A CHARTER SCHOOL

ELIGIBILITY

If your child qualifies for admission to a New York City public school, he or she also qualifies for admission to a public charter school. Your child must be:

1. A resident of New York City;
2. Five years old by December 31 of the year he or she first enrolls, if enrolling in Kindergarten; or according to the individual school's policy.
3. Under 21 years old and cannot have received a high school diploma.

Every charter school has its own application and lottery. It is your right to apply to as many charter schools as you want. Contact each school individually to learn more about application procedures and deadlines.

APPLICATION

Charter schools generally accept applications for the following school year until April 1 at the earliest, and most schools conduct admissions lotteries during the month of April.

You should contact each school individually to obtain an application. You can do this by phone or in person and many schools also post applications on their websites. Additionally, most—but not all—charter schools use the New York City Charter School Center's Common Online Charter School Application, which allows parents/guardians to apply to multiple charter schools at one time. Parents/guardians can access this application via the Charter School Center's website at www.nyccharterschools.org beginning in early 2015 for enrollment in the 2015-2016 school year.

While filling out an application, parents/guardians are not required to give information about their child's special education needs or whether he or she is an English Language Learner, although some schools that offer lottery preferences to these students may give parents the chance to volunteer this information. Once a child has been accepted into a charter school, parents/guardians can expect questions from school officials that help them evaluate the student's needs.

LOTTERY

If the number of school applications exceeds the number of seats available in any grade for which it accepts applications, a charter school is required to hold a lottery or other random selection process. During a lottery, charter schools randomly draw student names until all seats are filled. Once all the seats are filled, students who are not accepted may be added to a waiting list in the order their names are drawn. Parents/guardians are notified if their child has been admitted or placed on the school's waiting list. To ensure impartiality, charter schools sometimes invite public officials to oversee lotteries, or hire an auditing firm or outside legal entity to conduct the lottery.

ENROLLMENT

After your child has been accepted, you must notify your child's old school that you will be transferring him or her to a charter school. The charter school will send you any forms you need to fill out in order to complete the registration process. Necessary documents for registration include your child's birth certificate or passport; immunization records; and proof of address. Please keep in mind that enrollment procedures may vary among charter schools.

SECTION 4: RESEARCH SPECIFIC CHARTER SCHOOLS

QUESTIONS TO ASK

Even before reviewing test performance or other academic indicators, you should first take the time to understand a particular school's philosophy and culture. By talking with students, principals, teachers and families, and asking questions about everything from academic goals to discipline policies, parents/guardians can make an informed decision about whether a school will be a good fit for their child. Below is a list of questions that might help inform your decision to apply to a given school:

1. Is this school a good fit for my child's individual needs?
2. What are the latest test scores on the state-wide examinations in English and Math?
3. How are art, music, and extracurricular activities part of the school day?
4. What strategies does the school use to help children who are not performing on grade level?
5. How long are the school day and the school year?
6. How are children assessed, and how is their progress measured?
7. What type of transportation services, if any, does the school provide?
8. How can families become involved in school decision-making?
9. What is the role of the board of trustees, and how can a parent/guardian contact board members?
10. What is the school's discipline policy? How is it enforced?
11. What are the school's promotion and retention standards?
12. Does the charter school share space with another school and/or organization, and if so, what is the interaction with the other school and/or organization like?
13. Does the school offer an after-school program?
14. What types of resources are available to English Language Learners and students with special needs?
15. For elementary schools only: Where do your students go to middle school?
16. For middle schools only: Where do your students go to high school?
17. For high schools only: How many 9 th graders graduate? How many go to college?
18. May I speak with 2-3 parents in the school?
19. May I observe a classroom?
20. How much time do students typically spend on homework?

OPEN HOUSES

Most charter schools offer open houses in advance of the application period and lottery. Open houses, which are normally publicized on school websites, allow families to tour a school, talk with staff, and learn more about the curriculum and programs offered by the school. Contact schools directly to determine their particular visiting policies.

SCHOOL SEARCH WEBSITE

Visitors to the New York City Department of Education School Search website can search for charter schools by entering the name of the school in the search bar. In the search results, you will find display options for nearby subway and bus stops, driving directions, and school-level information including: address, currently served grades, school website, statistics, and more.

SCHOOL SEARCH WEBSITE

Visit the school search website to learn more about the charter schools you find interesting.

<http://schools.nyc.gov/schoolsearch>

