



JOHN B. RUSSWURM

2010-2011

SCHOOL COMPREHENSIVE EDUCATIONAL PLAN
(CEP)

SCHOOL: P.S. 197M JOHN B. RUSSWURM
ADDRESS: 2230 FIFTH AVENUE
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SECTION I: SCHOOL INFORMATION PAGE

SCHOOL NUMBER: 197M **SCHOOL NAME:** John B. Russwurm

SCHOOL ADDRESS: 2230 Fifth Avenue

SCHOOL TELEPHONE: 212-690-5960 **FAX:** 212-690-5959

SCHOOL CONTACT PERSON: Dawn A. Anderson **EMAIL ADDRESS:** DAnders5@scho
ols.nyc.gov

POSITION/TITLE

PRINT/TYPE NAME

SCHOOL LEADERSHIP TEAM CHAIRPERSON: Dawn A. Anderson

PRINCIPAL: Renardo Wright

UFT CHAPTER LEADER: Antoine Bogard

PARENTS' ASSOCIATION PRESIDENT: Helena Clay

STUDENT REPRESENTATIVE:
(Required for high schools) _____

DISTRICT AND NETWORK INFORMATION

DISTRICT: 5 **CHILDREN FIRST NETWORK (CFN):** CLSO

NETWORK LEADER: Yvonne Young

SUPERINTENDENT: Gale Reeves

SECTION II: SCHOOL LEADERSHIP TEAM SIGNATURE PAGE

Directions: Each school is required to form a School Leadership Team (SLT) as per State Education Law Section 2590. SLT membership must include an equal number of parents and staff (students and CBO members are not counted when assessing this balance requirement), and ensure representation of all school constituencies. Chancellor’s Regulation A-655 requires a minimum of ten members on each team. Each SLT member should be listed separately in the left hand column on the chart below. Please specify any position held by a member on the team (e.g., SLT Chairperson, SLT Secretary) and the constituent group represented (e.g., parent, staff, student, or CBO). The signatures of SLT members on this page indicates their participation in the development of the Comprehensive Educational Plan and confirmation that required consultation has occurred in the aligning of funds to support educational programs (Refer to revised Chancellor’s Regulations A-655; available on the NYCDOE website at

<http://schools.nyc.gov/NR/rdonlyres/381F4607-7841-4D28-B7D5-0F30DDB77DFA/82007/A655FINAL1.pdf>).

Note: If for any reason an SLT member does not wish to sign this plan, he/she may attach a written explanation in lieu of his/her signature.

Name	Position and Constituent Group Represented	Signature
Renardo Wright	*Principal or Designee	
Dawn A. Anderson	*UFT Chapter Chairperson or Designee	
Helena Clay	*PA/PTA President or Designated Co-President	
Helena Clay	Title I Parent Representative <i>(suggested, for Title I schools)</i>	
Willie Mae Lewis	DC 37 Representative, if applicable	
N/A	Student Representative <i>(optional for elementary and middle schools; a minimum of two members required for high schools)</i>	
N/A	CBO Representative, if applicable	
	Member/UFT	
Rony Delerme	Member/UFT	
Antoine Bogard	Member/UFT Leader	
Cheryl Blue	Member/Parent	
Lisa Jones	Member/Parent	
Ebony Griffin	Member/Parent	
Stephanie Fields	Member/Parent	

(Add rows, as needed, to ensure all SLT members are listed.)

* Core (mandatory) SLT members.

SECTION III: SCHOOL PROFILE

Part A. Narrative Description

Directions: In no more than 500 words, provide contextual information about your school's community and its unique/important characteristics. Think of this as the kind of narrative description you would use in an admissions directory or an introductory letter to new parents. You may wish to include your school's vision/mission statement and a description of strategic collaborations/partnerships and/or special initiatives being implemented. You may copy and paste your narrative description from other current resources where this information is already available for your school (e.g., grant applications, High School Directory, etc.). Note: Demographic and accountability data for your school will be addressed in Part B of this section.

P.S. 197M is located at a Central Harlem crossroads with a wealth of resources around it: Children's Art Carnival, City College, Strivers Row, Mt. Morris Park, Studio Museum of Harlem, Central Park, Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture, Harlem Hospital Center, The Greater Harlem Nursing Home, North General Hospital, Langston Hughes House, the John Hendry Clarke House, Aaron Davis Hall, Alexander Hamilton's house, "Hamilton Grange", and the Adam Clayton Powell Jr. State Office Building, home to local, state and federal representatives. Many of these representatives live in the vicinity of our school and have visited our school to encourage our students to develop and make positive contributions on the 21st Century global stage. Our students see themselves as leaders in the new century. The above resources are tapped into as skills and project-based learning is extended into the community. The extension of project-based learning into the community has a global thrust as well.

Our P.S. 197M Mission Statement: To provide high quality instructionally enriched lessons for children in grades pre-K to five across the broad range of content area studies. To embrace the African Proverb "It takes the whole village to raise a child", we will work collaboratively with our students' families, the Region and the community to maximize effective teaching and learning. We will also provide a safe, friendly and professional environment that is conducive to learning and positive growth for the members of the community.

Our P.S. 197M Vision Statement: P.S. 197M's vision is to educate our students to become high achievers on a national as well as a global level. Our students will use their learned skills and knowledge to live and work collaboratively with citizens of their own community as well as citizens from culturally diverse backgrounds. Through these positive collaborative efforts, our students will be able to successfully promote and celebrate cultural diversity. Furthermore, our students will apply their skills to improve the world as well as humanity.

Our P.S.197M Philosophy: The education of children begins in the home and is continued through a partnership between parents, educators, and the community. We believe that all children are fully capable of achieving when provided with active learning experiences that challenge and build real-life connections.

We have successfully partnered with the following organizations, Harlem Children Zone, Play School, Carmel Hill, College For Every Student (CFES), and Touro College to support our efforts in improving student's achievements and supporting us in achieving our mission.

SECTION III – Cont’d

Part B. School Demographics and Accountability Snapshot (SDAS)

Directions: A pre-populated version of the School Demographics and Accountability Snapshot provided in template format below (Pages 6-9 of this section) is available for download on each school’s NYCDOE webpage under “Statistics.” Pre-populated SDAS data is updated twice yearly. Schools are encouraged to download the pre-populated version for insertion here in place of the blank format provided.

SCHOOL DEMOGRAPHICS AND ACCOUNTABILITY SNAPSHOT					
School Name:	P.S. 197M John B. Russwurm School				
District:	05	DBN #:	05M197	School BEDS Code:	05M197

DEMOGRAPHICS									
Grades Served in 2009-10:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-K	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> K	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6	<input type="checkbox"/> 7
	<input type="checkbox"/> 8	<input type="checkbox"/> 9	<input type="checkbox"/> 10	<input type="checkbox"/> 11	<input type="checkbox"/> 12	<input type="checkbox"/> Ungraded			
Enrollment:				Attendance: % of days students attended*					
(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	(As of June 30)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Pre-K	14	16	17		89.0	91.5	92.5		
Kindergarten	42	38	46						
Grade 1	65	42	44	Student Stability: % of Enrollment					
Grade 2	88	86	44	(As of June 30)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Grade 3	71	77	66		90.4	90.77	385		
Grade 4	83	70	68						
Grade 5	98	69	70	Poverty Rate: % of Enrollment					
Grade 6	0	0	0	(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Grade 7	0	0	0		88.2	90.4	90.2		
Grade 8	0	0	0						
Grade 9	0	0	0	Students in Temporary Housing: Total Number					
Grade 10	0	0	0	(As of June 30)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Grade 11	0	0	0		8	33	19		
Grade 12	0	0	0						
Ungraded	0	0	0	Recent Immigrants: Total Number					
				(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Total	461	398	355		4.0	5	7.0		
Special Education Enrollment:				Suspensions: (OSYD Reporting) – Total Number					
(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	(As of June 30)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10		
Number in Self-Contained Classes	69	58	56	Principal Suspensions	3	4	0		
No. in Collaborative Team Teaching (CTT) Classes	23	13	13	Superintendent Suspensions	4	7	4		
Number all others	36	34	35						
<i>These students are included in the enrollment information above.</i>									

DEMOGRAPHICS							
English Language Learners (ELL) Enrollment: (BESIS Survey)				Special High School Programs: Total Number (As of October 31)			
(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	
# in Trans. Bilingual Classes	0	0	0	CTE Program Participants	0	0	0
# in Dual Lang. Programs	0	0	0	Early College HS Participants	0	0	0
# receiving ESL services only	35	29	24	Number of Staff: Includes all full-time staff			
# ELLs with IEPs	0	3	7	(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
<i>These students are included in the General and Special Education enrollment information above.</i>				Number of Teachers	52	48	38
Overage Students: # entering students overage for grade				Number of Administrators and Other Professionals	14	16	14
(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	Number of Educational Paraprofessionals	5	6	15
	1	0	1				
				Teacher Qualifications:			
Ethnicity and Gender: % of Enrollment				(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	% fully licensed & permanently assigned to this school	100.0	100.0	37
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.4	0.2	3	Percent more than two years teaching in this school	73.1	79.2	34
Black or African American	71.4	69.0	222	Percent more than five years teaching anywhere	65.4	70.8	36
Hispanic or Latino	25.7	28.4	85				
Asian or Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Isl.	1.1	0.4	6	Percent Masters Degree or higher	83.0	85.0	100.0
White	1.4	1.6	8	Percent core classes taught by "highly qualified" teachers (NCLB/SED definition)	92.9	90.0	100.0
Multi-racial	0	0	2				
Male	54.9	54.9	171				
Female	45.1	45.1	151				

2009-10 TITLE I STATUS				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Title I School wide Program (SWP)		<input type="checkbox"/> Title I Targeted Assistance		<input type="checkbox"/> Non-Title I
Years the School Received Title I Part A Funding:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2006-07	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2007-08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2008-09	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2009-10

NCLB/SED SCHOOL-LEVEL ACCOUNTABILITY SUMMARY	
SURR School: Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	If yes, area(s) of SURR identification:
Designated as a Persistently Lowest-Achieving (PLA) School: Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

NCLB/SED SCHOOL-LEVEL ACCOUNTABILITY SUMMARY

Overall NCLB/SED Accountability Status (2009-10 Based on 2008-09 Performance): Good Standing

<u>Differentiated Accountability Phase (Check ✓)</u>		<u>Category (Check ✓)</u>		
		Basic	Focused	Comprehensive
In Good Standing (IGS)	✓			
Improvement (year 1)				
Improvement (year 2)				
Corrective Action (year 1)				
Corrective Action (year 2)				
Restructuring (year 1)				
Restructuring (year 2)				
Restructuring (Advanced)				

Individual Subject/Area Outcomes	Elementary/Middle Level (✓)		Secondary Level (✓)	
	ELA:	✓	ELA:	
	Math:	✓	Math:	
	Science:	✓	Grad. Rate:	

This school's Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) determinations for each accountability measure:

Student Groups	Elementary/Middle Level			Secondary Level			
	ELA	Math	Science	ELA	Math	Grad. Rate**	Progress Target
All Students	✓	✓	✓				
Ethnicity							
American Indian or Alaska Native	✓	✓	✓				
Black or African American	✓	✓	✓				
Hispanic or Latino	✓	✓	✓				
Asian or Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	✓	✓	✓				
White	✓	✓	✓				
Multiracial	✓	✓	✓				
Other Groups							
Students with Disabilities							
Limited English Proficient							
Economically Disadvantaged							
Student groups making AYP in each subject							

Key: AYP Status

✓	Made AYP	X	Did Not Make AYP	X*	Did Not Make AYP Due to Participation Rate Only
✓ ^{SH}	Made AYP Using Safe Harbor Target	-	Insufficient Number of Students to Determine AYP Status		

Note: NCLB/SED accountability reports are not available for District 75 schools.

*For Progress Report Attendance Rate(s) - If more than one attendance rate given, it is displayed as K-8/9-12.

**http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/nyc/APA/Memos/Graduation_rate_memo.pdf

CHILDREN FIRST ACCOUNTABILITY SUMMARY

Progress Report Results – 2008-09		Quality Review Results – 2008-09	
Overall Letter Grade	A	Overall Evaluation:	Proficient
Overall Score	91.6	Quality Statement Scores:	
Category Scores:		Quality Statement 1: Gather Data	Proficient
School Environment (Comprises 15% of the Overall Score)	9.1	Quality Statement 2: Plan and Set Goals	Proficient
School Performance (Comprises 25% of the Overall Score)	18.8	Quality Statement 3: Align Instructional Strategy to Goals	Proficient
Student Progress (Comprises 60% of the Overall Score)	56.2	Quality Statement 4: Align Capacity Building to Goals	Proficient
Additional Credit	7.5	Quality Statement 5: Monitor and Revise	Proficient
<i>Note: Progress Report grades are not yet available for District 75 schools.</i>			

SECTION IV: NEEDS ASSESSMENT

Directions: Conduct a comprehensive review of your school's educational program informed by the most current quantitative and qualitative data available regarding student performance trends and other indicators of progress. Include in your needs assessment an analysis of information available from New York State Education Department and New York City Department of Education accountability and assessment resources, i.e., School Report Cards, Progress Reports, Quality Review and Quality Review Self-Assessment documents, periodic assessments, ARIS, as well as results of Inquiry/Teacher Team action research, surveys, and school-based assessments. (Refer to your school's Demographics and Accountability Snapshot in Part B of Section III, and feel free to use any additional measures used by your school to determine the effectiveness of educational programs) It may also be useful to review your school's use of resources: last year's school budget, schedule, facility use, class size, etc.

After conducting your review, **summarize** in this section the major findings and implications of your school's strengths, accomplishments, and challenges. Consider the following questions:

- What student performance trends can you identify?
 - What have been the greatest accomplishments over the last couple of years?
 - What are the most significant aids or barriers to the school's continuous improvement?
-

Since 2002, our school has successfully met the requirements by the New York State Education Department for the designation of "Good Standing". In fact, this past school year, our students were able to meet and surpass our AMO in all three content areas;

	Effective AMO	Performance Index
English Language Arts	147	173
Math	127	192
Science	100	153

While our school was able to meet and surpass our AMO, we were unsuccessful at increasing the percentage of students performing at or above grade levels in English Language, Math, and Science in all three grades.

In 2008-2009, more than (63%) of our students performed at or above grade level in English Language Arts. The percentage for Math was even much higher (84%). However, this past school year fewer than (50%) of students performed at grade level in English Language Arts.

In the past, the increasing percentage of students performing at or above grade level was viewed as strength; it has now become a challenge. As a school, we must continue to provide challenging work and programs that will deepen and expand our students' knowledge and skills. In addition we must continue to provide instructional lessons that are aligned to the Common Core Standards as well as provide meaningful professional development for staff to maximize effective teaching and learning.

Since we know the importance of students reporting daily to school for rigorous instruction, we will continue to employ strategies that will sustain or surpass our current 91.5% attendance rate. Furthermore, all efforts will be utilized to encourage parent and community involvement at the school level. This will be evident in our parent outreach, our monthly School Leadership Team meetings, and continuous expansion with our current Community Based Organizations housed in P.S. 197.

SECTION V: ANNUAL SCHOOL GOALS

Directions: Based on the findings and implications from the comprehensive needs assessment (Section IV), determine your school’s instructional goals for 2010-11 and list them in this section along with a few phrases of description. The resulting list should include a limited number of goals (5 is a good guideline), and the list as a whole should be a clear reflection of your priorities for the year. Good goals should be SMART – Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, and Time-bound.

Notes: (1) In Section VI of this template, you will need to complete an “action plan” for each annual goal listed in this section. (2) Schools designated for improvement (Improvement, Corrective Action, Restructuring, SURR, Persistently Lowest-Achieving (PLA), or schools that received a C for two consecutive years, D, or F on the Progress Report) must identify a goal and complete an action plan related to improving student outcomes in the area(s) of improvement identification. (3) When developed, Principal’s Performance Review (PPR) goals should be aligned to the school’s annual goals described in this section.

<input type="checkbox"/> 1. Our first annual school goal is to continue to increase parental involvement at the school level by 15% by June 1, 2011.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1. parental involvement
<input type="checkbox"/> 2. Our second annual school goal is to increase the percentage of students performing at grade level by 55% in ELA and 60% in Mathematics in Grades 3-5 by June 1, 2011.	<input type="checkbox"/> 2. student achievement
<input type="checkbox"/> 3. Our third annual school goal is to continue to increase student attendance above 90% by June 1, 2011.	<input type="checkbox"/> 3. student attendance
<input type="checkbox"/> 4. Our fourth school goal is to continue to reduce initial Special Education referrals below the current 5% by June 1, 2011.	<input type="checkbox"/> 4. mainstreaming
<input type="checkbox"/> 5. Our fifth school goal is to provide Professional Development for Teaching Staff to learn the Common Core Standards by June 1, 2011.	<input type="checkbox"/> 5. Character Education
<input type="checkbox"/> 6. Our sixth school goal is to continue to reduce the number of lateness of our school.	<input type="checkbox"/>

SECTION VI: ACTION PLAN

Directions: The action plan should be used as a tool to support effective implementation and to evaluate progress toward meeting goals. Use the action plan template provided below to indicate key strategies and activities to be implemented for the 2010-11 school year to support accomplishment of each annual goal identified in Section V. The action plan template should be duplicated as necessary. **Reminder:** Schools designated for (Improvement, Corrective Action, Restructuring, SURR, PLA, or schools that received a C for two consecutive years, D, or F on the Progress Report) must identify a goal and complete an action plan related to improving student outcomes in the area(s) of improvement identification.

Subject/Area (where relevant): Parent Involvement

<p>Annual Goal <i>Goals should be SMART – Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, and Time-bound.</i></p>	<p>Our first annual school goal is to increase parental attendance, involvement and participation at the school level by 15% by June 1, 2011.</p>
<p>Action Plan <i>Include: actions/strategies/activities the school will implement to accomplish the goal; target population(s); responsible staff members; and implementation timelines.</i></p>	<p>Annual School Goal #1: To increase parental attendance by 15% during the 2010-2011 school year and to increase Dept. of Education Parent Survey above the current 28% by May 2011, we will take the following action: *Present proposal at the September SLT meeting*Collaboration between SLT, parent Coordinator and PTA to spearhead follow-up activities based upon results of survey*Monthly activities for parents initiated and implemented between November, 2010 and June 2011*Special Assembly Programs*Provide ARIS training for parents* Include parents/guardians on SLT * Invite parents to Open House *To assist parents with NYC Parent Survey*To provide learning workshops for parents of our ELL population.</p>
<p>Aligning Resources: Implications for Budget, Staffing/Training, and Schedule <i>Include human and fiscal resources, with specific reference to scheduled FY'11 PS and/or OTPS budget categories, that will support the actions/strategies/ activities described in this action plan.</i></p>	<p>Collaboration between SLT, PTA and Parent Coordinator to implement action plan.</p>
<p>Indicators of Interim Progress and/or Accomplishment <i>Include: interval (frequency) of periodic review; instrument(s) of measure; projected gains</i></p>	<p>Attendance sheets at various activities will indicate accomplishment. During second semester increase in parent questionnaires will indicate progress.</p>

REQUIRED APPENDICES TO THE CEP FOR 2010-2011

Directions: All schools must complete Appendices 1, 2, 3, & 7. All Title I schools must complete Appendix 4. All schools identified under NCLB or SED for School Improvement, including Improvement (year 1), Improvement (year 2), Corrective Action (CA) (year 1), Corrective Action (year 2), Restructuring (year 1), Restructuring (year 2), Restructuring (Advanced), and SURR, must complete Appendix 5. All Schools Under Registration Review (SURR) must also complete Appendix 6. **Please refer to the accompanying CEP guidance for specific CEP submission instructions and timelines.** (Important Notes: Last year's Appendix 7 – School-level Reflection and Response to System-wide Curriculum Audit Findings – has sunset as a requirement. Last year's Appendix 9 has been moved to Appendix 7 for 2010-2011. Appendix 8 will not be required for this year.)

APPENDIX 1: ACADEMIC INTERVENTION SERVICES (AIS) SUMMARY FORM – SED REQUIREMENT FOR ALL SCHOOLS

APPENDIX 2: PROGRAM DELIVERY FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS – NCLB/SED REQUIREMENT FOR ALL SCHOOLS

APPENDIX 3: LANGUAGE TRANSLATION AND INTERPRETATION – CHANCELLOR'S REGULATIONS FOR ALL SCHOOLS

APPENDIX 4: NCLB REQUIREMENT FOR ALL TITLE I SCHOOLS

APPENDIX 5: NCLB/SED REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOLS IDENTIFIED FOR IMPROVEMENT

APPENDIX 6: SED REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOLS UNDER REGISTRATION REVIEW (SURR)

**APPENDIX 7: TITLE I, PART A – SUPPORT FOR STUDENTS IN TEMPORARY HOUSING (STH) – REQUIREMENT
FOR ALL SCHOOLS**

**APPENDIX 8: CONTRACTS FOR EXCELLENCE (C4E) SCHOOL-BASED EXPENDITURES – SED REQUIREMENT FOR ALL
C4E-FUNDED SCHOOLS (NOTE: APPENDIX 8 WILL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR THIS YEAR)**

APPENDIX 1: ACADEMIC INTERVENTION SERVICES (AIS) SUMMARY FORM

New York State Education Department (SED) requirement for all schools

Part A. Directions: On the chart below, indicate the total number of students receiving Academic Intervention Services (AIS) in each area listed, for each applicable grade. AIS grade and subject requirements are as follows: K-3: reading and math; 4-12: reading, math, science, and social studies. Academic Intervention Services include **2 components**: additional instruction that supplements the general curriculum (regular classroom instruction); and/or student support services needed to address barriers to improved academic performance such as services provided by a guidance counselor or social worker. Note: Refer to the District Comprehensive Educational Plan (DCEP) for a description of district procedures for providing AIS.

Grade	ELA	Mathematics	Science	Social Studies	At-risk Services: Guidance Counselor	At-risk Services: School Psychologist	At-risk Services: Social Worker	At-risk Health-related Services
	# of Students Receiving AIS	# of Students Receiving AIS	# of Students Receiving AIS	# of Students Receiving AIS				
K	61	0	N/A	N/A	13	N/A	4	0
1	48	44	N/A	N/A	15	N/A	9	0
2	25	18	N/A	N/A	26	2	4	0
3	25	25	N/A	N/A	13	3	12	2
4	40	22			28	4	17	1
5	30	11			18	3	4	1
6	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
9	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
10	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
12	N/A	N/A			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Identified groups of students who have been targeted for AIS, and the established criteria for identification:

- Students in Grades K – 3 who are considered at-risk for not meeting State standards as determined by their performance on ECLAS 2 or other identified assessments, or who have been identified as potential holdovers.
- Students in Grades 4 – 8 who are performing at Level 1 or Level 2 on New York State English language arts (ELA), mathematics, science, and social studies assessments.
- Students in Grade 9 who performed at Level 1 or Level 2 on NYS Grade 8 ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies assessments.
- Students in Grades 10 – 12 who scored below the approved passing grade on any Regents examination required for graduation in English language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies.

Part B. Description of Academic Intervention Services

Name of Academic Intervention Services (AIS)	Description: Provide a brief description of each of the Academic Intervention Services (AIS) indicated in column one, including the type of program or strategy (e.g., Wilson, Great Leaps, etc.), method for delivery of service (e.g., small group, one-to-one, tutoring, etc.), and when the service is provided (i.e., during the school day, before or after school, Saturday, etc.).
ELA:	Wilson Reading Program, Accelerated Reader, Push- In Services, Pull- Out Services Saturday Academy, After-School Programs: Play School, Harlem Children Zone, and Small group instruction/ during the school day to increase skill acquisition.
Mathematics:	Math Coach: Small group instruction/during the school day increases skill acquisition.
Science:	Grade 4: Science skill-building intervention/during the school day. Grade 5: Science skill-building intervention/during the school day.
Social Studies:	K-5 push-in/pull-out: small group instruction/skill-building interventions/during the school day.
At-risk Services Provided by the Guidance Counselor:	Crisis Intervention, Group Guidance, Individual Guidance, Peer Contact and Referrals.
At-risk Services Provided by the School Psychologist:	Counseling and Crisis - Intervention
At-risk Services Provided by the Social Worker:	Any problems or concerns are addressed that the students may have which include but not limited to, conflict resolution, academic activities to enhance social skills. Teacher and Parent concerns are also addressed. During individual sessions, students discuss any concerns they may have.
At-risk Health-related Services:	

APPENDIX 2: PROGRAM DELIVERY FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS (ELLs)

NCLB/SED requirement for all schools

Part A: Language Allocation Policy (LAP) – Attach a copy of your school’s current year (2010-2011) Language Allocation Policy to this CEP.

Part B: Title III: Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient and Immigrant Students – School Year 2010-2011

Directions: In anticipation of the allocation of Title III funding to your school for 2010-11 at the same funding level as 2009-10, indicate below whether there will be any revisions for 2010-11 to your school’s approved 2009-10 Title III program narrative and budget. Note: Only revised Title III plans will be reviewed this year for DOE and SED approval.

- There will be no revisions to our school’s approved 2009-10 Title III program narrative and budget (described in this section) for implementation in 2010-11 (pending allocation of Title III funding).
- We have made minor revisions to our school’s approved 2009-10 Title III program narrative for 2010-11 (pending allocation of Title III funding). The revised Title III program narrative is described in Section II below.
- We have made minor revisions to our school’s approved 2009-10 Title III budget for 2010-11 (pending allocation of Title III funding). The revised Title III budget is described in Section III below.
- Our school’s 2009-10 Title III program narrative and budget have been revised for 2010-11 (pending allocation of Title III funding). The new Title III plan is described in Sections’ II and III below.

Section I. Student and School Information

Grade Level(s) K-5 Number of Students to be Served: 31 LEP 322 Non-LEP

Number of Teachers 01 Other Staff (Specify) _____

School Building Instructional Program/Professional Development Overview

Section II. Title III, Part A LEP Program Narrative

Language Instruction Program – Language instruction education programs funded under Title III, Part A, of NCLB, must help LEP students attain English proficiency while meeting State academic achievement standards. They may use both English and the student’s native language and may include the participation of English proficient students (i.e., Two Way Bilingual Education/Dual Language program.) Programs implemented under Title III, Part A, may not supplant programs required under CR Part 154. In the space provided below, describe the school’s language instruction program for limited English proficient (LEP) students. The description must include: type of program/activities; number of students to be served;

grade level(s); language(s) of instruction; rationale for the selection of program/activities; times per day/week; program duration; and service provider and qualifications.

Professional Development Program – Describe the school’s professional development program for teachers and other staff responsible for the delivery of instruction and services to limited English proficient students.

Section III. Title III Budget

School: P.S. 197M

BEDS Code: 310500010197

Allocation Amount:		
Budget Category	Budgeted Amount	Explanation of expenditures in this category as it relates to the program narrative for this title.
Professional salaries (schools must account for fringe benefits) - Per session - Per diem	(e.g., \$9,978)	(Example: 200 hours of per session for ESL and General Ed teacher to support ELL Students: 200 hours x \$49.89 (current teacher per session rate with fringe) = \$9,978.00)
Purchased services - High quality staff and curriculum development contracts.	(e.g., \$5,000)	(Example: Consultant, Dr. John Doe, working with teachers and administrators 2 days a week on development of curriculum enhancements)
Supplies and materials - Must be supplemental. - Additional curricula, instructional materials. Must be clearly listed.	(e.g., \$500)	(Example: 1 Books on Tape, Cassette Recorders, Headphones, Book Bins, Leveled Books)
Educational Software (Object Code 199)	(e.g., \$2,000)	(Example: 2 Rosetta Stone language development software packages for after-school program)
Travel		
Other		
TOTAL		

APPENDIX 3: LANGUAGE TRANSLATION AND INTERPRETATION

Requirement under Chancellor's Regulations – for all schools

Goal: To communicate whenever feasible with non-English speaking parents in their home language in order to support shared parent-school accountability, parent access to information about their children's educational options, and parents' capacity to improve their children's achievement.

Part A: Needs Assessment Findings

1. Describe the data and methodologies used to assess your school's written translation and oral interpretation needs to ensure that all parents are provided with appropriate and timely information in a language they can understand.

The school uses multilingual staff to provide written translation and oral interpretation to ensure that all parents are provided with appropriate and timely information in a language they can understand. Should the need arise; our school will utilize the translation services of the Central Office of the NYC Department of Education.

2. Summarize the major findings of your school's written translation and oral interpretation needs. Describe how the findings were reported to the school community.

At this time, we are utilizing staff to provide oral and written translation in Spanish and French on an as-needed basis. Most of our parents have an understanding of English. In addition, we will continue to be vigilant in monitoring our parents for their communication needs and assisting them on an as-needed basis.

Part B: Strategies and Activities

1. Describe the written translation services the school will provide, and how they will meet identified needs indicated in Part A. Include procedures to ensure timely provision of translated documents to parents determined to be in need of language assistance services. Indicate whether written translation services will be provided by an outside vendor, or in-house by school staff or parent volunteers.

Written translation services are currently provided in-house by school staff proficient in Spanish or French when needed. This is generally followed up with oral translation at face-to-face meetings. The Home Language Identification Survey, The ELL Parent

Brochure, Parent Survey and Program Selection Form, Parent Notifications, Entitlement Letter, Continued Entitlement Letter, Non-Entitlement Letter, Placement Letter, Transition Letter and Title III Letter are currently available in Spanish and English, and are also downloadable from <http://schools.nyc.gov/Academics/ELL/EducatorResources/Parent+Information.htm> in French, Arabic and any other language we may need to utilize to service our families and students.

2. Describe the oral interpretation services the school will provide, and how they will meet identified needs indicated in Part A. Indicate whether oral interpretation services will be provided by an outside contractor, or in-house by school staff or parent volunteers.

Oral interpretation services will be provided in-house by school staff or parent volunteers bi-lingual in Spanish and French; (Spanish for students and their families coming from Mexico, Puerto Rico, Dominican Republic and Central America) and (French for students and their families coming from the West African countries). Currently, older students translate from English into Arabic for non-English or French-speaking parents of students from Yemen in the Middle East. Our Arabic-speaking parents also bring someone with them who is fluent in Arabic and English. Many of the males in the Arabic families are also conversant in English since they have shops in our community. Most of the maternal caregivers also speak English in our community. Should the need arise; we will contact the Central Office of the NYC Department of Education for oral/and/or written translation services.

3. Describe how the school will fulfill Section VII of Chancellor's Regulations A-663 regarding parental notification requirements for translation and interpretation services. Note: The full text of Chancellor's Regulations A-663 (Translations) is available via the following link: <http://docs.nycenet.edu/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-151/A-663%20Translation%203-27-06%20.pdf>.

Our school will adhere to parental notification requirements and make oral and written translation services available to our parents and caregivers. We will utilize in-house staff and downloaded materials from the Dept. of Education website. Should the need arise; we will definitely request translation services from the Central Office of the NYC Dept. of Education.

APPENDIX 4: NCLB REQUIREMENTS FOR TITLE I SCHOOLS

All Title I schools must complete this appendix.

Directions:

- All Title I schools must address requirements in Part A and Part B of this appendix.
- Title I Schoolwide Program (SWP) schools must complete Part C of this appendix.
- Title I Targeted Assistance (TAS) schools must complete Part D of this appendix.

Part A: TITLE I ALLOCATIONS AND SET-ASIDES

	Title I Basic	Title I ARRA	Total
1. Enter the anticipated Title I, Part A allocation for 2010-11:	292,789	49,280	342,069.00
2. Enter the anticipated 1% set-aside for Parent Involvement:	2,927.00	492.80	3,419.80
3. Enter the anticipated 5% set-aside to insure that all teachers in core subject areas are highly qualified:	14,639.45	*	
4. Enter the anticipated 10% set-aside for Professional Development:	29,278.90	*	

5. Enter the percentage of High-Quality Teachers teaching in core academic subjects during the 2009-2010 school year: ___100%___
6. If the percentage of high quality teachers during 2008-2009 is less than 100% describe activities and strategies the school is implementing in order to insure that the school will have 100% high quality teachers by the end of the coming school year.

* Federal waiver granted; additional set-asides for Title I ARRA are not required for these areas.

Part B: TITLE I SCHOOL PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT POLICY & SCHOOL-PARENT COMPACT

Directions: Attach a copy of the school's **Parent Involvement Policy (PIP)**, which includes the **School-Parent Compact**.

Explanation – School Parental Involvement Policy: In support of strengthening student academic achievement, each school that receives Title I, Part A funds must develop jointly with, agree on with, and distribute to, parents of participating children a written parental involvement policy that contains information required by section 1118(a)(2) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). The policy establishes the school's expectations for parental involvement and describes how the school will implement a number of specific parental involvement activities, including the required **Title I Annual Parent meeting**. A sample template was created by the Office of School Improvement in

collaboration with the New York State Education Department and Office for Family Engagement and Advocacy and is available in the nine major languages on the NYCDOE website. It is **strongly recommended** that schools, in consultation with parents, use the sample template as a framework for the information to be included in their parental involvement policy. Schools, in consultation with parents, are encouraged to include other relevant and agreed upon activities and actions as well that will support effective parental involvement and strengthen student academic achievement. The school parent involvement policy must be provided to all parents and disseminated in the major languages spoken by the majority of parents in the school.

Explanation – School-Parent Compact: Each school receiving funds under Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) must develop a written school-parent compact jointly with parents for all children participating in Title I, Part A activities, services, and programs. That compact is part of the school’s written parental involvement policy developed by the school and parents under section 1118(b) of the ESEA. The compact must outline how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement and the means by which the school and parents will build and develop a partnership to help children achieve the State’s high standards. It is **strongly recommended** that schools and parents use the sample template which is available in the nine major languages on the NYCDOE website as a framework for the information to be included in the compact. Schools and parents, in consultation with students, are encouraged to include other relevant and agreed upon activities and actions as well that will support effective parental involvement and strengthen student academic achievement. The school-parent compact must be provided to all parents and disseminated in the major languages spoken by the majority of parents in the school.

Part C: TITLE I SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAM SCHOOLS

Section I: Schoolwide Program (SWP) Required Components

Directions: Describe how the school will implement the following components of a Schoolwide Program as required under NCLB. **Note:** If a required component is already addressed elsewhere in this plan, you may refer to the page numbers where the response can be found.

1. A comprehensive needs assessment of the entire school that is based on information on the performance of children in relation to the State academic content and student academic achievement standards. **See page 15.**

2. Schoolwide reform strategies that:
 - a) Provide opportunities for all children to meet the State's proficient and advanced levels of student academic achievement.
 - **Extended day programming**
 - **After-School programming**
 - **Saturday School**
 - **Push-In Services**
 - **Pull-out Services**
 - **Enrichment Activities**

- b) Use effective methods and instructional strategies that are based on scientifically-based research that:
- Increase the amount and quality of learning time, such as extended school year, before- and after-school and summer programs and opportunities.
 - **Collaboration with Playschool and Harlem Children’s Zone to coordinate after-school instructional programming**
 - **Extended Day**
 - **Saturday School**
 - **Summer School**
 - **Enrichment Activities during the school year**
-
- Help provide an enriched and accelerated curriculum.
 - Meet the educational needs of historically underserved populations.
 - Address the needs of all children in the school, but particularly the needs of low academic achieving children and those at risk of not meeting the State academic content standards and are members of the target population of any program that is included in the School wide Program. These programs may include counseling, pupil services, mentoring services, college and career awareness/preparation, and the integration of vocational and technical education programs.
 - Are consistent with and are designed to implement State and local improvement, if any.
-
3. Instruction by highly qualified staff.

 4. High-quality and ongoing professional development for teachers, principals, and paraprofessionals (and, where appropriate, pupil services personnel, parents, and other staff) to enable all children in the Schoolwide Program to meet the State’s student academic standards.

 5. Strategies to attract high-quality highly qualified teachers to high-need schools.

 6. Strategies to increase parental involvement through means such as family literacy services.

 7. Plans for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood programs, such as Head Start, Even Start, Early Reading First, or a State-run preschool program, to local elementary school programs.

 8. Measures to include teachers in the decisions regarding the use of academic assessments in order to provide information on, and to improve, the achievement of individual students and the overall instructional program.

9. Activities to ensure that students who experience difficulty mastering the proficient or advanced levels of the academic achievement standards are provided with effective, timely additional assistance. The additional assistance must include measures to ensure that students' difficulties are identified on a timely basis and to provide sufficient information on which to base effective assistance.
10. Coordination and integration of Federal, State, and local services and programs, including programs supported under NCLB, i.e., violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start, adult education, vocational and technical education, and job training.

Section II: "Conceptual" Consolidation of Funds in a Title I Schoolwide Program (SWP)

Explanation/Background:

Title I Schoolwide Program schools are expected to use the flexibility available to them to integrate services and programs with the aim of upgrading the entire educational program and helping all students reach proficient and advanced levels of achievement. In addition to coordinating and integrating services, Schoolwide Program schools may combine most Federal, State and local funds to provide those services. By consolidating funds from Federal, State, and local sources, a Schoolwide Program school can address its needs using *all* of the resources available to it. This gives a school more flexibility in how it uses available resources to meet the identified needs of its students.

Consolidating funds in a Schoolwide Program means that a school treats the funds it is consolidating like they are a single "pool" of funds. In other words, the funds from the contributing programs in the school lose their individual identity and the school has one flexible pool of funds. The school uses funds from this consolidated Schoolwide pool to support any activity of the Schoolwide Program without regard to which program contributed the specific funds used for a particular activity. To consolidate funding in a Schoolwide Program, the school does not literally need to combine funds in a single account or pool with its own accounting code. Rather, the word "pool" is used **conceptually** to convey that a Schoolwide Program school has the use of all consolidated funds available to it for the dedicated function of operating a Schoolwide Program without regard to the identity of those funds.

Consolidating Federal funds in a Schoolwide Program has the following additional advantages:

- Consolidating Federal funds eases the requirements for accounting for funds from each specific program separately, because a Schoolwide school is not required to distinguish among funds received from different sources when accounting for their use.

- A school that consolidates Federal funds in its Schoolwide Program is not required to meet most of the statutory and regulatory requirements of the specific Federal programs included in the consolidation (e.g., semi-annual time and effort reporting for Title I). However, the school must ensure that it meets the intent and purposes of the Federal programs included in the consolidation so that the needs of the intended beneficiaries are met.

Most, if not all, Schoolwide Program (SWP) schools in NYC are already conceptually consolidating their Federal, State, and Local funds, even though the Galaxy system reports the allocations in separate accounting codes.

To be eligible for the flexibility consolidation of Federal funds enables, a Schoolwide Program school must identify in its Schoolwide plan (CEP) which programs are included in its consolidation and the amount each program contributes to the consolidated Schoolwide pool. Additionally, the school plan must document that it has met the intent and purposes of each program whose funds are consolidated. For example, IDEA, Part B allows SWP schools to consolidate a portion of the funds received under Part B of IDEA, so long as students with disabilities included in such Schoolwide Programs receive special education and related services in accordance with a properly developed Individualized Education Program (IEP), and are afforded all of the rights and services guaranteed to children with disabilities under IDEA. The intent and purpose of the IDEA is to ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education designed to meet their individual needs. A Schoolwide Program may demonstrate that it meets the intent and purpose of this program by ensuring that, except as to certain use of funds requirements, all the requirements of the IDEA are met, and that children with disabilities are included in school-wide activities. High-quality professional development required for all staff and designed to result in improved learning outcomes for all children, including children with disabilities, is one example of a schoolwide activity that meets the intent and purposes of the IDEA.

Directions: In this section, please indicate which Federal, State, and/or local Tax Levy program funds are consolidated in your school’s Schoolwide Program, the amount each program contributes to the consolidated Schoolwide pool, and verification that the school has met the intent and purposes of each program whose funds are consolidated.

Program Name	Fund Source <i>(i.e., Federal, State,</i>	Program Funds Are “Conceptually” ¹ Consolidated	Amount Contributed to Schoolwide Pool	Check (✓) in the left column below to verify that the school has met the intent and purposes ² of
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Reminder: To consolidate funding in a Schoolwide Program, the school does not literally need to combine funds in a single account or pool with its own accounting code. Rather, the word “pool” is used conceptually to convey that a Schoolwide Program school has the use of all consolidated funds available to it for the dedicated function of operating a Schoolwide Program without regard to the identity of those funds. Most Schoolwide Program (SWP) schools in NYC are conceptually consolidating all of their Federal, State, and Local funds, even though the Galaxy system reports the allocations in separate accounting codes.

Note: The intent and purposes of the Federal programs indicated on the above chart are as follows:

- **Title I, Part A – Schoolwide Programs:** To upgrade the entire educational program in the school in order to improve the academic achievement of all students, particularly the lowest-achieving students.
- **Title II, Part A:** Supplementary funding to improve student academic achievement by reducing class size in grades K, 1, 2, and 3, with an emphasis on grades with average register greater than 20. If space is not available to form additional classes, funds may support push-in teacher(s) to supplement the instructional program.
- **Title III, Part A:** To help ensure that children with limited English proficiency become proficient in English, develop high academic attainment in English, and meet the same challenging State academic content and achievement standards in the core academic subjects that all other children are expected to meet. Another purpose of this program
- is to increase the capacity of schools to establish, implement and sustain high-quality language instruction programs and English language development programs that assist schools in effectively teaching students with limited English proficiency. Title III, Part A is also designed to promote the participation of parents and communities of limited English proficient children in English language instruction programs.
- **Title IV:** To support programs that prevent violence in and around schools; prevent the illegal use of alcohol, tobacco and drugs; and involve parents and communities in efforts to foster a safe and drug-free learning environment that supports student achievement.

	or Local)	in the Schoolwide Program (✓)			(Refer to Galaxy for FY'11 school allocation amounts)	each program whose funds are consolidated. Indicate page number references where a related program activity has been described in this plan.	
		Yes	No	N/A		Check (✓)	Page #(s)
Title I, Part A (Basic)	Federal	√					
Title I, Part A (ARRA)	Federal	√					
Title II, Part A	Federal	√					
Title III, Part A	Federal	√					
Title IV	Federal	√					
IDEA	Federal	√					
Tax Levy	Local	√					

Part D: TITLE I TARGETED ASSISTANCE SCHOOLS

Directions: Describe how the school will implement the following components of a Title I Targeted Assistance Program as required under NCLB. Note: If a required component is already addressed elsewhere in this plan, you may refer to the page numbers where the response can be found.

1. Use program resources to help participating children meet the State standards.
2. Ensure that planning for students served under this program is incorporated into existing school planning.
3. Use effective methods and instructional strategies that are based on scientifically based research that strengthens the core academic program of the school and that:
 - a. Give primary consideration to providing extended learning time, such as, extended school year, before/after school, and summer programs and opportunities;
 - b. Help provide an accelerated, high –quality curriculum, including applied learning; and
 - c. Minimize removing children from the regular classroom during regular school hours;
4. Coordinate with and support the regular educational program;
5. Provide instruction by highly qualified teachers;

– IDEA: To ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education designed to meet their individual needs.

6. Provide professional development opportunities for teachers, principals and paraprofessionals, including, if appropriate, pupil services personnel, parents, and other staff;
7. Provide strategies to increase parental involvement; and
8. Coordinate and integrate Federal, State and local services and programs.

APPENDIX 5: NCLB/SED REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOLS IDENTIFIED FOR IMPROVEMENT, CORRECTIVE ACTION, OR RESTRUCTURING

This appendix must be completed by all schools designated for school improvement under the State's Differentiated Accountability system, including Improvement (year 1), Improvement (year 2), Corrective Action (CA) (year 1), Corrective Action (year 2), Restructuring (year 1), Restructuring (year 2), Restructuring (Advanced), and SURR schools.

NCLB/SED Status: N/A **SURR³ Phase/Group (If applicable):** N/A

Part A: For All Schools Identified for Improvement, Corrective Action, or Restructuring

1. For each area of school improvement identification (indicated on your pre-populated School Demographics and Accountability Snapshot, downloadable from your school's NYCDOE webpage under "Statistics"), describe the school's findings of the specific academic issues that caused the school to be identified. For schools in Corrective Action (year 1) that underwent an External School Curriculum Audit (ESCA) during the 2009-10 school year, please include the findings from that process in your response for this section.
2. Describe the focused intervention(s) the school will implement to support improved achievement in the grade and subject areas for which the school was identified. Be sure to include strategies to address the needs of all disaggregated groups that failed to meet the AMO, Safe Harbor, and/or 95% participation rate requirement. Note: If this question was already addressed elsewhere in this plan, you may refer to the page numbers where the response can be found. For schools in the Corrective Action phase, please include the specific corrective action being implemented for the school, as required under NCLB. For schools in the Restructuring phase, please include a description of the restructuring option/strategies being implemented for the school.

Part B: For Title I Schools Identified for Improvement, Corrective Action, or Restructuring

1. As required by NCLB legislation, a school identified for school improvement must spend not less than 10 percent of its Title I funds for each fiscal year that the school is in school improvement status for professional development. The professional development must be high quality and address the academic area(s) identified. Describe how the 10 percent of the Title I funds for professional development (amounts specified in Part A of Appendix 4) will be used to remove the school from school improvement.
2. Describe the teacher-mentoring program that will be incorporated as part of the school's strategy for providing high-quality professional development.
3. Describe how the school will notify parents about the school's identification for school improvement in an understandable and uniform format and to the extent practicable, in a language that the parents can understand.

School Under Registration Review (SURR)

APPENDIX 6: SED REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOLS UNDER REGISTRATION REVIEW (SURR)

All SURR schools must complete this appendix.

SURR Area(s) of Identification: N/A

SURR Group/Phase: N/A **Year of Identification:** N/A **Deadline Year:** N/A

Part A: SURR Review Team Recommendations – On the chart below, indicate the categorized recommendations for improvement resulting from the SED Registration Review Visit/Report and all external review and monitoring visits since the school was first identified as a SURR. Indicate the specific actions the school has taken, or will take, to address each of the recommendations.

Type of Review or Monitoring Visit (Include agency & dates of visits)	Review Team Categorized Recommendations (e.g., Administrative Leadership, Professional Development, Special Education, etc.)	Actions the school has taken, or plans to take, to address review team recommendations

APPENDIX 7: TITLE I, PART A – SUPPORT FOR STUDENTS IN TEMPORARY HOUSING (STH)

All schools must complete this appendix.

Directions:

- All Title I schools must complete Part A of this appendix.
- All Non-Title I schools must complete Part B of this appendix.

Supporting Students in Temporary Housing (STH)

As included in your Office of School and Youth Development Consolidated Plan STH Section and in accordance with the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act and Chancellor's Regulation A-780, schools must identify, serve, and report on students living in temporary housing (STH). For more information on using Title I set-aside funds to support your STH population, please refer to the Frequently Asked Questions document on DOE's website: <http://schools.nyc.gov/NR/rdonlyres/9831364D-E542-4763-BC2F-7D424EBD5C83/58877/TitleIPartASetAsideforStudentsinTemporaryHousing.pdf>

Part A: FOR TITLE I SCHOOLS

1. Please identify the number of Students in Temporary Housing who are currently attending your school. (Please note that your current STH population may not be the same as officially reported in DOE systems and may change over the course of the year.) 17 Students.
2. Please describe the services you are planning to provide to the STH population.

Our students who are currently residing in Temporary Housing, we include in all classroom and school wide programs.

Part B: FOR NON-TITLE I SCHOOLS

1. Please identify the number of Students in Temporary Housing who are currently attending your school (please note that your STH population may change over the course of the year).
2. Please describe the services you are planning to provide to the STH population with the Title I set-aside funds.
3. Some Non-Title I schools receive a specific allocation based on the reported number of students living in temporary housing. If your school received an allocation (please refer to the current Title I Funds Summary of School Allocation Memorandum), include the amount your school received in this question. If your school did not receive an allocation and needs assistance in identifying resources to assist STH students, please contact an STH liaison in your Children First Network.

APPENDIX 8: CONTRACTS FOR EXCELLENCE (C4E) SCHOOL-BASED EXPENDITURES

This appendix will not be required for 2010-2011.

Please Note: Since the system-wide expectation is that schools will maintain effort for 2008-09/2009-10 programs funded with Contract for Excellence dollars in 2010-11, schools will not be required to complete a new version of CEP Appendix 8 this year. Please see the FY11 SAM #6 "Contracts for Excellence Discretionary Allocations" for details about other documentation that schools may be required to complete in conjunction with the spending of their C4E dollars.

(THIS SECTION WAS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK FOR 2010-11)

SCHOOL DEMOGRAPHICS AND ACCOUNTABILITY SNAPSHOT

School Name:	P.S. 197 John B. Russwurm					
District:	5	DBN:	05M197	School		310500010197

DEMOGRAPHICS

Grades Served:	Pre-K	v	3	v	7	11		
	K	v	4	v	8	12		
	1	v	5	v	9	Ungraded	v	
	2	v	6		10			

Enrollment				Attendance - % of days students attended:			
<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	<i>(As of June 30)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Pre-K	16	16	18		89.0	91.5	91.1
Kindergarten	38	50	53				
Grade 1	42	41	63	Student Stability - % of Enrollment:			
Grade 2	86	48	53	<i>(As of June 30)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Grade 3	77	70	50		90.4	90.8	86.1
Grade 4	70	73	74				
Grade 5	69	70	63	Poverty Rate - % of Enrollment:			
Grade 6	91	0	0	<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
Grade 7	0	0	0		70.5	88.2	79.3
Grade 8	0	0	0				
Grade 9	0	0	0	Students in Temporary Housing - Total Number:			
Grade 10	0	0	0	<i>(As of June 30)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Grade 11	0	0	0		8	33	45
Grade 12	0	0	0				
Ungraded	1	2	1	Recent Immigrants - Total Number:			
Total	490	370	375	<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
					4	5	0

Special Education				Suspensions (OSYD Reporting) - Total Number:			
<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	<i>(As of June 30)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
# in Self-Contained Classes	58	53	44	Principal Suspensions	4	1	1
# in Collaborative Team Teaching (CTT) Classes	13	9	16	Superintendent Suspensions	7	6	4
Number all others	28	23	22				

These students are included in the enrollment information above.

Special High School Programs - Total Number:			
<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
CTE Program Participants	0	0	0
Early College HS Program Participants	0	0	0

English Language Learners (ELL) Enrollment: (BESIS Survey)				Number of Staff - Includes all full-time staff:			
<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
# in Transitional Bilingual Classes	0	0	TBD	Number of Teachers	52	48	39
# in Dual Lang. Programs	0	0	TBD	Number of Administrators and Other Professionals	14	16	8
# receiving ESL services only	29	30	TBD				
# ELLs with IEPs	3	10	TBD				

These students are included in the General and Special Education enrollment information above.

<i>(As of October 31)</i>	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Number of Educational Paraprofessionals	5	6	14

Overage Students (# entering students overage for				Teacher Qualifications:			
(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	(As of October 31)	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
	1	0	0	% fully licensed & permanently assigned to this school	100.0	100.0	97.0
				% more than 2 years teaching in this school	73.1	79.2	94.9
				% more than 5 years teaching anywhere	65.4	70.8	92.3
Ethnicity and Gender - % of Enrollment:							
(As of October 31)	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	% Masters Degree or higher	83.0	85.0	89.7
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.2	1.4	1.3	% core classes taught by "highly qualified" teachers	92.9	90.0	97.6
Black or African American	69.0	65.9	66.9				
Hispanic or Latino	28.4	27.6	28.3				
Asian or Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific	0.4	1.6	0.5				
White	1.6	2.4	2.9				
Male	54.9	57.0	54.7				
Female	45.1	43.0	45.3				

2009-10 TITLE I STATUS

v	Title I						
	Title I						
	Non-Title						
Years the School				2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
				v	v	v	v

NCLB/SED SCHOOL-LEVEL ACCOUNTABILITY SUMMARY

SURR School (Yes/No)		If yes,					
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Overall NCLB/Differentiated Accountability Status (2009-10) Based on 2008-09 Performance:

	Phase		Category			
	In Good		v	Basic	Focused	Comprehensive
	Improvement Year 1					
	Improvement Year 2					
	Corrective Action (CA) – Year					
	Corrective Action (CA) – Year					
	Restructuring Year 1					
	Restructuring Year 2					
	Restructuring Advanced					

Individual Subject/Area AYP Outcomes:

<u>Elementary/Middle Level</u>		<u>Secondary Level</u>
ELA:	v	ELA:
Math:	v	Math:
Science:	v	Graduation Rate:

This school's Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) determinations for each accountability measure:

	<u>Elementary/Middle Level</u>			<u>Secondary Level</u>			
Student Groups	ELA	Math	Science	ELA	Math	Grad Rate**	Progress Target
All Students	v	v	v				
Ethnicity							

American Indian or Alaska Native							
Black or African American	v	v					
Hispanic or Latino	v	v	-				
Asian or Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	-	-	-				
White	-	-	-				
Multiracial	-	-					
Students with Disabilities	v	v	-				
Limited English Proficient	-	-	-				
Economically Disadvantaged	v	v					
Student groups making	5	5	1				

CHILDREN FIRST ACCOUNTABILITY SUMMARY

Progress Report Results – 2009-10		Quality Review Results – 2009-10					
Overall Letter Grade:	B	Overall Evaluation:				P	
Overall Score:	56.6	Quality Statement Scores:					
Category Scores:		Quality Statement 1: Gather Data				P	
School Environment:	9.5	Quality Statement 2: Plan and Set Goals				P	
<i>(Comprises 15% of the</i>		Quality Statement 3: Align Instructional Strategy to Goals				P	
School Performance:	8.2	Quality Statement 4: Align Capacity Building to Goals				P	
<i>(Comprises 25% of the</i>		Quality Statement 5: Monitor and Revise				P	
Student Progress:	33.1						
<i>(Comprises 60% of the</i>							
Additional Credit:	5.8						

KEY: AYP STATUS		KEY: QUALITY REVIEW SCORE					
v = Made AYP		U = Underdeveloped					
vSH = Made AYP Using Safe Harbor Target		UPF = Underdeveloped with Proficient Features					
X = Did Not Make AYP		P = Proficient					
– = Insufficient Number of Students to Determine AYP		WD = Well Developed					
		NR = Not Reviewed					

* = For Progress Report Attendance Rate(s) - If more than one attendance rate given, it is displayed as K-8/9-12.
Note: Progress Report grades are not yet available for District 75 schools; NCLB/SED accountability reports are not available for District 75 schools.

**http://www.emsc.nysed.gov/nyc/APA/Memos/Graduation_rate_memo.pdf

Title I Parent Involvement Policy and Parent-School Compact for PS197

Section I: Title I Parent Involvement Policy

Educational research shows a positive correlation between effective parental involvement and student achievement. The overall aim of this policy is to develop a parent involvement program that will ensure effective involvement of parents and community in our school. Therefore PS 197 [*in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act*], is responsible for creating and implementing a parent involvement policy to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between our school and the families. 's policy is designed to keep parents informed by actively involving them in planning and decision-making in support of the education of their children. Parents are encouraged to actively participate on the School Leadership Team, Parent Association, and Title I Parent Advisory Council, as trained volunteers and welcomed members of our school community. PS 197 will support parents and families of Title I students by:

1. providing materials and training to help parents work with their children to improve their achievement level (e.g., literacy, math and use of technology);
2. providing parents with the information and training needed to effectively become involved in planning and decision making in support of the education of their children;
3. fostering a caring and effective home-school partnership to ensure that parents can effectively support and monitor their child's progress;
4. providing assistance to parents in understanding City, State and Federal standards and assessments;
5. sharing information about school and parent related programs, meetings and other activities in a format, and in languages that parents can understand
6. providing professional development opportunities for school staff with the assistance of parents to improve outreach, communication skills and cultural competency in order to build stronger ties between parents and other members of our school community;

PS 197's Parent Involvement Policy was designed based upon a careful assessment of the needs of all parents/guardians, including parents/guardians of English Language Learners

and students with disabilities. Our school community will conduct an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of this parent involvement policy with Title I parents to improve the academic quality of our school. The findings of the evaluation through school surveys and feedback forms will be used to design strategies to more effectively meet the needs of parents, and enhance the school's Title I program. This information will be maintained by the school.

In developing the PS 197 Title I Parent Involvement Policy, parents of Title I participating students, parent members of the school's Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association), as well as parent members of the School Leadership Team, were consulted on the proposed Title I Parent Involvement Policy and asked to survey their members for additional input. To increase and improve parent involvement and school quality, PS 197 will:

- actively involve and engage parents in the planning, review and evaluation of the effectiveness of the school's Title I program as outlined in the Comprehensive Educational Plan, including the implementation of the school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact;
- engage parents in discussion and decisions regarding the required Title I set-aside funds, which are allocated directly to schools to promote parent involvement, including family literacy and parenting skills;
- ensure that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities and strategies as described in our Parent Involvement Policy and the School-Parent Compact;
- support school-level committees that include parents who are members of the School Leadership Team, the Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Advisory Council. This includes providing technical support and ongoing professional development, especially in developing leadership skills;
- maintain a Parent Coordinator (or a ⁴dedicated staff person) to serve as a liaison between the school and families. The Parent Coordinator or a dedicated staff person will provide parent workshops based on the assessed needs of the parents of children who attend our school and will work to ensure that our school environment is welcoming and inviting to all parents. The Parent Coordinator will also maintain a log of events and activities planned for parents each month and file a report with the Central Office for Family Engagement and Advocacy (OFEA);
- conduct parent workshops with topics that may include: parenting skills, understanding educational accountability grade-level curriculum and

Please note that only New York City Public schools that have attained a student population of two-hundred (200) or more will receive funding to hire a Parent Coordinator.

assessment expectations; literacy, accessing community and support services; and technology training to build parents' capacity to help their children at home;

- provide opportunities for parents to help them understand the accountability system (e.g., NCLB/State accountability system, student proficiency levels, Annual School Report Card, Progress Report, Quality Review Report, Learning Environment Survey Report;)
- host the required Title I Parent Annual Meeting on or before December 1st of each school year to advise parents of children participating in the Title I program about the school's Title I funded program(s), their right to be involved in the program and the parent involvement requirements under Title I, Part A, Section 1118 and other applicable sections under the No Child Left Behind Act;
- schedule additional parent meetings (e.g., quarterly meetings, with flexible times, such as meetings in the morning or evening, to share information about the school's educational program and other initiatives of the Chancellor and allow parents to provide suggestions;
- translate all critical school documents and provide interpretation during meetings and events as needed; and
- conduct an Annual Title I Parent Fair/Event where all parents are invited to attend formal presentations and workshops that address their student academic skill needs and what parents can do to help.

PS 197 will further encourage school-level parental involvement by:

- holding an annual Title I Parent Curriculum Conference;
- hosting educational family events/activities during Open School Week and throughout the school year;
- encouraging meaningful parent participation on School Leadership Teams, Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Advisory Council;
- supporting or hosting OFEA District Family Day events;
- establishing a Parent Resource Center or lending library; instructional materials for parents.

- *hosting events to support, men asserting leadership in education for their children. parents/guardians, grandparents and foster parents;*
- encouraging more parents to become trained school volunteers;
- providing written and verbal progress reports that are periodically given to keep parents informed of their children's progress;
- developing and distributing a school newsletter or web publication designed to keep parents informed about school activities and student progress; and
- providing school planners/folders for regular written communication between /teacher and the home in a format, and to the extent practicable in the languages that parents can understand;
- *[add other activities, if applicable]*

Section II: School-Parent Compact

PS 197, *[in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act]* is implementing a School-Parent Compact to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between the school and the families. PS 197 staff and the parents of students participating in activities and programs funded by Title I, agree that this Compact outlines how parents, the entire school staff and students will share responsibility for improved academic achievement and the means by which a school-parent partnership will be developed to ensure that all children achieve State Standards and Assessments.

School Responsibilities:

Provide high quality curriculum and instruction consistent with State Standards to enable participating children to meet the State's Standards and Assessments by:

- using academic learning time efficiently;
- respecting cultural, racial and ethnic differences;
- implementing a curriculum aligned to State Standards;
- offering high quality instruction in all content areas; and
- providing instruction by highly qualified teachers and when this does not occur, notifying parents as required by the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act;

Support home-school relationships and improve communication by:

- conducting parent-teacher conferences each semester during which the individual child's achievement will be discussed as well as how this Compact is related;
- convening a Title I Parent Annual Meeting (prior to December 1st of each school year) for parents of students participating in the Title I program to inform them of the school's Title I status and funded programs and their right to be involved;
- arranging additional meetings at other flexible times (e.g., morning, evening) and providing (if necessary and funds are available) transportation, child care or home visits for those parents who cannot attend a regular meeting;
- respecting the rights of limited English proficient families to receive translated documents and interpretation services in order to ensure participation in the child's education;
- providing information related to school and parent programs, meetings and other activities is sent to parents of participating children in a format and to the extent practicable in a language that parents can understand;
- involving parents in the planning process to review, evaluate and improve the existing Title I programs, Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
- providing parents with timely information regarding performance profiles and individual student assessment results for each child and other pertinent individual school information; and
- ensuring that the Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact are distributed and discussed with parents each year;

Provide parents reasonable access to staff by:

- Ensure that staff will have access to interpretation services in order to communicate with limited English speaking parents effectively.
- notifying parents of the procedures to arrange an appointment with their child's teacher or other school staff member;
- arranging opportunities for parents to receive training to volunteer and participate in their child's class, and to observe classroom activities; and

- planning activities for parents during the school year (e.g., Open School Week);

Provide general support to parents by:

- creating a safe, supportive and effective learning community for students and a welcoming respectful environment for parents and guardians;
- assisting parents in understanding academic achievement standards and assessments and how to monitor their child's progress by providing professional development opportunities (times will be scheduled so that the majority of parents can attend);
- sharing and communicating best practices for effective communication, collaboration and partnering with all members of the school community;
- supporting parental involvement activities as requested by parents; and
- ensuring that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities as described in this Compact and the Parent Involvement Policy;
- advising parents of their right to file a complaint under the Department's General Complaint Procedures and consistent with the No Child Left Behind Title I requirement for Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA) and Title I programs;

Parent/Guardian Responsibilities:

- monitor my child's attendance and ensure that my child arrives to school on time as well as follow the appropriate procedures to inform the school when my child is absent;
- ensure that my child comes to school rested by setting a schedule for bedtime based on the needs of my child and his/her age;
- check and assist my child in completing homework tasks, when necessary;
- read to my child and/or discuss what my child is reading each day (for a minimum of 15 minutes)
- set limits to the amount of time my child watches television or plays video games;

- promote positive use of extracurricular time such as, extended day learning opportunities, clubs, team sports and/or quality family time;
- encourage my child to follow school rules and regulations and discuss this Compact with my child;
- volunteer in my child's school or assist from my home as time permits;
- participate, as appropriate, in the decisions relating to my child's education. I will also:
 - communicate with my child's teacher about educational needs and stay informed about their education by prompting reading and responding to all notices received from the school or district;
 - respond to surveys, feedback forms and notices when requested;
 - become involved in the development, implementation, evaluation and revision to the Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
 - participate in or request training offered by the school, district, central and/or State Education Department learn more about teaching and learning strategies whenever possible;
 - take part in the school's Parent Association or Parent-Teacher Association or serve to the extent possible on advisory groups (e.g., school or district Title I Parent Advisory Councils, School or District Leadership Teams; and
 - share responsibility for the improved academic achievement of my child;

Student Responsibilities:

- attend school regularly and arrive on time;
- complete my homework and submit all assignments on time;
- follow the school rules and be responsible for my actions;
- show respect for myself, other people and property;
- try to resolve disagreements or conflicts peacefully; and
- always try my best to learn

This Parent Involvement Policy (including the School-Parent Compact) was distributed for review by Mr. Wright on November 8, 2010.

This Parent Involvement Policy was updated on January 14, 2010.

The final version of this document will be distributed to the school community on February 18, 2011 and will be available on file in the Parent Coordinator's office.

A copy of the final version of this policy will also be submitted to the Office of School Improvement as an attachment to the school's CEP and filed with the Office for Family Engagement and Advocacy.

**OFFICE OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS
GRADES K-12 LANGUAGE ALLOCATION POLICY
SUBMISSION FORM**

DIRECTIONS: This submission form assists schools with gathering and organizing the quantitative and qualitative information necessary for a well-conceived school-based language allocation policy (LAP) that describes quality ELL programs. This LAP form, an appendix of the CEP, also incorporates information required for CR Part 154 funding so that a separate submission is no longer required. Agendas and minutes of LAP meetings should be kept readily available on file in the school. Also, when preparing your school's submission, provide extended responses in the green spaces. Spell-check has been disabled in this file, so consider typing responses to these questions in a separate file before copying them in the submission form.

Part I: School ELL Profile

A. Language Allocation Policy Team Composition

Network Cluster 03	District 05	School Number 197	School Name John B. Russwurm
Principal Renardo Wright		Assistant Principal Juanita Johnson	
Coach None		Coach None	
Teacher/Subject Area Damary Auza		Guidance Counselor Raymond Shaw	
Teacher/Subject Area Winsome Burnett		Parent Lisa Jones	
Teacher/Subject Area Caroline Samake		Parent Coordinator Rolinda Hill	
Related Service Provider Dawn Anderson		Other Jeanna Dickerson	
Network Leader Dr. Yvonne Young		Other N/A	

B. Teacher Qualifications

Please provide a report of all staff members' certifications referred to in this section. Press TAB after each number entered to calculate sums and percentages.

Number of Certified ESL Teachers	1	Number of Certified Bilingual Teachers	0	Number of Certified NLA/Foreign Language Teachers	0
Number of Content Area Teachers with Bilingual Extensions	0	Number of Special Ed. Teachers with Bilingual Extensions	0	Number of Teachers of ELLs without ESL/Bilingual Certification	0

C. School Demographics

Total Number of Students in School	375	Total Number of ELLs	27	ELLs as Share of Total Student Population (%)	7.20%
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Part II: ELL Identification Process

Describe how you identify English Language Learners (ELLs) in your school. Answer the following:

1. Describe the steps followed for the initial identification of those students who may possibly be ELLs. These steps must include administering the Home Language Identification Survey (HLIS) which includes the informal oral interview in English and in the native language, and the formal initial assessment. Identify the person(s) responsible, including their qualifications, for conducting the initial screening, administering the HLIS, the LAB-R (if necessary), and the formal initial assessment. Also describe the steps taken to annually evaluate ELLs using the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT).
2. What structures are in place at your school to ensure that parents understand all three program choices (Transitional Bilingual, Dual Language, Freestanding ESL)? Please describe the process, outreach plan, and timelines.
3. Describe how your school ensures that entitlement letters are distributed and Parent Survey and Program Selection forms are returned? (If a form is not returned, the default program for ELLs is Transitional Bilingual Education as per CR Part 154 [\[see tool kit\]](#).)
4. Describe the criteria used and the procedures followed to place identified ELL students in bilingual or ESL instructional programs;

description must also include any consultation/communication activities with parents in their native language.

5. After reviewing the Parent Survey and Program Selection forms for the past few years, what is the trend in program choices that parents have requested? (Please provide numbers.)
6. Are the program models offered at your school aligned with parent requests? If no, why not? How will you build alignment between parent choice and program offerings? Describe specific steps underway.

Part II: ELL Identification Process:

P.S. 197, The John B. Russwurm School, is a pre-K to 5th grade elementary school with a current population of 375 students.

#1. At the present, we have 27 English Language Learners (ELLs) attending our free-standing ESL Program. The languages spoken by these students include Spanish, Arabic, Mandingo, Wolof and Bengali. Mandingo, Wolof and Bengali are statistically noted under "other" during the 2010-2011 school year. The levels of English proficiency for our ELLs are beginning, intermediate and advanced. For 21 ELLs, the Spanish language is their primary home language, 3 ELLs are in the Arabic language group and 2 are in the language category of "other". 12 ELLs are beginners, 11 ELLs are intermediate, and 3 ELLs are at the advanced level in English Language acquisition. ESL instruction is provided based on the English proficiency levels of our ELL students as determined by the LAB-R and NYSESLAT assessments. 16 of the 27 ELLs are in grades 2, 3, 4, & 5.

There are different steps followed for the initial identification of those students who may possibly be ELLs. These steps include administering the Home Language Identification Survey (HILS) which includes the informal oral interview in English and in the native language, and the formal initial assessment. If necessary, the licensed pedagogue, the ESL teacher, and the secretary help to fill out the HLIS in order to identify the child's language proficiency. After the informal interview, initial screening and HLIS administration, if the child is identified as an eligible candidate for ESL instructional services, the ESL teacher gives the child the Language Battery Assessment (LAB-R) test to identify the child as an English Language Learner or English Proficient. Student has to be tested with LAB-R within ten business days of the enrollment in the school. Hand scores are done after administrating the LAB-R test which are kept confidential and are checked after the formal scores are shown in the system. Furthermore, if the student is a Language Learner and speaks Spanish the Spanish LAB- R is given to the student by a person in a school: a pedagogue or other qualified pedagogue who is proficient in this language.

The New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) is a test developed by the New York State Education Department to measure English Language Arts (ELA) proficiency levels (beginning, intermediate, advanced) of ELLs—is administered each spring. Proficiency levels determine the appropriate ratio of English to native language use. NYSESLAT is the only approved test for measuring LEP students' level of English proficiency annually to determine whether or not the student continues to be LEP. Additionally, students are given the interassessment tests which prepare them for the NYSESLAT. Students are being prepared throughout the school year to take NYSESLAT.

Also, the results of the ESL students who took the NYSESLAT the previous year are printed out from the ATS and carefully reviewed by the ESL teacher. At the beginning of the school year, after the NYSESLAT test is taken the ESL teacher analyzes the students' data and their proficiency levels in the 4 modalities reading, writing, speaking and listening so that the ESL teacher is able to see the area of strengths and weaknesses of each individual student in order to plan the instructional goals for the coming school year. The parents of the students who achieved proficiency are informed by the Non- Entitlement letter from the ESL teacher that their children are English proficient and no longer need to attend ESL classes. Those who have not tested out are put into the groups according to their age and English proficiency levels: Beginning, Intermediate, Advanced or Proficient.

#2. When a student is admitted to the NYC school system, parents are actively involved in the decision-making process. This multi step process ensures the identification, the appropriate placement and educational services for every child in the New York City educational system. Then, in order to enable parents to make sound educational decisions as to which program best meets the needs of their child, parents participate in several activities before they make a decision. To ensure the proper communication between school and ELL parents, the HLIS are distributed according to home languages. In addition, the parents receive the ELL Parent Brochure and Parent Survey and Program selection form via personal mail together with the invitation to the Parent Orientation meeting, all in their home languages . In order to place an identified student in the ESL program, an intense dialogue between the school and the parent is taking place. It includes one-on-one and phone conversation with the help of the bilingual school staff.

Parents participate in a parent orientation that describes various programs for ELL of where they place their children in three program choices (Transitional Bilingual, Dual Language or Freestanding ESL). Parents also view a parent information CD where program placement options are presented with clarity and objectivity. This parent orientation CD is available in nine languages. After they watch a video ESL teacher discusses with parents the choices, different programs available and describes the plans. Parent brochures are

disseminated in their native language to enrich the understanding of each available program. Children are placed as per parent choice. Parents are also provided with the information on the State Standards, assessments, school expectations and the general program requirements of our ESL program.

#3. An entitlement letter is provided to parents to inform them about the child's identification and the child is enrolled in the appropriate program within ten days. The entitlement letters, in home languages, are handed in at the beginning of a school year, to the parents of those children who had been administered LAB-R and scored below the cut off scores. Our school ensures that entitlement letters are distributed and the Parent Survey and Program Selection forms are returned. Copies of entitlement letters and other letters are kept on file and kept confidential. If the parents are not present during the Orientation and the Parent choice forms are not returned, the ELL teacher meets them on a make-up day, follows up with a personal mailing, and phone calls if necessary. Parents of newly enrolled ELLs are invited to two additional informational meetings as required under Part 154; they meet with an ELL teacher during the School Open Night, Parent-Teacher Conferences. The submitted forms are closely reviewed by ESL teacher in order to conform with the choice of the parents, and any requests or concerns are brought to the attention of school administrators. Whenever needed, ELL parents are provided with an access to the Translation and Interpretation Services, and the documents in their native languages. Interpretation services are a daily help in communication between school staff and parents.

#4. There are many criteria used and the procedures followed to place identified ELL students in ESL instructional program. Students are placed in the ESL group according to their proficiency level, the results from the LAB-R and the NYSESLAT results. The parents are informed about their children's placement and the letters are distributed to them in their native language. The communication or consultation activities with the parents are also in their native language. During the meetings the translation is available with parent, either Para, or a pedagogue. Parents of newly enrolled ELLs are invited to two additional informational meetings as required under Part 154; they meet with an ELL teacher during the School Open Night, Parent- Teacher Conferences. The Parent Coordinator is organizing twice a month parent workshops and twice a year Family Fun Activities.

#5. Parents complete the parent selection form and the school will conform to the parental choice selections. The results of the Parent Choice paperwork indicate that most parents choose the Freestanding ESL program and they are pleased with their final choice.

#6. The program model offered at our school is aligned with parent request. To build alignment between parent choice and program offerings we give them sufficient information about the program and explain the benefits of choosing the program of their choice for their children. Freestanding ESL is the only program offered at P.S. 197 because of the low number of ELL population.

Part III: ELL Demographics

A. ELL Programs

This school serves the following grades (includes ELLs and EPs)

Check all that apply

K 1 2 3 4 5
 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Provide the number of classes for each ELL program model at your school. For all-day programs (e.g., Transitional Bilingual Education, Dual Language, and Self-Contained ESL), classes refer to a cohort of students served in a day. For push-in ESL classes refer to the separate periods in a day in which students are served.

ELL Program Breakdown														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Tot #
Transitional Bilingual Education (60%:40% → 50%:50% → 75%:25%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dual Language (50%:50%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Freestanding ESL														
Self-Contained	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Push-In	4	6	8	2	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27
Total	4	6	8	2	5	2	0	27						

B. ELL Years of Service and Programs

Number of ELLs by Subgroups					
All ELLs	27	Newcomers (ELLs receiving service 0-3 years)	17	Special Education	8
SIFE	0	ELLs receiving service 4-6 years	2	Long-Term (completed 6 years)	0

Enter the number of ELLs by years of identification and program model in each box. Enter the number of ELLs within a subgroup who are also SIFE or special education.

	ELLs by Subgroups									Total
	ELLs (0-3 years)			ELLs (4-6 years)			Long-Term ELLs (completed 6 years)			
	All	SIFE	Special Education	All	SIFE	Special Education	All	SIFE	Special Education	
TBE										0
Dual Language										0
ESL	27	0	8	27	0	0	27	0	0	81
Total	27	0	8	27	0	0	27	0	0	81

Number of ELLs in a TBE program who are in alternate placement:

C. Home Language Breakdown and ELL Programs

Transitional Bilingual Education														
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Spanish														0
Chinese														0
Russian														0
Bengali														0
Urdu														0
Arabic														0
Haitian														0
French														0
Korean														0
Punjabi														0
Polish														0
Albanian														0
Yiddish														0
Other														0
TOTAL	0													

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs)																				
K-8																				
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group																				
	K		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		TOTAL	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP																
Spanish																			0	0

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs) K-8																				
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group																				
	K		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		TOTAL	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP																
Chinese																			0	0
Russian																			0	0
Korean																			0	0
Haitian																			0	0
French																			0	0
Other																			0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs) 9-12											
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group											
	9		10		11		12		TOTAL		
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	
Spanish									0	0	
Chinese									0	0	
Russian									0	0	
Korean									0	0	
Haitian									0	0	
French									0	0	
Other									0	0	
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

This Section for Dual Language Programs Only	
Number of Bilingual students (students fluent in both languages): <u>0</u>	Number of third language speakers: <u>N/A</u>
Ethnic breakdown of EPs (Number):	
African-American: <u>0</u>	Asian: <u>0</u> Hispanic/Latino: <u>0</u>
Native American: <u>0</u>	White (Non-Hispanic/Latino): <u>0</u> Other: <u>0</u>

Freestanding English as a Second Language														
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Spanish	3	6	6	1	5	1								22
Chinese														0
Russian														0
Bengali			1											1
Urdu														0
Arabic			1											1
Haitian														0
French														0
Korean														0
Punjabi														0

Freestanding English as a Second Language

Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group

	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Polish														0
Albanian														0
Other	1				1	1								3
TOTAL	4	6	8	1	6	2	0	27						

Part IV: ELL Programming

A. Programming and Scheduling Information

1. How is instruction delivered?
 - a. What are the organizational models (e.g., Departmentalized, Push-In [Co-Teaching], Pull-Out, Collaborative, Self-Contained)?
 - b. What are the program models (e.g., Block [Class travels together as a group]; Ungraded [all students regardless of grade are in one class]; Heterogeneous [mixed proficiency levels]; Homogeneous [proficiency level is the same in one class])?
2. How does the organization of your staff ensure that the mandated number of instructional minutes is provided according to proficiency levels in each program model (TBE, Dual Language, ESL)?
 - a. How are explicit ESL, ELA, and NLA instructional minutes delivered in each program model as per CR Part 154 (see table below)?
3. Describe how the content areas are delivered in each program model. Please specify language, and the instructional approaches and methods used to make content comprehensible to enrich language development.
4. How do you differentiate instruction for ELL subgroups?
 - a. Describe your instructional plan for SIFE.
 - b. Describe your plan for ELLs in US schools less than three years (newcomers). Additionally, because NCLB now requires ELA testing for ELLs after one year, specify your instructional plan for these ELLs.
 - c. Describe your plan for ELLs receiving service 4 to 6 years.
 - d. Describe your plan for Long-Term ELLs (completed 6 years).
 - e. Describe your plan for ELLs identified as having special needs.

Programming and Scheduling information

#1. P.S. 197 offers Freestanding pull-out English as a Second Language (ESL). The language of instruction is English. Program services children daily as a part of their language development and academic instruction. In this program the ESL teacher provides ESL instruction out of class setting and students are grouped by language fluency within age parameters therefore, the program most often follows the homogenous model (same proficiency levels in one class).

The program helps ELL students to achieve proficiency and attain the standards established for all students for a grade promotion and graduation. The primary goal of this program is to assist students in achieving English Language proficiency within three years. Also the goal is to amplify the literacy and academic skills of ELLs who participate in this program and to incorporate recognized and researched based ESL instructional strategies across content subject areas and to give students the skills to perform at city and state grade level in all subject areas. The school directly provides or makes referrals to appropriate support services that may be needed by ELL students in order to achieve and maintain satisfactory level of academic performance.

The total number of students in the P.S. 197 is 27. In this Freestanding pull - out ESL component we have 27 students, from grades K-5. They range from beginners to Advanced Proficiency levels. The number of beginners is 12 , intermediate 12 and advanced 3. All the beginning, intermediate and advance students receive daily, small group ESL instruction. The Kindergarten population consists of 4 students, 1st grade ELL population consists of 6 students, 2nd grade ELL population consists of 8 students, the 3rd grade ELL population consists of 1 student, the 4th grade ELL population consists of 6 students, the 5th grade population consists of 2 students. Our Special Education population has 8 students. 3 students are excused and 5 are IEP mandated. These students are identified and served as per the IEP. Languages spoken are mostly Spanish, Arabic, French, Mandingo, Worlof and Bengali.

In order to help ESL students to achieve proficiency in language so that they could attain the same standards established for all students at each grade level- the Articulation Forms are filled out monthly by the classroom teachers. They serve in communication between ESL teacher and content area teachers to plan ESL curriculum and activities for each grade level. Also, the Literacy program has ESL specific component which helps ESL teacher align the ESL and general education class curricula. All English Language Learners (ELLs) are instructed in English using Total Physical Response, Cooperative Learning and Cognitive Academic Language Learning Approach. In the ESL classroom, many different practices are utilized such as: Scaffolding, Modeling, Bridging, Schema Building, Contextualization, Text Representation and Metacognition. The teacher uses Informal assessments and running records.

#2. Organization of our staff ensures that the mandated number of instructional minutes is provided according to the proficiency levels in our ESL classes. The schedule of our ESL students is provided to our principal who approves it. In compliance with CR Part 154 all our students depending on their proficiency level receive from 180 minutes to 360 minutes a week of ESL. All Beginner and Intermediate students receive 360 minutes of ESL instruction per week, and advanced students receive 180 minutes. Students are grouped by language fluency within age parameters. The program serves all students with limited English proficiency (ELL) until they achieve proficiency in the English language. ELL students attend reading and Writing workshops which totals 405 minutes a week. According to the grade, all P.S 197 students receive either one period of Math everyday, around 450 minutes per week. All students receive three periods of 45 minutes of Science and Social Studies a week. They receive required instruction in Technology classes, Health, Library and at least one Physical Education a week.

#3. Students of limited English proficiency receive the same academic content as those students who are native English speakers. In order to maximize English language acquisition for ELLs, the ESL and classroom ESL teacher work closely to deliver literacy instruction as well as tailor additional content instruction to meet the needs of ELLs. To help students to progress in these programs, we utilize the following practices: Scaffolding is an essential part of the instructional delivery, such as Modeling, Bridging, Schema Building, Contextualization, Text Representation and Metacognition. We also utilize collaborative planning between ESL, ELA, Math teachers and other content areas teachers for each unit. Additionally, we continue to strongly target language development across the grades and content areas, creating opportunities for active meaningful engagement. In all content areas the teachers are concerned with the language needs of ELLs and modify their instructional language and scaffold the instruction in order to ensure students understanding. Beyond explicit ESL, collaboration between teachers means that there is a consideration for the language needs of ELLs. For example, content area teachers monitor the understanding of linguistically challenging material and use a variety of phrasings and synonyms to clarify meaning. Also math teachers devote extra class time to untangling difficult word problems. Social Studies teachers scaffold their instruction with visual aids such as maps, atlases, and illustrations to increase comprehension. ESL teacher modifies and supplements the curriculum in accordance with ESL teaching methodologies.

Our performance data in ELA, math, science and social studies shows that our ELL population needs to work on their academic language skills as well as on their reading and test taking strategies. Therefore, the ESL teacher is focusing on those areas in the classroom instruction. The performance on standardized tests also informs ESL teacher for the future planning. In addition, we are assisting students during work periods, conferencing with students in and out of class and do informal assessments, and running records. Additionally, we do small group sessions prior to all state assessments, to focus on literacy and academic language. Technology is used to promote ELL achievement and progress.

#4. ELL population consists of many subgroups, and they all require differentiated instruction:

a) Plan for SIFE:

There is a SIFE population in our school and there is a need to:

- Provide academic intervention services as an extension of the regular school program on both push in and pull out services.
- Making an individualized student needs assessment.
- Differentiation of instruction in all areas.
- Grade appropriate instructional support materials.
- Communicate closely with the parents to monitor their children's progress.

Once SIFE students are identified, our school would be monitoring the progress of those students and their scores on the NYSESLAT, ELA and Math assessments, and provide support in all content areas to differentiate instruction for literacy needs. P.S. 197 would make available all existing support structures such as ESL, Extended Day After School program and Saturday Academy which could benefit the student.

b) Plan for Newcomers:

When a new student is registered in our school, we provide the following resources to facilitate the transition:

- Buddy system identifying a similar student in his/her class that will assist during the day. Finding a student who speaks the same language as ELL who can help him/her in the classroom.
- An informal student orientation.
- Encourage student to participate in After School activities and Saturday Academy, schools celebrations and other programs.
- An informal assessment is provided to identify possible Academic Intervention programs.
- Home school communication is an important factor for our newcomers.

The newcomers who have been in the US schools for less than three years are provided with a variety of strategies and materials are used to aid their instruction: scaffolding, picture dictionaries, photo cards, realia, manipulatives. Those students who arrive in 3rd grade or later are required to take ELA test after one year. In addition to the support received in ESL class, those students are required to participate in Extended Day program and Small Group Instruction. They are provided with the support that prepares them to participate in NYS assessments (e.g. ELA, Math, Science, Social Studies). Students work in small groups with their classroom teachers targeting specific areas of need. In addition, word to word dictionaries and glossaries are in place to support them during the tests as well as translated tests editions may be available.

c) Plan for ELLs receiving service 4 to 6 years. For the students who 4-6 and Long-Term students, Extension of ESL services is requested. Same support structures as above are provided.

d) Plan for Long Term ELLs:

Long terms ELLs are the largest number of Ells across the grades. An analysis of their scores on the NYSESLAT, ELA and Math assessments suggests that their problem is one of reading and writing. Our action plan for this group involves:

- Monitoring the progress of students in all content areas to differentiate instruction for literacy needs.
- Encourage their participation in the school's programs to enrich their language and academic skills.
- Communicate closely with the parents to monitor their children's progress.

e) Plan for Special Needs Students:

This year we have 8 of special needs ELL student. Our policy for special needs students includes:

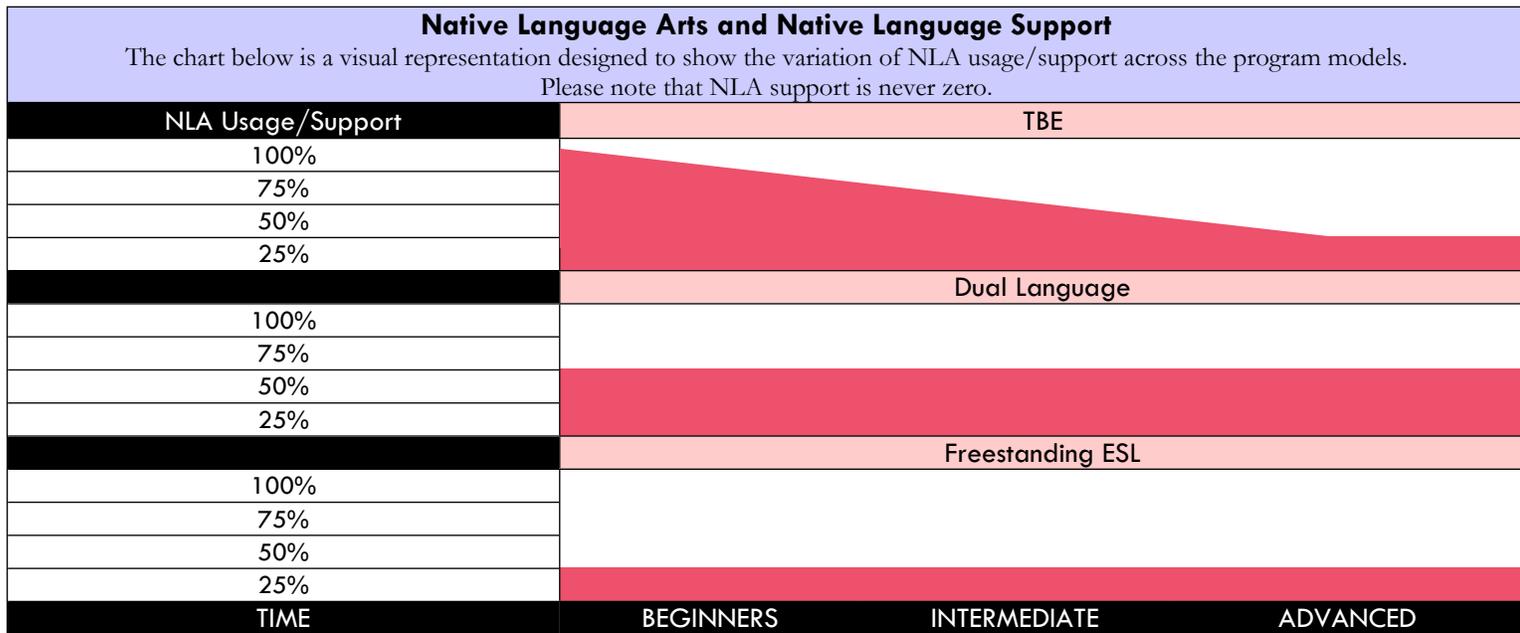
- Collaboration between the ESL teacher and IEP contact person, school psychologist and school intervention team.
- Monitoring newcomer and SIFE student for possible special needs status.
- Ensure that teachers of students with an IEP are familiar with students' particular needs and all services are provided accordingly to the IEP mandates.
- Communicate closely with the parents to monitor their children's progress.
- Supporting ex-coded students, who are served as per IEP and assist teachers with communication.

ELL program at P.S. 197 serves 8 special education students. As a policy for special needs students we ensure that teachers of students with an IEP are familiar with students' particular needs and all services are provided accordingly to the IEP mandates. P.S. 197 students with special needs are integrated in the mainstream ESL program and put under the supervision of the teacher and school Health Coordinator. Based on the individual, ESL strategies and instructional methods are utilized.

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades K-8			
	Beginning	Intermediate	Advanced
ESL instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154	360 minutes per week	360 minutes per week	180 minutes per week

ELA instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154			180 minutes per week
FOR TBE /DL PROGRAMS: Native Language Arts	60-90 minutes per day	45-60 minutes per day	45 minutes per day

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades 9-12			
	Beginning	Intermediate	Advanced
ESL instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154	540 minutes per week	360 minutes per week	180 minutes per week
ELA instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154			180 minutes per week
FOR TBE /DL PROGRAMS: Native Language Arts	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day



B. Programming and Scheduling Information--Continued

5. Describe your targeted intervention programs for ELLs in ELA, math, and other content areas (specify ELL subgroups targeted). Please list the range of intervention services offered in your school for the above areas as well as the language(s) in which they are offered.
6. Describe your plan for continuing transitional support (2 years) for ELLs reaching proficiency on the NYSESLAT.
7. What new programs or improvements will be considered for the upcoming school year?
8. What programs/services for ELLs will be discontinued and why?
9. How are ELLs afforded equal access to all school programs? Describe after school and supplemental services offered to ELLs in your building.
10. What instructional materials, including technology, are used to support ELLs (include content area as well as language materials; list ELL subgroups if necessary)?
11. How is native language support delivered in each program model? (TBE, Dual Language, and ESL)
12. Do required services support, and resources correspond to ELLs' ages and grade levels?
13. Include a description of activities in your school to assist newly enrolled ELL students before the beginning of the school year.
14. What language electives are offered to ELLs?

#5. Targeted intervention programs in our school for ELLs in Math, ELA and other content areas are SETS, ESL, Reading Renaissance, Wilson foundation, Math intervention, Occupational Therapy and Speech. The language of instruction is English. Our bilingual paras are used for translations if necessary. IEP evaluations and parent teachers meetings are conducted for our students with special needs. Apart from ESL program and other intervention programs the classroom teachers concerned with the language needs of ELLs, constantly monitor students' understanding of linguistically challenging material and use a variety of phrasings and synonyms to clarify meaning, and scaffold the instruction with visual aids such as maps, and illustrations to increase comprehension. They use Guided reading, and vocabulary quizzes to make instruction more involving and effective.

#6. The school has a plan for transitional support for two years for ELLs reaching NYSESLAT proficiency. For example, students are eligible for two years of test accommodation for all the NYS tests. Also parents of former ELL students are invited to the school wide and NYC conferences and workshops. All activities and additional support offered to our ELL population is focused on their acquisition of language proficiency and academic progress.

#7. The following new program in P.S. 197 this year for our ELLs was purchased: Basic English, level A-E; Reading Strategies Comprehension and Vocabulary, level B-E; Step by Step Language Skills, level B-E; Vocabulary Links, level A-E; Phonics and Word Study, level A-E; and www.UptownEducation.com. To familiarize with the state assessments, it also uses: Attanasio and Associates Getting Ready for the New NYSESLAT, Ready for the NYSESLAT, NYS Coach; ELA/Math.

#8. None of programs and services will be discontinued.

#9. ELLs at P.S. 197 have equal access to all afterschool programs, Saturday Academy and supplemental services offered in our building. They are available to all parents and students in the school – guidance counselor, family worker, parent coordinator, occupational therapist, speech and language therapist, social worker, and psychologist. Students take part in the community building activities. Before the ELA and Math State tests, there will be the afterschool program and Saturday Academy for the students in the proper grades. In order to support learning and foster community involvement, we use a portion of our funding to create supplementary programs for ELLs and their families and these include:

Parent: Twice a year parents come to the school to take part in community celebrations and the school wide events, parents' workshop and volunteering including Career Day, Book sale, African American history month celebration, 100 Days of School. At these events, the school and community can come together to recognize student achievements in academics.

Translation and Interpretation Services: These services are offered to increase the involvement of parents in the TBE program, additional funding is available to translate important policy documents, mainly in Spanish. Additionally, interpretation services are a daily help in communication between school staff and parents. Bilingual paras are available to help to communicate with students and parents.

Additional supplementary programs: Parents are also invited to sport basketball team games, and students' performances on the stage including performance of the school's band and dance groups. The school also offers 37 minutes extended day School Enrichment Program and AIS program from Monday to Thursday. We have ELA teachers and Special Education teachers that work closely with the ELL students in differentiated instruction to meet their required needs.

#10. Instructional Materials:

The Freestanding ESL program does not use a particular text, using literacy instruction as an element within the framework of the America's Choice Workshop Model and the Literacy by Design. This includes the use of high interest / low level texts and leveled library. The exception to this pattern is where materials are used to familiarize students with the state assessments, including: Attanasio and Associates Getting Ready for the New NYSESLAT, New York State Coach: ELA and New York State Coach: Mathematics. Our school follows the balanced Literacy model. The school uses the Literacy program which also includes a specific ESL component, and a writing program. All the grades are using also Everyday Math program.

Students are provided with books, tapes and assisted technology to promote student achievement and success. The ESL classroom has the library level books, high interests books, content areas books for Math, ELA, social studies and science, bilingual books, large print books and poems, math and language games and activities and the cd player for listening to songs and stories that are used daily by the teacher and the students. The ESL teacher also uses two stationary computers, a laptop and technology lab, so students can use programs that help them with phonics, vocabulary, reading, writing, and math. In addition, the internet resources are used to practice math, ELA and other content areas for example, Starfall. The Wilson program is used for learning foundations in writing, spelling, phonics and pronunciation. The Picture dictionaries, Weber dictionaries as well as Bilingual dictionaries are also frequently used in the ESL instruction.

#11. In P.S. 197 there is native language support in ESL class. Students are allowed to use their native language (Spanish) with the teacher and/or peer to express understanding or ask for clarification. Books in the different languages, Weber dictionaries, picture dictionaries are available to support instruction as well as for the students to take home. As a testing accomodation, the bilingual glossaries may be provided when taking all State examinations, and also, the Department of Education may provide them with translated editions of some tests.

#12. The required services support, and resources correspond to ELL's ages and grade levels. ELL acquire and develop English language skills while meeting their grade and age level standards in core subjects. ELL students are assessed on an ongoing basis with the help of Acuity and E-class data to drive teaching goals and instruction.

#13. Our ELL population is quite small- not enough to make a subgroup population. As such, we conduct orientations with the parents as they enroll their children and after the child is identified as an eligible candidate for ESL instructional services. Although, P.S. 197 conducts an Orientation session to assist all the new enrolled students prior to the first day of school. Our parents and students are invited to attend and participate. In addition, there are meetings with the parent coordinator, principle and vice principle, school secretary and other pedagogues to discuss the child's placement, to gather necessary documentation before the enrollment and to conduct the oral interview with the parent. The over the phone translation is used if necessary and bilingual paras and the ESL teacher are also available.

#14. Students have choice and are permitted to use their native language with each other and bilingual dictionaries can be used in the classroom for additional support.

C. Schools with Dual Language Programs

1. How much time (%) is the target language used for EPs and ELLs in each grade?
2. How much of the instructional day are EPs and ELLs integrated? What content areas are taught separately?
3. How is language separated for instruction (time, subject, teacher, theme)?
4. What Dual Language model is used (side-by-side, self-contained, other)?
5. Is emergent literacy taught in child's native language first (sequential), or are both languages taught at the same time (simultaneous)?

N/A

D. Professional Development and Support for School Staff

1. Describe the professional development plan for all ELL personnel at the school. (Please include all teachers of ELLs.)
2. What support do you provide staff to assist ELLs as they transition from elementary to middle and/or middle to high school?
3. Describe the minimum 7.5 hours of ELL training for all staff (including non-ELL teachers) as per Jose P.

Professional development is provided by school staff and community learning support personnel organization.

#1. P.S. 197 will implement professional development for all teachers of ELL and other staff servicing ELL. The topics to be covered are:

- How to plan differentiated instruction for ELL, November 8, 2010 (tentative date) (1 hr.)
- Understanding the different learning styles of ELL, February 7, 2011 (tentative date) (1 hr.)
- ELL through Mathematics, April 11, 2011 (tentative date) (1 hr.)

These workshops will be delivered by a known outside professional and/or the ESL teacher at no cost to the program.

Technology sessions instruct content area teachers as well as ESL teacher of how to use online resources to make instruction more comprehensible. Our PD meetings also involve Differentiated Instruction in Literacy, Math and Content Areas, data analysis to inform instruction, technology sessions that instruct ESL and content area teachers how to use online resources to make instruction more comprehensible, and looking at standards in ELA, ESL, Math, Science and Social Studies. The school shares all resources with the ELL teacher.

ESL teacher attends the State learning standards workshops in which there is a high impact on differentiated and academic language development strategies, large conferences, targeted workshops on assessments and strategies, grade meetings, study groups, faculty conferences and grade conferences. She participates in District Professional Development sessions as well as in the PD from school, which includes training provided by Mathematics and Literacy teachers and Writing Project. Also ESL teacher plans to attend a variety of off-site workshops to promote collaboration between content area and language teachers.

#2. Our staff including ESL teacher and a guidance counselor provide parents, and the students with information about different schools, helping make the proper placement of those ELL students who transfer from elementary to junior-high school. Our staff is also organizing a Career Days to introduce and familiarize students with different occupations and professions which helps them to make the right choices.

#3. The minimum 7.5 hours of ELL training for all staff is given every school year if needed. Each year the facilitator provides the workshops and one-on-one professional development sessions. The classroom teachers receive strategies and support with the instruction regarding ELL students. The attendance is taken the records are kept in the teachers' files.

E. Parental Involvement

1. Describe parent involvement in your school, including parents of ELLs.
2. Does the school partner with other agencies or Community Based Organizations to provide workshops or services to ELL parents?
3. How do you evaluate the needs of the parents?
4. How do your parental involvement activities address the needs of the parents?

Parental Involvement.

#1. Parent involvement in our school including parents of ELLs is a key component of our every year planning. Parents of ELLs have the parents' orientation twice a year. First, at the beginning of the school year, and later during the school year. They are informed about math, NYSESLAT, ELA, science and social studies state test, testing exemptions for ELLs, accommodation for ELLs and promotional policy for ELLs by letters and parents meetings. The parents come for the Open School days to meet with the teachers. The ESL teacher together with the parent coordinator designs different workshops for the parents, and invites the parents for other workshops. The parent coordinator is working in the collaboration with ESL teacher to help ESL students and to provide parents with the necessary information about the school. In the school there are also school wide events, parents' workshop and volunteering. The students are also provided with the homework help, and leadership development team. Translations are available as needed. Bilingual teachers and paras are available to help students who speak: Spanish. We have different programs for parents and students throughout the school year such as Career Day, Book Sale, etc. and ELL parents and students are invited to participate. Also, PTA (Parent Teacher Association) meetings with parents and teachers are taking place several times per months. Parents as well as teachers use Education's Achievement Reporting and Innovation System (ARIS) where parents as well as educators go to find and study important information about ELL and other students.

#3. The needs of parents are evaluated in informal and formal ways through parents' teachers' conferences, meetings, workshops, schools events, PTA meetings, etc. The educators and administrators listen and have a conversation with parents, try to answer their questions and concerns. Parents always add valuable information about their children, their background, strengths and weaknesses, behavior and

academic work, as well as a social economic situation. We are working cooperatively with them, and make students referral for different services, according to the students' needs and the parent always makes choices for their children academic and social economic growth.

#4. Parental involvement activities address the needs of the parents since the parents are a part of our school community and we are closely working with them toward their children success and improvements.

Part V: Assessment Analysis

A. Assessment Breakdown

Enter the number of ELLs for each test, category, and modality.

OVERALL NYSESLAT* PROFICIENCY RESULTS (*LAB-R FOR NEW ADMITS)														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Beginner(B)	3	4	3	1	0	1								12
Intermediate(I)	0	0	1	1	2	0								4
Advanced (A)	1	1	4	1	3	1								11
Total	4	5	8	3	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27

NYSESLAT Modality Analysis														
Modality Aggregate	Proficiency Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LISTENING/ SPEAKING	B	4	3	2	1	0	0							
	I	0	0	0	1	1	1							
	A	1	1	4	1	3	1							
	P													
READING/ WRITING	B	4	3	2	1	0	0							
	I	1	1	1	1	3	0							
	A	0	1	4	1	3	1							
	P				1	1								

NYS ELA					
Grade	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total
3	0	0	0	0	0
4	1	2	2	0	5
5	1	1	1	0	3
6					0
7					0
8					0
NYSAA Bilingual Spe Ed					0

NYS Math					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total

Grade	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
3			1		0				1
4			4		1				5
5			1		2				3
6	0		0		0		0		0
7	0		0						0
8	0		0		0		0		0
NYSAA Bilingual Spe Ed	0		0		0		0		0

NYS Science									
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
4	0		0		0		0		0
8									0
NYSAA Bilingual Spe Ed	0								0

NYS Social Studies									
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
5	0		0		0		0		0
8	0		0		0		0		0
NYSAA Bilingual Spe Ed	0		0		0		0		0

New York State Regents Exam				
	Number of ELLs Taking Test		Number of ELLs Passing Test	
	English	Native Language	English	Native Language
Comprehensive English				
Math				
Math				
Biology				
Chemistry				
Earth Science				
Living Environment				
Physics				
Global History and Geography				
US History and Government				
Foreign Language				

New York State Regents Exam

	Number of ELLs Taking Test		Number of ELLs Passing Test	
	English	Native Language	English	Native Language
Other				
Other				
NYSAA ELA				
NYSAA Mathematics				
NYSAA Social Studies				
NYSAA Science				

Native Language Tests

	# of ELLs scoring at each quartile (based on percentiles)				# of EPs (dual lang only) scoring at each quartile (based on percentiles)			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
	1-25 percentile	26-50 percentile	51-75 percentile	76-99 percentile	1-25 percentile	26-50 percentile	51-75 percentile	76-99 percentile
ELE (Spanish Reading Test)								
Chinese Reading Test								

B. After reviewing and analyzing the assessment data, answer the following

- Describe what assessment tool your school uses to assess the early literacy skills of your ELLs (e.g., ECLAS-2, EL SOL, Fountas and Pinnell, DRA, TCRWP). What insights do the data provide about your ELLs? How can this information help inform your school's instructional plan? Please provide any quantitative data available to support your response.
- What is revealed by the data patterns across proficiency levels (on the LAB-R and NYSESLAT) and grades?
- How will patterns across NYSESLAT modalities—reading/writing and listening/speaking—affect instructional decisions?
- For each program, answer the following:
 - Examine student results. What are the patterns across proficiencies and grades? How are ELLs faring in tests taken in English as compared to the native language?
 - Describe how the school leadership and teachers are using the results of the ELL Periodic Assessments.
 - What is the school learning about ELLs from the Periodic Assessments? How is the Native Language used?
- For dual language programs, answer the following:
 - How are the English Proficient students (EPs) assessed in the second (target) language?
 - What is the level of language proficiency in the second (target) language for EPs?
 - How are EPs performing on State and City Assessments?
- Describe how you evaluate the success of your programs for ELLs.

After Reviewing and analyzing the assessment data, answer the following:

#1. ELL students are assessed on an ongoing basis with the help of early literacy skills, E-class, teachers' assessments and observations data to drive teaching goals and instruction.

#2,#3. Assessment Analysis

Furthermore, the NYSESLAT provides us with a great amount of information about our ELLs. ELLs are making incremental gains on the assessment by moving to the next proficiency level to become language proficient.

After review the NYSESLAT data. the patterns reveal were:

- ELLs are making steady gains on the assessment by moving from one to the next proficiency level in order to become language proficient.
- ELLs who are in the beginning level are the new comers at all grade levels or ELL students from Kindergarten.

After analyzing the ELA scores of ELLs and former ELLs it was noticeable that students who are former ELLs are often outperforming the Non-ELLs students across the grades. Beginning ELLs, who are taking the ELA after one year, are mostly scoring low on the ELA. It is also often noticeable that ELLs who are taking the ELA after one year, are mostly scoring below 640 on the ELA, and making better progress in Math area. However, those students are making steady gains, and are expected to perform much better this year. In addition, the performance data in math, science and social studies shows that ELL population needs to work on their academic language skills as well as on their reading comprehension, writing and test taking strategies. Therefore, the ESI teacher is focusing on these areas in the classroom instruction. The performance on standardized test informs ESL teacher for the future planning.

The implications for the school's LAP and instruction are derived from the strengths and needs noted in the NYSESLAT and other assessments (LAB-R, Teacher Assessments, and informal observations). This year we are going to continue to strongly target language development across the grades and content area for ESL students performing below grade level during the school day as well as extended hours. We also offer additional support in listening skills for Newcomers, including increased use technological activities in the classroom. Adjustments and improvements to our program this year will additionally include Academic Intervention Services for SIFE students and those performing below grade level during the school day as well as extended hours.

All activities and additional support offered to our ELL population is focused on their acquisition of language proficiency and academic progress. There is the focus on the improvement of the Reading and Writing skills especially the students on Advanced levels. School leadership and teachers are using the results of the ELL Periodic Assessment for the future planning in the instruction and to find the strength and weaknesses of the ELL students. The implications for the school's LAP and instruction are derived from the strengths and needs noted in the NYSESLAT and other assessments (LAB-R, ACUITY, Teacher Assessments, and informal observations).

In order to assist our students in both academic achievement and assessment, there is a variety of solutions that we are working with this year. They include the following:

- Collaboration between content area and ESL teachers to create an integrated curriculum in order to develop both content and language acquisition of ELLs
- Analyze ELLs data to become well-informed about the performance of each ELL in order to make sounded educational decisions (Aris)
- Provide opportunities for students to be involved in purposely conversations, to negotiate with mathematics academic language, e.g. reading and solving word problems, interactive word wall, incorporating writing as a component of the mathematics lesson, e.g. journals.
- Ensure that teachers analyze student's data to identify strength and weakness and utilize the findings to drive and differentiated instruction.
- Implement a print rich environment, use of ESL dictionaries and Glossaries in the ELA classrooms.
- Provide opportunities to convey to others problem solving strategies and the justification of their answer.
- Encourage teachers to participate on professional development opportunities focusing in instructional strategies for ELLs; such as, Quality Teaching for English Learners and Community Support Learning Organization.

#6.The success of the program for ELLs at P.S. 197 is evaluated by the monitoring of student's NYSESLAT results, their movement from one proficiency level to other, and across the language modalities. The seccess of ther program is measured based on the procentages gain of NYSESLAT result from beginner to advanced levels.

Additional Information

Please include any additional information that would be relevant to your LAP and would further explain your program for ELLs. You may attach/submit charts. This form does not allow graphics and charts to be pasted.

None

Additional Information

Part VI: LAP Assurances

Signatures of LAP team members certify that the information provided is accurate.

Name (PRINT)	Title	Signature	Date (mm/dd/yy)
	Principal		
	Assistant Principal		
	Parent Coordinator		
	ESL Teacher		
	Parent		
	Teacher/Subject Area		
	Teacher/Subject Area		
	Coach		
	Coach		
	Guidance Counselor		

	Network Leader		
	Other		