Department of Education

Dennis M. Walcott, Chancellor

2013-2014

COMPREHENSIVE EDUCATIONAL PLAN

(CEP)

School Name: BOOKERT. WASHINGTON MIDDLE SCHOOL 54

DBN (*i.e. 01M001*): 03M054

Principal: ELANA ELSTER

Principal Email: EELSTER@SCHOOLS.NYC.GOV

Superintendent: ILENE ALTSCHUL

Network Leader: REX BOBBISH

School Leadership Team (SLT) Signature Page

Use this page to identify SLT members and confirm their participation in the development of this School Comprehensive Educational Plan (SCEP), which includes goals and action plans, a summary of Academic Intervention Services (AIS), and the Parent Involvement Policy (PIP). The signatures of SLT members indicate their participation in the development of the SCEP and serve as confirmation that consultation has occurred to align funding in support of educational programs. The SLT must include an equal number of parents and staff and have a minimum of 10 and a maximum of 17 members, in accordance with the Chancellor's Regulation A-655, available on the NYC DOE Web site.

Directions:

1. List each SLT member in the left-hand column on the chart below. Specify any position held by the team member, e.g., Chairperson, SLT Secretary and the constituent group represented, e.g., parent, staff, student, or CBO. Core mandatory SLT members are indicated by an asterisk*.
2. Ensure that SLT members review this document and sign in the right-hand column in blue ink. If an SLT member does not wish to sign this plan, he/she may attach a written explanation in lieu of his/her signature**.
3. Add rows as needed to ensure that all SLT members are listed.
4. The original copy, along with any written communications pertaining to this page, is to remain on file in the principal's office and be made available upon written request.
5. Names of SLT members must be added to this form for posting. The signed original documents must be maintained on file at the school.

Name	Position and Constituent Group Represented	Signature
Elana Elster	*Principal or Designee	
Anne Marie Nowak	*UFT Chapter Leader or Designee	
Jill Bobigan	*PA/PTA President or Designated Co-President	
Vernell Simmons	DC 37 Representative, if applicable	
	Student Representative *(optional for elementary and middle schools; a minimum of two members required for high schools)*	
	CBO Representative, if applicable	
Andrew Bergen	Member/ Teacher	
Sandra Levy	Member/ Parent	
Janet Cohen	Member/ Parent	
Barbara Reiser	Member/ Parent	
Michael Banino	Member/ Teacher	
Jennifer Misthal	Member/ Teacher	
Charlotte Steel	Member/ Teacher	
Deirdre McEvoy	Member/ Teacher	
Tanya Khotin	Member/ Parent	
Karen Saltser	Member/ Parent	
Dahlia Doumar	Member/ Parent	
	Member/	
	Member/	
	Member/	

**Signature of constituent only indicates participation in the development of the SCEP, not approval. Note: If for any reason a SLT member does not wish to sign this plan, he/she may attach an explanation in lieu of his/her signature which must be maintained on file at the school with the original SLT signature page.

Comprehensive Education Plan (CEP) Requirements

Which Schools Need to Complete the CEP?

All Reward, Recognition, In Good Standing and Local Assistance Plan (LAP) schools should identify and submit annual goals and action plans in consultation with their School Leadership Team (SLT).

- Explicitly delineate the school's plan for annually increasing student performance through comprehensive instructional programs and services as well as the plan for enhancement of teacher and leader effectiveness.

- Address how the school will use its full range of resources (which may include but is not limited to Title I, Title II, and/or Title III, 1003(a) and/or 1003(g) School Improvement, Race to the Top, School Innovation or local funds) to support improvement efforts for the identified sub-group(s) on the identified accountability measures.

- Develop the CEP in consultation with parents, school staff, the School Leadership Team (SLT), and others in accordance with the requirements of Chancellor's Regulations A-655 to provide a meaningful opportunity for stakeholders to participate in the development of the plan and comment on the CEP before it is approved.

Guidance for Developing and Completing the Annual Goals and Action Plan Section

Goal setting for the CEP is done in collaboration with the school community to support student achievement and the implementation of school-wide goals as well as document how your school is meeting Federal, State, and City regulations. For SY 2013-14 when developing their goals, schools should do the following:

- Identify a minimum of three and a maximum of five annual goals.

- Align their goals with the current citywide instructional expectations**.**

- Develop goals that are "SMART" - specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, and time-bound.

- Conduct a needs assessment of your school

- Use quantitative and/or qualitative data in providing the rationale for each goal.

- Cite sources that contributed to the rationale such as the Progress Report, Quality Review, School Survey, state and school assessment results, attendance records, inquiry team work, etc. to form the basis of your needs assessment.

- Align the identified goals to the strategies and activities in your Parent Involvement Policy (PIP). The PIP template is provided on pages 12 and 13. Your school is encouraged to use the template as it is provided, or align it in accordance with your school's goals, or replace it entirely with a Parent Involvement Policy created by your school that meets federal requirements. You may use or amend relevant sections of your PIP so they directly align to the parent involvement activities that support each goal and action plan. All schools should cite strategies to increase parent involvement that align to the goal when applicable. Title I schools should reference these strategies and activities in the school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy (PIP).

- Enumerate the strategies and activities that will be implemented to achieve each goal.

- Identify all fund sources that will be used for the completion of each activity.

- List the projected timeline for completion of each activity, including the start and end date of each activity.

- Describe the programmatic details and resources that will be used for each instructional strategy and activity described for each goal. Do not include the cost for each line-item-expenditure for the strategies and activities listed within the action plans.

School Receiving Title I Funds

School Wide Program (SWP) and Targeted Assistance (TA) Schools receiving Title I funds are required to complete the Title I Information Page located on page 11 of the CEP.

CEP Checklist

All Schools

Indicate using an "X" in the box to the left of each section that the section has been completed	
x	**School Leadership Team Signature Page**
x	**Action Plans 1 – 5 (At least 3 of 5 Action Plans with the following elements)**
	▪ Annual Goal
	▪ Comprehensive Needs Assessment
	▪ Instructional Strategies section, A-E for each new strategy or activity that supports the goal
	▪ Budget & Resource Alignment section (indicating all funding sources)
x	**Academic Intervention Services (AIS)**
	Title I Plan (Only for schools receiving Title I funding)
x	**Parent Involvement Policy (PIP)**

Goal and Action Plan #1

Use this template to identify an annual goal. Respond to each section to indicate strategies and activities in support of accomplishing this goal.

Annual Goal #1

Describe a goal you have identified for the year. Refer to the directions and guidance for assistance in developing your goals.
By June 2014, 90% of the teachers will have engaged with their colleagues in the planning of curriculum which aligns with the Common Core Learning Standards, with the goal of increasing student achievement, improving instruction and unifying the academic program throughout the school.

Comprehensive Needs Assessment

Describe the identified need that generated this goal. The needs assessment should encompass the entire school and be based on the performance of students, in relation to State academic content and student achievement standards.
In 2010, the NYSED adopted the Common Core Standards. The New York City Department of Education 2013-2014 Instructional Expectations state that curricula must be aligned to standards in all content areas. Furthermore, the Expectations state that schools must engage in activities that include revising curricula and building a shared vision of what effective teaching looks like.

Instructional Strategies/Activities

Describe the research-based school wide reform instructional strategies and activities that will be used to achieve the goal in part A. Enumerate each strategy/activity and its corresponding subsection in parts B, C, D, and E. For each strategy/activity identified in part A, a corresponding item must be provided in parts B, C, D, and E.
A. Strategies/activities that encompass the needs of identified subgroups
1. The teachers will meet on a regular basis to plan units and lessons which align with the CCLS. The work will be documented in the curriculum documents. All students will be the beneficiaries of the implementation of the new curriculum.
B. Key personnel and other resources used to implement each strategy/activity
1. Teachers will work in subject and grade level teams in order to develop the curriculum and instructional methods for meeting the objectives of it. The administrators will review unit plans. Network coaches will also work with teachers to augment the curriculum work and to serve as a resource.
C. Identify targets to evaluate the progress, effectiveness, and impact of each strategy/activity
1. Teachers will continue to revise the curriculum as they implement the various units and evaluate student progress and understanding. Activities, assessments, projects and materials will continually be evaluated through feedback received in the form of student work and student engagement. By January 31, 2014, the teachers will have refined and supplemented the units from the first half of the year. By June26, 2014, the teachers will have revised and supplemented the units from the second half of the year.
D. Timeline for implementation and completion including start and end dates
1. This process will be a continuous one from September through June. Teachers will meet each week on Mondays to engage in this work.
E. Describe programmatic details and resources that will be used to support each instructional strategy/activity
1. Teachers will use Google Documents in order to plan the curriculum, refine lessons and units, develop materials and create a platform in which all can have access to the materials and everyone has the ability to contribute. Teachers will also compile folders of resources that will be made available to all the teachers for easy access and reference.

Strategies to Increase Parental Involvement

All schools should cite strategies to increase parent involvement that aligned to the goal when applicable. Title I schools should reference these activities in your school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy (PIP).
A PTA Meeting will focus on educating the parents about the Common Core Curriculum

Budget and Resource Alignment

Indicate using an "X" the fund source(s) that your school is using to support the instructional goal.											
x	**Tax Levy**		**Title IA**		**Title IIA**		**Title III**		**Set Aside**		**Grants**
List any additional fund sources your school is using to support the instructional goal below.											

Goal and Action Plan #2

Use this template to identify an annual goal. Respond to each section to indicate strategies and activities in support of accomplishing this goal.

Annual Goal #2

Describe a goal you have identified for the year. Refer to the directions and guidance for assistance in developing your goals.
By June 2014, 100% of the teachers will have participated in professional development specifically related to instructional practices designed to increase student

achievement and engagement.

Comprehensive Needs Assessment

Describe the identified need that generated this goal. The needs assessment should encompass the entire school and be based on the performance of students, in relation to State academic content and student achievement standards.

The rollout of the Danielson Framework for the evaluation of teachers, necessitates that teachers receive training that includes understanding the Framework, using the rubric and how teacher ratings are generated. Furthermore, teachers and administrators need to further develop a shared school-wide understanding of what effective teaching looks like in all content areas.

Instructional Strategies/Activities

Describe the research-based school wide reform instructional strategies and activities that will be used to achieve the goal in part A. Enumerate each strategy/activity and its corresponding subsection in parts B, C, D, and E. For each strategy/activity identified in part A, a corresponding item must be provided in parts B, C, D, and E.

A. Strategies/activities that encompass the needs of identified subgroups

1. Teachers will meet weekly to plan instructional activities aligned to the curriculum.
2. Teachers will conduct peer visitations with the goal of improving their own practice.
3. Regular classroom observations will provide feedback to teachers on a monthly basis.
4. Professional development through the CFN Network will help teachers explore a variety of different strategies in their classroom.
5. Teachers need to receive professional development in order to fully understand the components of Danielson's Framework for Teaching.
6. Teachers need to develop a school-wide plan that will ensure the coherent implementation of specific instructional practices.

B. Key personnel and other resources used to implement each strategy/activity

1. The administrators, teacher leaders, network instructional specialists and NYC DOE personnel will serve as resources for this process.

C. Identify targets to evaluate the progress, effectiveness, and impact of each strategy/activity

1. Teacher observations will demonstrate an improvement in teacher practice.
2. Teacher observations will document the use of diverse instructional strategies.
3. Teacher observations will document the integration of technology and other educational resources into the instructional strategies.
4. Measures of student achievement (MOSLs, grades, NYS test scores) will document the effect of instructional strategies on student achievement.

D. Timeline for implementation and completion including start and end dates

1. This work will begin in July 2013 and continue through June 2014.

E. Describe programmatic details and resources that will be used to support each instructional strategy/activity

1. Teachers will Professional development through the CFN Network will help teachers explore a variety of different strategies in their classroom.
2. New and novice teachers will be assigned a mentor with whom they can work. In addition, there will be weekly professional development with the administration.
3. Teachers will conduct peer observations in order to broaden their repertoire.
4. The faculty will use the resources available through ARIS Learn to help them explore different instructional practices.

Strategies to Increase Parental Involvement

All schools should cite strategies to increase parent involvement that aligned to the goal when applicable. Title I schools should reference these activities in your school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy (PIP).

An orientation to the Danielson Framework will be presented to the parents at a PTA meeting and through the SLT.

Budget and Resource Alignment

Indicate using an "X" the fund source(s) that your school is using to support the instructional goal.

x	**Tax Levy**		**Title IA**		**Title IIA**		**Title III**		**Set Aside**	**x**	**Grants**

List any additional fund sources your school is using to support the instructional goal below.

Goal and Action Plan #3

Use this template to identify an annual goal. Respond to each section to indicate strategies and activities in support of accomplishing this goal.

Annual Goal #3

Describe a goal you have identified for the year. Refer to the directions and guidance for assistance in developing your goals.

65% of students will make progress on the Spring 2014 New York State ELA exam.

Comprehensive Needs Assessment

Describe the identified need that generated this goal. The needs assessment should encompass the entire school and be based on the performance of students, in relation to State academic content and student achievement standards.

Data from the 2012-2013 New York City Progress Report revealed that the school earned 7.9 out of a possible 15 points for overall growth in ELA. Furthermore, the lowest third of the students require more academic support to reach grade level.

Instructional Strategies/Activities

Describe the research-based school wide reform instructional strategies and activities that will be used to achieve the goal in part A. Enumerate each strategy/activity and its corresponding subsection in parts B, C, D, and E. For each strategy/activity identified in part A, a corresponding item must be provided in parts B, C, D, and E.

A. Strategies/activities that encompass the needs of identified subgroups

All students will take baseline assessments in ELA. Teachers will use the data from these assessments, the 2013 ELA exam and their own assessments to address areas of deficiency.
Students who scored below grade level on the Spring 2013 ELA Exam, will receive targeted instruction during Early Academy and during humanities class.
All students will receive targeted assistance with the goal of making progress.
ELL students will receive targeted ESL instruction using a push-in model.
Teachers will modify their lessons in order to address the gap between what the students are able to do and what they are required to do.

B. Key personnel and other resources used to implement each strategy/activity

1. All staff members will participate in professional development activities designed to help students improve their reading and writing skills. Administrators will plan some of the professional development activities and coordinate the others.
2.

C. Identify targets to evaluate the progress, effectiveness, and impact of each strategy/activity

1. The use of baseline (September/October 2013) and teacher created assessments (November, January, April and June) will help track student progress.
2. On going class based assignments and assessments will also provide continuous feedback to track progress.
3.

D. Timeline for implementation and completion including start and end dates

1. September 2013-June 2014.

E. Describe programmatic details and resources that will be used to support each instructional strategy/activity

1. 1. Teachers will receive frequent feedback designed to improve practice and ultimately increase student achievement.
2. Collaboration among teachers on a regular basis will lead to the pooling of resources and expertise.
3. Organizational and programmatic decisions will be made to ensure that the students receive support.
4. The use of Universal Design for Learning will ensure that all learners have access.

Strategies to Increase Parental Involvement

All schools should cite strategies to increase parent involvement that aligned to the goal when applicable. Title I schools should reference these activities in your school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy (PIP).

Parents will be invited to several programs geared to learning more about the ELA assessment, developing strategies they can use to help their children improve and an understanding of how to interpret the results and the ARIS reports.

Budget and Resource Alignment

Indicate using an "X" the fund source(s) that your school is using to support the instructional goal.

x	Tax Levy		Title IA		Title IIA		Title III		Set Aside		Grants

List any additional fund sources your school is using to support the instructional goal below.

Goal and Action Plan #4

Use this template to identify an annual goal. Respond to each section to indicate strategies and activities in support of accomplishing this goal.

Annual Goal #4

Describe a goal you have identified for the year. Refer to the directions and guidance for assistance in developing your goals.

Comprehensive Needs Assessment

Describe the identified need that generated this goal. The needs assessment should encompass the entire school and be based on the performance of students, in relation to State academic content and student achievement standards.

Instructional Strategies/Activities

Describe the research-based school wide reform instructional strategies and activities that will be used to achieve the goal in part A. Enumerate each strategy/activity and its corresponding

subsection in parts B, C, D, and E. For each strategy/activity identified in part A, a corresponding item must be provided in parts B, C, D, and E.
A. Strategies/activities that encompass the needs of identified subgroups
1.
B. Key personnel and other resources used to implement each strategy/activity
1.
C. Identify targets to evaluate the progress, effectiveness, and impact of each strategy/activity
1.
D. Timeline for implementation and completion including start and end dates
1.
E. Describe programmatic details and resources that will be used to support each instructional strategy/activity
1.

Strategies to Increase Parental Involvement

All schools should cite strategies to increase parent involvement that aligned to the goal when applicable. Title I schools should reference these activities in your school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy (PIP).

Budget and Resource Alignment

Indicate using an "X" the fund source(s) that your school is using to support the instructional goal.											
	Tax Levy		**Title IA**		**Title IIA**		**Title III**		**Set Aside**		**Grants**
List any additional fund sources your school is using to support the instructional goal below.											

Goal and Action Plan #5

Use this template to identify an annual goal. Respond to each section to indicate strategies and activities in support of accomplishing this goal.

Annual Goal #5

Describe a goal you have identified for the year. Refer to the directions and guidance for assistance in developing your goals.

Comprehensive Needs Assessment

Describe the identified need that generated this goal. The needs assessment should encompass the entire school and be based on the performance of students, in relation to State academic content and student achievement standards.

Instructional Strategies/Activities

Describe the research-based school wide reform instructional strategies and activities that will be used to achieve the goal in part A. Enumerate each strategy/activity and its corresponding subsection in parts B, C, D, and E. For each strategy/activity identified in part A, a corresponding item must be provided in parts B, C, D, and E.
A. Strategies/activities that encompass the needs of identified subgroups
1.
B. Key personnel and other resources used to implement each strategy/activity
1.
C. Identify targets to evaluate the progress, effectiveness, and impact of each strategy/activity
1.
D. Timeline for implementation and completion including start and end dates
1.
E. Describe programmatic details and resources that will be used to support each instructional strategy/activity
1.

Strategies to Increase Parental Involvement

All schools should cite strategies to increase parent involvement that aligned to the goal when applicable. Title I schools should reference these activities in your school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy (PIP).

Budget and Resource Alignment

Indicate using an “X” the fund source(s) that your school is using to support the instructional goal.											
	Tax Levy		**Title IA**		**Title IIA**		**Title III**		**Set Aside**		**Grants**
List any additional fund sources your school is using to support the instructional goal below.											

Academic Intervention Services (AIS)

Schools need to maintain accurate records of students who are receiving Academic Intervention Services to ensure that students who are not at proficiency receive effective and timely assistance. These records need to be made available upon request and indicate the total number of students receiving AIS in each subject area listed below and for each applicable grade in your school.

Description

Type of Academic Intervention Service (AIS)	**Type of Program or strategy *(e.g. repeated readings, interactive writings, etc.)***	**Method for delivery of service *(e.g. small group, one-to-one, tutoring, etc.)***	**When the service is provided *(e.g. during the school day, before or after school, etc.)***
ELA	Wilson, Great Leaps, Basic Writing, Rewards, Options	Small group instruction.	Early Academy (before school) After school homework help is available for all students in order to support their academic achievement.
Mathematics	Prentice Hall I:ntervention Kit	Small group instruction	Early Academy (before school) After school homework help is available for all students in order to support their academic achievement.
Science	Direct Instruction	One-to-One	After school homework help is available for all students in order to support their academic achievement
Social Studies	Direct Instruction	One-to-One	After school homework help is available for all students in order to support their academic achievement
At-risk services *(e.g. provided by the Guidance Counselor, School Psychologist, Social Worker, etc.)*	Counseling services by Guidance Counselor, School Psychologist, Social Worker or Health Clinic	Individual intervention by the school psychologist, individual and group sessions by the social worker and guidance counselors.	During the school day

Title I Information Page (TIP)

For Schools Receiving Title I Funding

- All elements of the *All Title I Schools* section must be completed*.
- School Wide Program (SWP) schools must also complete the *SWP Schools Only* section.
- Targeted Assistance (TA) Schools must also complete the *TAS Schools Only* section

*If a required component is addressed elsewhere in this plan, you may refer to the page number(s) where the response can be found.

Title I Status

Indicate with an "X" your school's Title I Status.					
	School Wide Program (SWP)		**Targeted Assistance (TA) Schools**	**x**	**Non-Title I**

All Title I Schools

Highly Qualified Teachers (HQT)

Describe the strategies and activities including strategies for recruitment, retention, assignments, and support including high quality professional development that ensures staff is highly qualified.

High Quality and Ongoing Professional Development

Describe the strategies and activities for high quality professional development for teachers, principals, and paraprofessionals, and staff that enable all students to meet Common Core State Standards (CCSS).

Coordination and Integration of Federal, State, and Local Services and Programs

Describe how the coordination and integration of Federal, State, and/or local funds are used to meet ***the intent and purpose*** programs whose funds are consolidated (i.e., services for Students in Temporary Housing (STH), violence prevention programs, housing programs, Head Start, etc.).

SWP Schools Only

Transition Plans to Assist Preschool Children ***(Elementary Schools Only)***

Describe the transition plans used to assist preschool children from early childhood programs to the elementary school program (e.g. aligned curriculum, joint PD & parent involvement activities, sharing of records/info, early intervention services, etc.).

Measures to Include Teachers in Decisions Regarding Assessments

Describe the decision making process that teachers participate in regarding the use and selection of appropriate multiple assessment measures and the professional development provided regarding the use of assessment results to improve instruction.

TA Schools Only

Use of Program Resources

Describe how the TA program resources will assist participating children to meet proficiency.

TA Coordination with the Regular Program

Describe the planning, coordination and support of the TA program with the regular educational program (i.e., providing ELT, accelerated, high–quality curriculum, including applied learning; and minimize removing children from the regular classroom during regular school day).

Directions and Guidance for Developing and Updating the Parent Involvement Policy (PIP) *(Required for Title I Schools ONLY)*

The template below meets the parental involvement requirements of Title I. Your school is encouraged to use the template below to update your school's current policy or replace it entirely with a Parent Involvement Policy created by your school that meets federal requirements. The activities and/or strategies included in your school's policy should align with current CEP goals for improving student achievement.

The PIP should describe how your school will plan and implement effective parent involvement activities and/or strategies to improve student academic achievement and school performance. The School-Parent Compact is a component of the PIP that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share this responsibility. Schools are encouraged to include feedback from the Parent Coordinator when updating the policy. In addition, if your school community will be engaged this year in central parent involvement initiatives, such as Parent Academy, which will provide training for school communities to help strengthen family-school partnerships, please be sure to include these activities in your policy.

Parent Involvement Policy (PIP) Template

Educational research shows a positive correlation between effective parental involvement and student achievement. The overall aim of this policy is to develop a parent involvement program that will ensure effective involvement of parents and community in our school. Therefore, our school, in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act, is responsible for creating and implementing a parent involvement policy to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between our school and the families. Our school's policy is designed to keep parents informed by actively involving them in planning and decision-making in support of the education of their children. Parents are encouraged to actively participate on the School Leadership Team, Parent Association, and Title I Parent Committee as trained volunteers and welcomed members of our school community. Our school will support parents and families of Title I students by:

- providing materials and training to help parents work with their children to improve their achievement level, e.g., literacy, math and use of technology;
- providing parents with the information and training needed to effectively become involved in planning and decision making in support of the education of their children;
- fostering a caring and effective home-school partnership to ensure that parents can effectively support and monitor their child's progress;
- providing assistance to parents in understanding City, State and Federal standards and assessments;
- sharing information about school and parent related programs, meetings and other activities in a format, and in languages that parents can understand;
- providing professional development opportunities for school staff with the assistance of parents to improve outreach, communication skills and cultural competency in order to build stronger ties between parents and other members of our school community;

Our school's Parent Involvement Policy was designed based upon a careful assessment of the needs of all parents/guardians, including parents/guardians of English Language Learners and students with disabilities. Our school community will conduct an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of this parent involvement policy with Title I parents to improve the academic quality of our school. The findings of the evaluation through school surveys and feedback forms will be used to design strategies to more effectively meet the needs of parents, and enhance the school's Title I program. This information will be maintained by the school.

In developing the Title I Parent Involvement Policy, parents of Title I participating students, parent members of the school's Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association), as well as parent members of the School Leadership Team, were consulted on the proposed Title I Parent

Involvement Policy and asked to survey their members for additional input. To increase and improve parent involvement and school quality, our school will:

- actively involve and engage parents in the planning, review and evaluation of the effectiveness of the school's Title I program as outlined in the Comprehensive Educational Plan, including the implementation of the school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact;

- engage parents in discussion and decisions regarding the required Title I set-aside funds, which are allocated directly to schools to promote parent involvement, including family literacy and parenting skills;

- ensure that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities and strategies as described in our Parent Involvement Policy and the School-Parent Compact;

- support school-level committees that include parents who are members of the School Leadership Team, the Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Committee. This includes providing technical support and ongoing professional development, especially in developing leadership skills;

- maintain a Parent Coordinator (or a dedicated staff person) to serve as a liaison between the school and families. The Parent Coordinator or a dedicated staff person will provide parent workshops based on the assessed needs of the parents of children who attend our school and will work to ensure that our school environment is welcoming and inviting to all parents. The Parent Coordinator will also maintain a log of events and activities planned for parents each month and file a report with the central office.;

- conduct parent workshops with topics that may include: parenting skills, understanding educational accountability grade-level curriculum and assessment expectations; literacy, accessing community and support services; and technology training to build parents' capacity to help their children at home;

- provide opportunities for parents to help them understand the accountability system, e.g., NCLB/State accountability system, student proficiency levels, Annual School Report Card, Progress Report, Quality Review Report, Learning Environment Survey Report;

- host the required Annual Title I Parent Meeting on or before December 1st of each school year to advise parents of children participating in the Title I program about the school's Title I funded program(s), their right to be involved in the program and the parent involvement requirements under Title I, Part A, Section 1118 and other applicable sections under the No Child Left Behind Act;

- schedule additional parent meetings, e.g., quarterly meetings, with flexible times, such as meetings in the morning or evening, to share information about the school's educational program and other initiatives of the Chancellor and allow parents to provide suggestions;

- translate all critical school documents and provide interpretation during meetings and events as needed;

- conduct an Annual Title I Parent Fair/Event where all parents are invited to attend formal presentations and workshops that address their student academic skill needs and what parents can do to help;

Our school will further encourage school-level parental involvement by:

- holding an annual Title I Parent Curriculum Conference;
- hosting educational family events/activities during Parent-Teacher Conferences and throughout the school year;
- encouraging meaningful parent participation on School Leadership Teams, Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Committee;
- supporting or hosting Family Day events;
- establishing a Parent Resource Center/Area or lending library; instructional materials for parents;
- hosting events to support, men asserting leadership in education for their children. parents/guardians, grandparents and foster parents;
- encouraging more parents to become trained school volunteers;

- providing written and verbal progress reports that are periodically given to keep parents informed of their children's progress;
- developing and distributing a school newsletter or web publication designed to keep parents informed about school activities and student progress;
- providing school planners/folders for regular written communication between /teacher and the home in a format, and to the extent practicable in the languages that parents can understand;

SCHOOL-PARENT COMPACT

REQUIRED OF ALL SCHOOLS

CAN BE LAST YEARS BUT MUST BE UPDATED

Our school, in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act, is implementing a School-Parent Compact to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between the school and the families. Staff and parents of students participating in activities and programs funded by Title I, agree that this Compact outlines how parents, the entire school staff and students will share responsibility for improved academic achievement and the means by which a school-parent partnership will be developed to ensure that all children achieve State Standards and Assessments.

I. School Responsibilities

Provide high quality curriculum and instruction consistent with State Standards to enable participating children to meet the State's Standards and Assessments by:

- using academic learning time efficiently;
- respecting cultural, racial and ethnic differences;
- implementing a curriculum aligned to the Common Core State Learning Standards;
- offering high quality instruction in all content areas;
- providing instruction by highly qualified teachers and when this does not occur, notifying parents as required by the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act;

Support home-school relationships and improve communication by:

- conducting parent-teacher conferences each semester during which the individual child's achievement will be discussed as well as how this Compact is related;
- convening an Annual Title I Parent Meeting prior to December 1st of each school year for parents of students participating in the Title I program to inform them of the school's Title I status and funded programs and their right to be involved;
- arranging additional meetings at other flexible times, e.g., morning, evening and providing (if necessary and funds are available) transportation or child care for those parents who cannot attend a regular meeting;
- respecting the rights of limited English proficient families to receive translated documents and interpretation services in order to ensure participation in the child's education;
- providing information related to school and parent programs, meetings and other activities is sent to parents of participating children in a format and to the extent practicable in a language that parents can understand;
- involving parents in the planning process to review, evaluate and improve the existing Title I programs, Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
- providing parents with timely information regarding performance profiles and individual student assessment results for each child and other pertinent individual school information;
- ensuring that the Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact are distributed and discussed with parents each year;

Provide parents reasonable access to staff by:

- ensuring that staff will have access to interpretation services in order to effectively communicate with limited English speaking parents;
- notifying parents of the procedures to arrange an appointment with their child's teacher or other school staff member;
- arranging opportunities for parents to receive training to volunteer and participate in their child's class, and to observe classroom activities;
- planning activities for parents during the school year, e.g., Parent-Teacher Conferences;

Provide general support to parents by:

- creating a safe, supportive and effective learning community for students and a welcoming respectful environment for parents and guardians;
- assisting parents in understanding academic achievement standards and assessments and how to monitor their child's progress by providing professional development opportunities (times will be scheduled so that the majority of parents can attend);
- sharing and communicating best practices for effective communication, collaboration and partnering will all members of the school community;
- supporting parental involvement activities as requested by parents;
- ensuring that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities as described in this Compact and the Parent Involvement Policy;
- advising parents of their right to file a complaint under the Department's General Complaint Procedures and consistent with the No Child Left Behind Title I requirement for Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA) and Title I programs;

II. Parent/Guardian Responsibilities:

- monitor my child's attendance and ensure that my child arrives to school on time as well as follow the appropriate procedures to inform the school when my child is absent;
- ensure that my child comes to school rested by setting a schedule for bedtime based on the needs of my child and his/her age;
- check and assist my child in completing homework tasks, when necessary;
- read to my child and/or discuss what my child is reading each day (for a minimum of 15 minutes);
- set limits to the amount of time my child watches television or plays video games;
- promote positive use of extracurricular time such as, extended day learning opportunities, clubs, team sports and/or quality family time;
- encourage my child to follow school rules and regulations and discuss this Compact with my child;
- volunteer in my child's school or assist from my home as time permits;
- participate, as appropriate, in the decisions relating to my child's education;
- communicate with my child's teacher about educational needs and stay informed about their education by prompting reading and responding to all notices received from the school or district;
- respond to surveys, feedback forms and notices when requested;
- become involved in the development, implementation, evaluation and revision to the Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
- participate in or request training offered by the school, district, central and/or State Education Department learn more about teaching and learning strategies whenever possible;
- take part in the school's Parent Association or Parent-Teacher Association or serve to the extent possible on advisory groups, e.g., Title I Parent Committees, School or District Leadership Teams;
- share responsibility for the improved academic achievement of my child;

III. Student Responsibilities:

- attend school regularly and arrive on time;
- complete my homework and submit all assignments on time;
- follow the school rules and be responsible for my actions;
- show respect for myself, other people and property;
- try to resolve disagreements or conflicts peacefully;
- always try my best to learn.

Educational research shows a positive correlation between effective parental involvement and student achievement. The overall aim of this policy is to develop a parent involvement program that will ensure effective involvement of parents and community in our school. Therefore, our school, in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act, is responsible for creating and implementing a parent involvement policy to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between our school and the families. Our school's policy is designed to keep parents informed by actively involving them in planning and decision-making in support of the education of their children. Parents are encouraged to actively participate on the School Leadership Team, Parent Association, and Title I Parent Committee as trained volunteers and welcomed members of our school community. Our school will support parents and families of Title I students by:

- providing materials and training to help parents work with their children to improve their achievement level, e.g., literacy, math and use of technology;

- providing parents with the information and training needed to effectively become involved in planning and decision making in support of the education of their children;

- fostering a caring and effective home-school partnership to ensure that parents can effectively support and monitor their child's progress;

- providing assistance to parents in understanding City, State and Federal standards and assessments;

- sharing information about school and parent related programs, meetings and other activities in a format, and in languages that parents can understand;

- providing professional development opportunities for school staff with the assistance of parents to improve outreach, communication skills and cultural competency in order to build stronger ties between parents and other members of our school community;

Our school's Parent Involvement Policy was designed based upon a careful assessment of the needs of all parents/guardians, including parents/guardians of English Language Learners and students with disabilities. Our school community will conduct an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of this parent involvement policy with Title I parents to improve the academic quality of our school. The findings of the evaluation through school surveys and feedback forms will be used to design strategies to more effectively meet the needs of parents, and enhance the school's Title I program. This information will be maintained by the school.

In developing the Title I Parent Involvement Policy, parents of Title I participating students, parent members of the school's Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association), as well as parent members of the School Leadership Team, were consulted on the proposed Title I Parent Involvement Policy and asked to survey their members for additional input. To increase and improve parent involvement and school quality, our school will:

- actively involve and engage parents in the planning, review and evaluation of the effectiveness of the school's Title I program as outlined in the Comprehensive Educational Plan, including the implementation of the school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact;

- engage parents in discussion and decisions regarding the required Title I set-aside funds, which are allocated directly to schools to promote parent involvement, including family literacy and parenting skills;

- ensure that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities and strategies as described in our Parent Involvement Policy and the School-Parent Compact;

- support school-level committees that include parents who are members of the School Leadership Team, the Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Committee. This includes providing technical support and ongoing professional development, especially in developing leadership skills;

- maintain a Parent Coordinator (or a dedicated staff person) to serve as a liaison between the school and families. The Parent Coordinator or a dedicated staff person will provide parent workshops based on the assessed needs of the parents of children who attend our school and will work to ensure that our school environment is welcoming and inviting to all parents. The Parent Coordinator will also maintain a log of events and activities planned for parents each month and file a report with the central office.;

- conduct parent workshops with topics that may include: parenting skills, understanding educational accountability grade-level curriculum and assessment expectations; literacy, accessing community and support services; and technology training to build parents' capacity to help their children at home;

- provide opportunities for parents to help them understand the accountability system, e.g., NCLB/State accountability system, student proficiency levels, Annual School Report Card, Progress Report, Quality Review Report, Learning Environment Survey Report;

- host the required Annual Title I Parent Meeting on or before December 1st of each school year to advise parents of children participating in the Title I program about the school's Title I funded program(s), their right to be involved in the program and the parent involvement requirements under Title I, Part A, Section 1118 and other applicable sections under the No Child Left Behind Act;

- schedule additional parent meetings, e.g., quarterly meetings, with flexible times, such as meetings in the morning or evening, to share information about the school's educational program and other initiatives of the Chancellor and allow parents to provide suggestions;

- translate all critical school documents and provide interpretation during meetings and events as needed;

- conduct an Annual Title I Parent Fair/Event where all parents are invited to attend formal presentations and workshops that address their student academic skill needs and what parents can do to help;

Our school will further encourage school-level parental involvement by:

- holding an annual Title I Parent Curriculum Conference;
- hosting educational family events/activities during Parent-Teacher Conferences and throughout the school year;
- encouraging meaningful parent participation on School Leadership Teams, Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Committee;
- supporting or hosting Family Day events;
- establishing a Parent Resource Center/Area or lending library; instructional materials for parents;
- hosting events to support, men asserting leadership in education for their children. parents/guardians, grandparents and foster parents;
- encouraging more parents to become trained school volunteers;
- providing written and verbal progress reports that are periodically given to keep parents informed of their children's progress;
- developing and distributing a school newsletter or web publication designed to keep parents informed about school activities and student progress;
- providing school planners/folders for regular written communication between /teacher and the home in a format, and to the extent practicable in the languages that parents can understand;

SCHOOL-PARENT COMPACT

REQUIRED OF ALL SCHOOLS

MAY BE LAST YEARS BUT MUST BE UPDATED

Our school, in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act, is implementing a School-Parent Compact to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between the school and the families. Staff and parents of students participating in activities and programs funded by Title I, agree that this Compact outlines how parents, the entire school staff and students will share responsibility for improved academic achievement and the means by which a school-parent partnership will be developed to ensure that all children achieve State Standards and Assessments.

IV. School Responsibilities

Provide high quality curriculum and instruction consistent with State Standards to enable participating children to meet the State's Standards and Assessments by:

- using academic learning time efficiently;
- respecting cultural, racial and ethnic differences;
- implementing a curriculum aligned to the Common Core State Learning Standards;
- offering high quality instruction in all content areas;
- providing instruction by highly qualified teachers and when this does not occur, notifying parents as required by the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act;

Support home-school relationships and improve communication by:

- conducting parent-teacher conferences each semester during which the individual child's achievement will be discussed as well as how this Compact is related;
- convening an Annual Title I Parent Meeting prior to December 1st of each school year for parents of students participating in the Title I program to inform them of the school's Title I status and funded programs and their right to be involved;
- arranging additional meetings at other flexible times, e.g., morning, evening and providing (if necessary and funds are available) transportation or child care for those parents who cannot attend a regular meeting;
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- providing information related to school and parent programs, meetings and other activities is sent to parents of participating children in a format and to the extent practicable in a language that parents can understand;
- involving parents in the planning process to review, evaluate and improve the existing Title I programs, Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
- providing parents with timely information regarding performance profiles and individual student assessment results for each child and other pertinent individual school information;
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- notifying parents of the procedures to arrange an appointment with their child's teacher or other school staff member;
- arranging opportunities for parents to receive training to volunteer and participate in their child's class, and to observe classroom activities;
- planning activities for parents during the school year, e.g., Parent-Teacher Conferences;

Provide general support to parents by:

- creating a safe, supportive and effective learning community for students and a welcoming respectful environment for parents and guardians;
- assisting parents in understanding academic achievement standards and assessments and how to monitor their child's progress by providing professional development opportunities (times will be scheduled so that the majority of parents can attend);

- sharing and communicating best practices for effective communication, collaboration and partnering will all members of the school community;
- supporting parental involvement activities as requested by parents;
- ensuring that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities as described in this Compact and the Parent Involvement Policy;
- advising parents of their right to file a complaint under the Department's General Complaint Procedures and consistent with the No Child Left Behind Title I requirement for Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA) and Title I programs;

V. Parent/Guardian Responsibilities:

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- read to my child and/or discuss what my child is reading each day (for a minimum of 15 minutes);
- set limits to the amount of time my child watches television or plays video games;
- promote positive use of extracurricular time such as, extended day learning opportunities, clubs, team sports and/or quality family time;
- encourage my child to follow school rules and regulations and discuss this Compact with my child;
- volunteer in my child's school or assist from my home as time permits;
- participate, as appropriate, in the decisions relating to my child's education;
- communicate with my child's teacher about educational needs and stay informed about their education by prompting reading and responding to all notices received from the school or district;
- respond to surveys, feedback forms and notices when requested;
- become involved in the development, implementation, evaluation and revision to the Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
- participate in or request training offered by the school, district, central and/or State Education Department learn more about teaching and learning strategies whenever possible;
- take part in the school's Parent Association or Parent-Teacher Association or serve to the extent possible on advisory groups, e.g., Title I Parent Committees, School or District Leadership Teams;
- share responsibility for the improved academic achievement of my child;

VI. Student Responsibilities:

- attend school regularly and arrive on time;
- complete my homework and submit all assignments on time;
- follow the school rules and be responsible for my actions;
- show respect for myself, other people and property;
- try to resolve disagreements or conflicts peacefully;
- always try my best to learn.

Office of English Language Learners
Grades K-12 Language Allocation Policy
Submission Form
2013-14 to 2014-15 School Years

DIRECTIONS: This submission form assists schools with gathering and organizing the quantitative and qualitative information necessary for a well-conceived school-based language allocation policy (LAP) that describes quality ELL programs. This is a two-year plan on how schools will support ELLs' linguistic and academic needs. This LAP form is a part of the school's CEP. Agendas and minutes of LAP meetings should be kept readily available on file in the school. Also, when preparing your school's submission, provide extended responses in the green spaces. Spell-check has been disabled in this file, so consider typing responses to these questions in a separate file before copying them into the submission form. For additional information, hold your cursor over the ⓘ.

Part I: School ELL Profile

A. School Information ⓘ

District 03	Borough Manhattan	School Number 054
School Name Booker T. Washington Ms 54		

B. Language Allocation Policy Team Composition ⓘ

NOTE: The following staff members should be on the LAP team: principal, assistant principal (where applicable), at least one bilingual teacher from each subject area (where there is a bilingual program), at least one ESL teacher, and one parent.

Principal Elana Elster	Assistant Principal Laura Lynch Geraghty (IA)
Coach type here	Coach type here
ESL Teacher Donna Smith	Guidance Counselor Darlene Collet
Teacher/Subject Area Marisol Rosario/Science	Parent type here
Teacher/Subject Area type here	Parent Coordinator Beth Servetar
Related Service Provider Virginia Young	Other type here
Network Leader(Only if working with the LAP team) type here	Other type here

C. Teacher Qualifications

Please provide a report of all staff members' certifications referred to in this section. Press TAB after each number entered to calculate sums and percentages.

Number of certified ESL teachers currently teaching in the ESL program.	1	Number of certified bilingual teachers not currently teaching in a bilingual program	1	Number of teachers who hold both content area and ESL certification	0
Number of certified bilingual teachers currently teaching in a bilingual program	0	Number of certified NLA/foreign language teachers	1	Number of teachers who hold both a bilingual extension and ESL certification	0
Number of certified ESL teachers not currently teaching in the ESL program	0	Number of teachers currently teaching a self-contained ESL class who hold both a common branch license and ESL certification	0	Number of special education teachers with bilingual extensions	0

D. Student Demographics

Total number of students in school (Excluding Pre-K)	816	Total number of ELLs	19	ELLs as share of total student population (%)	2.33%

Part II: ELL Demographics

A. ELL Programs

This school serves the following grades (includes ELLs and EPs) Check all that apply	K☐ 1☐ 2☐ 3☐ 4☐ 5☐ 6☒ 7☒ 8☒ 9☐ 10☐ 11☐ 12☐

This school offers (check all that apply):

Transitional bilingual education program	Yes☐	No☒	If yes, indicate language(s): 0
Dual language program	Yes☐	No☒	If yes, indicate language(s):

Provide the number of classes for each ELL program model at your school. For all-day programs (e.g., Transitional Bilingual Education, Dual Language, and Self-Contained ESL), classes refer to a cohort of students served in a day. For push-in ESL classes, refer to the separate periods in a day in which students are served. Departmentalized schools (e.g., high school) may use the self-contained row.

ELL Program Breakdown														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Tot #
Transitional Bilingual Education (60%:40% → 50%:50% → 75%:25%)														0
Dual Language (50%:50%)														0
Freestanding ESL														
SELECT ONE							0	0	0					0
SELECT ONE														0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

B. ELL Years of Service and Programs

Number of ELLs by Subgroups					
All ELLs	18	**Newcomers (ELLs receiving service 0-3 years)**	3	**ELL Students with Disabilities**	15
SIFE	0	**ELLs receiving service 4-6 years**	0	**Long-Term (completed 6+ years)**	15

Enter the number of ELLs by years of identification and program model in each box. Enter the number of ELLs within a subgroup who are also SIFE or SWD. ⓘ

ELLs by Subgroups		
ELLs (0-3 years)	ELLs (4-6 years)	Long-Term ELLs (completed 6 years)

	All	SIFE	SWD	All	SIFE	SWD	All	SIFE	SWD	Total
TBE										0
Dual Language										0
ESL	3	0	2	0	0	0	15	0	10	18
Total	**3**	**0**	**2**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**15**	**0**	**10**	18
Number of ELLs who have an alternate placement paraprofessional: 0										

C. Home Language Breakdown and ELL Programs

Transitional Bilingual Education														
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group														
	K	**1**	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**TOTAL**
Spanish														**0**
														0
French														**0**
TOTAL	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**

*EP=English proficient student

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs*) K-8																				
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group																				
	K		**1**		**2**		**3**		**4**		**5**		**6**		**7**		**8**		**TOTAL**	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP
SELECT ONE																			0	0
SELECT ONE																			0	0
SELECT ONE																			0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs) 9-12										
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group										
	9		**10**		**11**		**12**		**TOTAL**	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP
SELECT ONE									0	0
SELECT ONE									0	0
SELECT ONE									0	0

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs) 9-12										
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group										
	9		**10**		**11**		**12**		**TOTAL**	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

This Section for Dual Language Programs Only	
Number of Bilingual students (students fluent in both languages):	Number of third language speakers:
Ethnic breakdown of EPs (Number): African-American: ___ Asian: ___ Hispanic/Latino: Native American: ___ White (Non-Hispanic/Latino): ___ Other:	

Freestanding English as a Second Language														
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group														
	K	**1**	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**TOTAL**
Spanish							6	4	6					**16**
Chinese							1							**1**
Russian														**0**
Bengali														**0**
Urdu														**0**
Arabic							1							**1**
Haitian														**0**
French							1							**1**
Korean														**0**
Punjabi														**0**
Polish														**0**
Albanian														**0**
Other														**0**
TOTAL	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**9**	**4**	**6**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**19**

Part III: Assessment Analysis

Assessment Breakdown

Enter the number of ELLs for each test, category, and modality. Data should reflect latest results of current students in your school.

OVERALL NYSESLAT* PROFICIENCY RESULTS (*LAB-R FOR NEW ADMITS)														
	K	**1**	**2**	**3**	**4**	**5**	**6**	**7**	**8**	**9**	**10**	**11**	**12**	**TOTAL**
Beginner(B)							0	0	2					**2**

OVERALL NYSESLAT* PROFICIENCY RESULTS (*LAB-R FOR NEW ADMITS)														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Intermediate(I)							3	0	1					4
Advanced (A)							5	4	3					12
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	4	6	0	0	0	0	18

NYSESLAT Modality Analysis														
Modality Aggregate	Proficiency Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LISTENING /SPEAKING	B													
	I								1	2				
	A							4	1	2				
	P							4	2	2				
READING/ WRITING	B							1						
	I							2	3	5				
	A							5	1	1				
	P													

NYS ELA					
Grade	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total
3					0
4					0
5					0
6	5	2			7
7	3	1			4
8	6				6
NYSAA Bilingual (SWD)			2		2

NYS Math									
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
Grade	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
3									0
4									0
5									0
6	5								5
7	3		1						4
8	6								6
NYSAA Bilingual (SWD)									0

NYS Science									
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
4									0
8									0
NYSAA Bilingual (SWD)									0

New York State Regents Exam				
	Number of ELLs Taking Test		Number of ELLs Passing Test	
	English	Native Language	English	Native Language
Comprehensive English				
Integrated Algebra				
Geometry				
Algebra 2/Trigonometry				
Math				
Biology				
Chemistry				
Earth Science				
Living Environment				
Physics				
Global History and				
Geography				
US History and				
Foreign Language				
Government				
Other				
Other				
NYSAA ELA				
NYSAA Mathematics				
NYSAA Social Studies				
NYSAA Science				

Native Language Tests								
	# of ELLs scoring at each quartile (based on percentiles)				# of EPs (dual lang only) scoring at each quartile (based on percentiles)			
	Q1 1-25 percentile	Q2 26-50 percentile	Q3 51-75 percentile	Q4 76-99 percentile	Q1 1-25 percentile	Q2 26-50 percentile	Q3 51-75 percentile	Q4 76-99 percentile
ELE (Spanish Reading Test)								
Chinese Reading Test								

After reviewing and analyzing the assessment data, answer the following:

1. Describe what assessment tool your school uses to assess the early literacy skills of your ELLs (e.g., ECLAS-2, EL SOL, Fountas and Pinnell, DRA, TCRWP). What insights do the data provide about your ELLs? How will this data help inform your school's instructional plan? Please provide any quantitative data available to support your response.
   The NYSESLAT results indicate that our students are strong in making the necessary progress in syllables and identifying initial and final consonants, as well as vowel recognition and blends. The students continue to have difficulties in connecting letter and sounds to produce proficiency in spelling. In addition, the students have most difficulty with reading and oral expression. In the native language assessments, most of the students are performing on level. Those students that are performing below grade level are current new arrivals (beginner ELLs).

   Based on the students' scores, the school leadership and teachers are aware of the students' strengths and weaknesses. With this data, the ESL teachers have created lesson plans in Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking, so instruction can be targeted to areas of need. The lessons are also differentiated with various activities for students to complete at their level. In addition, the school leadership has used these assessments to decrease the ESL teacher student ratio, determine priority topics for professional development and curriculum choices.
   Students that are at an Intermediate level in reading and writing are often at the same level in listening and speaking. Their learning in the different modalities appears to progress at the same pace. With long-term ELLs in the higher grades, the gap between proficiency in reading/writing and listening/speaking is wider.
2. What is revealed by the data patterns across proficiency levels (on the LAB-R and NYSESLAT) and grades?
   The data reveals that across grade levels. most of our ELLs are advanced and their lowest modality, overall is in writing.
3. How will patterns across NYSESLAT modalities—reading/writing and listening/speaking—affect instructional decisions? How does your school use information about Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives? What does the data reveal? (see SED memo and AMAO tool)
   The weakest area of the ELLs is in writing. We have instituted the Judith Hochman Basic Writing Program in our classes in an effort to address this particular area of weakness. The dat reveals that these students are not at grade level in reading and benefit from AIS services.
4. For each program, answer the following:
   a. What are the patterns across proficiencies and grades? How are ELLs faring in tests taken in English as compared to the native language?
   b. Describe how the school leadership and teachers are using the results of the ELL Periodic Assessments.
   c. What is the school learning about ELLs from the Periodic Assessments? How is the native language used?

   In comparison to their peers at this school, the ELLs are not scoring dramatically different from their peers. On both the ELA and math state tests, the ELLs are scoring below grade level.:
5. Describe how your school uses data to guide instruction for ELLs within the Response to Intervention (RtI) framework (for grades K-5). (see *RtI Guide for Teachers of ELLs*.)
   Paste response to question here:
6. How do you make sure that a child's second language development is considered in instructional decisions?
   We believe that work on writing, reading and vocabulary will further support both second language development and native language development. Differentiated strategies will be used to help scaffold the lessons. Teachers of ELL students will receive on-going professional development to help them design instruction to help support their language development.
7. For dual language programs, answer the following:
   a. How are the English-proficient students (EPs) assessed in the second (target) language?
   b. What is the level of language proficiency in the second (target) language for EPs?
   c. How are EPs performing on State and City Assessments?

   Paste response to questions here:
8. Describe how you evaluate the success of your programs for ELLs (e.g. meeting AYP for ELLs, etc.).
   In order to evaluate our program, we focus on the performance of the students on the NYSESLAT, the State Exams and on their Classroom Performance (report cards.)

Part IV: ELL Identification Process

Describe how you identify English Language Learners (ELLs) in your school. Answer the following:

1. Describe the steps followed for the initial identification of ELLs. These steps must include administering the Home Language Identification Survey (HLIS) which includes the informal oral interview in English and in the native language, and the formal initial assessment. Identify the person(s) responsible, including their qualifications, for conducting the initial screening, administering the HLIS, the LAB-R (if necessary), and the formal initial assessment. (Refer to *ELL Policy Brief* and EPIC.)
   In our school when come to register and they indicates it is the first time the child is registering in a NYC public schools; the pupil accounting secretary does a search in ATS to ensure the child was not previously registered in the system and does not have an exam history or that the student did not previously attend a NYC public school and a HILS was not fill out. If the child had attended a school in NYC public school system then the pupil accounting secretary reaches out to the school he/she attended to retrieve his/her records.

   If the child is truly a new admits; ELL coordinator, who is an ESL certified teacher, interviews the parent and assists the parent in filling out the HILS. If there is a need for a translator, the school provides one. If there is no staff member who may translate, the translation unit is called to assist with translation. The child is placed in a class which may be changed within the first 10 days. Parent is notified of such process at the time of registration.
   After the HILS is filled out, ELL coordinator determines if the child needs to be given the LABR as per their HILS. The LABR is administered to the student within ten school days from registration date.
   Coordinator uses the LABR results and parent(s)'s interview to determine if the student needs academic intervention. For students who are SIFE, they will go into the after school program for SIFE, as well as receiving academic intervention services throughout the day.
   Once the LABR is hand-scored; if the LABR indicates the child is an ELL, a class change will be made if necessary.

   Students begin to receive appropriate services,
   Parent coordinator (PC) is notified. Within two days, the PC and ESL teacher invite the parent(s) to an orientation for ELLs parents. ESL teacher informs parents of their rights as parents of students who speak another language other than English. Translation is provided for the parents.

   At the Parents' Orientation, the parent(s) fill(s) out a program selection form. If the parent selects as their first choice a program which is not offer at the school, the parent is inform that the program is not offered at the school that school year. The parent inform of their choices: request a transfer to a school that has the program they selected; to remain in this school and their request to be kept on record and apt for the second choice until their following the school has the appropriate number of request to open the program they've selected. For parents who do not attend Parent's Orientation Meeting, a letter is sent home explaining the process and asking them to fill out the Parent Survey and Program Selection Form and return to the ELL coordinator. The ELL coordinator's contact information is included in the letter and parents are encouraged to make an appointment or call the ELL coordinator for assistance or clarification. In order to assure the form is filled out and returned, a staff member may have to visit the home to assist parent in filling out form and assuring form is returned.

   Student is put on a list, which is kept by ELL coordinator, of students who must take the NYSESLAT. When it's time for students to take the NYSESLAT, the NYSESLAT eligible list is printed from ATS and compare to the ELL coordinator list and discrepancies are corrected. Any student who was entitled as per the HILS and LAB-R take the NYSESLAT test every year.

2. What structures are in place at your school to ensure that parents understand all three program choices (Transitional Bilingual, Dual Language, Freestanding ESL)? Please describe the process, outreach plan, and timelines.
   Parents meet with someone in the District Enrollment Center and are explained their choices. Once they arrive, the family worker

and parent coordinator meet with the parent and once again review the available choices. The parent also has an opportunity to watch an online video about the choices available and to complete a brief orientation.

3. Describe how your school ensures that entitlement letters are distributed and Parent Survey and Program Selection forms are returned, and secured/stored. (If a form is not returned, the default program for ELLs is Transitional Bilingual Education as per CR Part 154 [see tool kit].)
   These letters are presented to the parent when they arrive to register. The parent reads and fills out the form while they are present. Using RLAT and other ATS reports, entitlement letters are generated and sent home.
4. Describe the criteria used and the procedures followed to place identified ELL students in bilingual or ESL instructional programs; description must also include any consultation/communication activities with parents in their native language.
   When they come to the school, parents have already chosen an ESL program. This choice was presented to them at the District Enrollment Center. We verify that the parent wants ESL before continuing the process. The entitlement letters and the placement letters are kept in the students' cummulative folder.
5. Describe the steps taken to administer all sections of the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) to all ELLs each year.
   The NYSESLAT is administered in the spring to all the ELLs. This is done by the ESL teacher. All parts of the NYSESLAT test are administerd as required. Proper testing procedures are folllowed.
6. After reviewing the Parent Survey and Program Selection forms for the past few years, what is the trend in program choices that parents have requested? (Please provide numbers.) Are the program models offered at your school aligned with parent requests? If no, why not? How will you build alignment between parent choice and program offerings? Describe specific steps underway.
   Because parents are told ahead of time that the school only has an ESL Program, they are aware of this when they arrive and do not express a desire for another prrogram.

Part V: ELL Programming

A. Programming and Scheduling Information

1. How is instruction delivered? (see *The Practitioners' Work Group for Accelerating English Language Learner Student Achievement: Nine Common Features of Successful Programs for ELLs*)
    a. What are the organizational models (e.g., departmentalized, push-in [co-teaching], pull-out, collaborative, self-contained)?
    b. What are the program models (e.g., block [class travels together as a group], ungraded [all students regardless of grade are in one class], heterogeneous [mixed proficiency levels], homogeneous [proficiency level is the same in one class])?

    The ELL students travel with a monolingual class, from their specific grade. They are serviced by an ESL teacher who pushes into the classroom.
2. How does the organization of your staff ensure that the mandated number of instructional minutes is provided according to proficiency levels in each program model (TBE, Dual Language, ESL)?
    a. How are explicit ESL, ELA, and NLA instructional minutes delivered in each program model as per CR Part 154 (see table below)?

    SEE BELOW
3. Describe how the content areas are delivered in each program model. Please specify language, and the instructional approaches and methods used to make content comprehensible to foster language development and meet the demands of the Common Core Learning Standards.

    SEE BELOW
4. How do you ensure that ELLs are appropriately evaluated in their native languages throughout the year?

    SEE BELOW

5. How do you ensure that ELLs are appropriately evaluated in all four modalities of English acquisition throughout the year?

    SEE BELOW
6. How do you differentiate instruction for ELL subgroups?
    a. Describe your instructional plan for SIFE.
    b. Describe your plan for ELLs who have been in US schools less than three years (newcomers)..
    c. Describe your plan for ELLs receiving service 4 to 6 years.
    d. Describe your plan for long-term ELLs (completed 6+ years).
    e. Describe your plan for former ELLs (in years 1 and 2 after testing proficient).

    See BELOW:
7. What instructional strategies and grade-level materials do teachers of ELL-SWDs use that both provide access to academic content areas and accelerate English language development?

    SEE BELOW
8. How does your school use curricular, instructional, and scheduling flexibility to enable diverse ELL-SWDs to achieve their IEP goals and attain English proficiency within the least restrictive environment?

    See BELOW

All LEP students are placed in an ESL group by proficiency level no matter their grade; they are grouped either as beginners, intermediated or advanced English proficiency level with no more than 10-12 students in one particular classroom. For example, Beginners are generally in a smaller group for more specialized, small-group instruction. All students at the Beginning, Intermediate or Advance levels are serviced nineteen 47-minute periods/week during stand alone ESL and during ELA, social studies and science. They also offered ESL/small group instruction Monday through Friday for 35 minutes in the morning. The additional support allows reinforcement of strategies taught to support ELLs, as well as, application of those strategies during core curriculum instruction.

Once we had a comprehensive diagnostic, we began to provide Academic Intervention Services (AIS) and English as a Second Language (ESL). The school's school intervention team along with their teachers determines an individualized plan to meet their needs. The students are placed in the ESL class but are given an age-appropriate class for social studies, science and math so that

they are given instruction appropriate to the state testing; especially for 8th grade students. This also allows the students to get the age-appropriate developmental and social skills that are needed to be addressed.

The parents, along with the support of the AIS team and ESL teachers provide support for the student. The AIS and ESL services are comprised of only small groups to support the students' needs.

The student's progress is tracked and monitor on a quarterly basis to ensure that the services are meeting their needs. Teachers use sight words, picture dictionaries, low readability high-interest books, and age appropriate materials that support the curriculum.

Since our goal is to make students reach proficiency in English, we make sure that we provide appropriate materials to support the ELL population. Our ELL populations are supported by using: Leveled libraries in Spanish and English; Balanced Literacy Books; and listening centers. The teachers also use the balanced literacy writing program were they plan for academic language, use stages of language acquisition, scaffolding strategies, and integrate content and language goals in planning for instruction.

If the child is a Beginner, he/she is serviced in a smaller group where more individualized attention is given to meet his or her academic needs. For newly arrived students, teachers also invest a significant amount of time introducing the student to the new culture, school, customs and basic conversational skills. We have specific materials that will support the students' academic needs.
Many of our long-term ELLs also qualify for AIS and are students with special needs. The ESL and AIS teacher will examine their test history and communicate with the classroom teachers to identify the specific needs of the child, which is often mastering the academic language. In addition, developing mastery of the academic language promotes improvement of writing skills.
A large proportion of our long-term ELLs are deficient in the writing modality on the NYSESLAT and ELA. We use an ESL curriculum for upper grades to support the writing in all content areas. The ESL teacher also works with the long-term ELLs to support them in the Balanced Literacy Reading and Writing program. While ESL teachers support the Balanced Literacy block, they also integrate dictionary skill-building, conventions of writing through real-life experiences, group and independent research and other higher-order thinking activities. Since our goal is to make students reach proficiency in English, we make sure that we provide appropriate materials to support the ELL population. Our ELL populations are supported by using: Leveled libraries in Spanish and English; Balanced Literacy Books; and listening centers. The teachers also use the balanced literacy writing program were they plan for academic language, use stages of language acquisition, scaffolding strategies, and integrate content and language goals in planning for instruction

Newly admit are serviced in a smaller group where more individualized attention is given to meet his or her academic needs. For newly arrived students, teachers also invest a significant amount of time introducing the student to the new culture, school, customs and basic conversational skills. Students are mentored by one of their peers who will help them with daily routines and schools' expectations.

We have specific materials that will support the students' academic needs. Teachers use sight words, picture dictionaries, low readability high-interest books, and age appropriate materials that support the curriculum.

Students who have passed the NYSESLAT receive AIS or small group instruction during our morning academy for up to two additional years or longer if needed.
The ESL teachers and the classroom teachers' work together to provide a model that is best for the students. The school provide an ESL teachers create an individualized schedule to ensure that they receive the amount of time they are entitled to for ESL services. They are provided with the appropriate amount of instructional time based on their proficiency level.

Teachers deliver explicit ESL by planning for both content and language objectives. Teachers also use scaffolding techniques, bring in realia, and reach out to different learning styles and modalities. Each ESL lesson entails a reading, writing, listening and speaking component. Teachers plan their lessons based on the ESL and ELA standards, using chants, songs, as well as teaching using practices where students participate in topics of their choice and learn through real-life experiences, researching, listening to various speakers, learning on the Internet, etc. Teachers use explicit ESL methodologies in their instruction, meeting the ESL standards. Teachers choose multi-cultural texts, fiction, nonfiction, newspapers and poetry to enhance the students' understanding of the language. Additionally, teachers supplement instruction with technology in their classrooms and in the library, as well as

native language dictionaries and native language leveled libraries in their classrooms.

A multi-faceted model with read-aloud, comprehension, vocabulary, fluency, writing, assessment pieces, listening and speaking, research and information skills is used with all ESL learners. In addition, the ESL teachers use bilingual dictionaries to increase English vocabulary with the newcomers during the class period.

In general, Beginning students show overall strength in listening and speaking in English. They can quickly recognize a number of common individual words and learned phrases, in a predictable context and on everyday personal topics. They understand greetings, simple instructions and depend on gestures and other context clues. Students functioning at this level require extensive assistance to make language comprehensible. Vocabulary is very limited and they have great difficulty producing correct grammar or syntax. They often use gestures to express meaning or switch to their first language. The ESL teacher utilizes pictures, gestures, pair interaction and the Whole Language approach to reinforce concept and increase vocabulary. Phonics, basic skills is also taught through content area.

At the Intermediate level students are more comfortable using English. They recognize most topics by familiar terms and phrases and are able to understand the main idea of a moderately demanding oral presentation. They understand a range of common vocabulary and idioms. They can also follow simple and short conversation. At the intermediate level, students start to use a range of grammatical structures. Grammar and pronunciation mistakes are frequent and the students tend to over-generalize grammatical structures. They continuously improve their oral language and communicate comfortably and spontaneously in many situations. They use a variety of vocabulary and are able to incorporate unfamiliar words rather quickly. Their discourse is fluent and they master grammatical structures. They can be understood by listeners and in case of misunderstandings are able to rephrase their sentence.

Students at an Advanced level demonstrate fluency in listening and speaking. They make presentations; can switch from basic interpersonal conversational skills to cognitive language proficiency. They use sophisticated vocabulary and can use greater language resources to analyze and solve problems to make decisions. They also begin to proficiently use English idioms and everyday phrases.

Based on our school's NYSESLAT scores and additional informal assessments, we have determined that reading and writing presents various challenges for Beginner ELLs. Their ability is limited to decode and sounding out words. They have few or no practical writing skill in English. Beginners with high reading and writing skills in their first language are more comfortable transferring those skills to writing in English. They, however, will often spell the words phonetically. Working with them systematically on spelling and grammar, they are able to adapt to the correct version very quickly.

As the students improve and move to the Intermediate level, they understand the purpose, main idea, and details of some shorter academic texts. They read word to word and understand most words and phrases. They are also able to scan shorter academic texts for specific information. They read tests with language that is concrete and factual, with some abstract and technical vocabulary concepts. They are able to effectively convey an idea, opinion, feeling or experience in a simple paragraph, though their writing often shows a lack of control over grammar, vocabulary and spelling.

As these students move to Advanced level, they adjust their reading rate according to the content of the text. They grasp main ideas, key words and important details in a wide range of social and academic texts. They are able to understand most unfamiliar vocabulary by using context clues, understand the author's purpose, point of view and understand figurative language. They construct coherent paragraphs on familiar topics, expressing their feelings, opinions and research results with clear main idea and supporting details. They write about a variety of topics. Although they make errors in grammar, spelling, vocabulary or punctuation they can clearly communicate the purpose of their writing.

For the ESL program, the school uses the small group level instructional model to service the students in all grades. Each teacher plans for both language and content in lesson planning. The ESL teacher and the classroom teacher both meet with guided reading groups or confer individually. Guided reading groups and conferring allows for more specialized instruction. All teachers utilize the Reader's Workshop for the Advanced and Intermediate students.

Teachers must plan specifically for language within the structure of the Balanced Literacy mini-lesson to provide for language support for ELLs. Each lesson is planned to provide an opportunity for Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking in English. They reinforce listening/speaking skills, reading skills and writing via the student independent books as well as authentic literature that provides a balance of fiction and non-fiction, novels and short stories. They also include an audio CD with the recorded stories to build listening and auditory skills for our Beginner students and students with a native language other than English and/or Spanish.

The school has also analyzed the NYSESLAT scores by looking at the scale scores in both Reading/Writing and Listening/Speaking. By having a clear visual of the strengths and weaknesses in the modalities, they can plan for further

differentiated instruction. For example, many of the Intermediate ESL students have stronger Listening/Speaking skills than Reading/Writing skills. Therefore, the teacher has planned for more instruction and practice on conventions and mechanics, as well as vocabulary development, to improve the students' reading and writing.

In addition ot the Scott Foresman, ESL Series (Accelerating ESL) and the Pearson/Longman Shinging Stars Series, the students use the same curricular materials as the non-ELL students. The curriculum aligns with the CCLS. Yet, the teacher provide the studens wilth a scaffolds to help them access the material. They also use the Wilson resources, Great Leaps, basic Writing and Rewards as part of their program.

Every student is evaluated on an individual basis to determine what class structure will best serve their educational needs. For students with disabilities, their IEP is followed and the IST is consulted to determine how to best support them.

Courses Taught in Languages Other than English

NOTE: This section refers to classes/subject areas in which the language of instruction is English and another language which all students in the class speak. Do not include:

- classes that are taught in English using books in the native language
- heritage classes
- foreign language (LOTE) classes

Class/Content Area	Language(s) of Instruction		Class/Content Area	Language(s) of Instruction
Native Language Arts:	0			
Social Studies:	0			
Math:	0			
Science:	0			

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades K-8

	Beginning	Intermediate	Advanced
ESL instruction for *all* ELLs as required under CR Part 154	360 minutes per week	360 minutes per week	180 minutes per week
ELA instruction for *all* ELLs as required under CR Part 154			180 minutes per week
FOR TBE /DL PROGRAMS: Native Language Arts	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades 9-12

	Beginning	Intermediate	Advanced

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades 9-12			
	Beginning	**Intermediate**	**Advanced**
ESL instruction for *all* ELLs as required under CR Part 154	540 minutes per week	360 minutes per week	180 minutes per week
ELA instruction for *all* ELLs as required under CR Part 154			180 minutes per week
FOR TBE /DL PROGRAMS: Native Language Arts	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day

Native Language Usage and Supports

The chart below is a visual representation designed to show the variation of native language usage and supports across the program models. Please note that native language support is never zero.

Native Language Usage/Support	Transitional Bilingual Education (TBE)
100%	
75%	
50%	
25%	
	Dual Language
100%	
75%	
50%	
25%	
	Freestanding ESL
100%	
75%	
50%	
25%	
TIME	BEGINNERS INTERMEDIATE ADVANCED

TBE and dual language programs have both native language arts and subject areas taught in the native language; ESL has native language supports.

B. Programming and Scheduling Information--Continued

9. Describe your targeted intervention programs for ELLs in ELA, math, and other content areas (specify ELL subgroups targeted). Please list the range of intervention services offered in your school for the above areas as well as the language(s) in which they are offered.
   All the ELL students receive targeted intervention during our Early Academy Program -- on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings. Intervention services, in English, are provided in both ELA and in math.
10. Describe the effectiveness of your current program and how it is meeting the needs of your ELLs in both content and language development.
    The Early Academy Academic Intervention Program targets students who need intervention services. These students are serviced in a small group, which allows them to get a great deal of individual attention. Students who come regularly have been shown to make progress as shown on their test scores and grade reports. All teachers are aware that they are teachers of ELL students and know who those students are.
11. What new programs or improvements will be considered for the upcoming school year?
    None
12. What programs/services for ELLs will be discontinued and why?
    We have no major changes planned.
13. How are ELLs afforded equal access to all school programs? Describe after school and supplemental services offered to ELLs in your building.
    The after-school program includes homework help, debate, newspaper, art, drama, orchestra, chess, basketball, track and field and video. All students, including ELLs have equal access to every program. No distinction is made and all ELLs are encouraged to participate.
14. What instructional materials, including technology, are used to support ELLs (include content area as well as language materials; list ELL subgroups if necessary)?
    Teachers use a wide variety of instructional materials to support the ELLs. These include print, technology, hands on projects, lab work, manipulatives and many more. Students make use of the classroom computers as part of their studies.
15. How is native language support delivered in each program model (TBE, Dual Language, and ESL)?
    Native language support is given by the bilingual teachers who work with the students.
16. Explain how the required services support, and resources correspond to ELLs' ages and grade levels.
    Students receive appropriate support based on both their developmental and educational level.
17. Describe activities in your school that assist newly enrolled ELL students before the beginning of the school year. Please include activities for new ELLs who enroll throughout the school year.
    An orientation is held for parents before the school year begins and then another one is held for both students and teachers during the first week. As needed, the parent coordinator provides an orientation to parents.
18. What language electives are offered to ELLs?
    Spanish
19. For schools with dual language programs:
    a. How much time (%) is the target language used for EPs and ELLs in each grade?
    b. How much of the instructional day are EPs and ELLs integrated? What content areas are taught separately?
    c. How is language separated for instruction (time, subject, teacher, theme)?
    d. What Dual Language model is used (side-by-side, self-contained, other)?
    e. Is emergent literacy taught in child's native language first (sequential), or are both languages taught at the same time (simultaneous)?

    Paste response to questions here:

C. Professional Development and Support for School Staff

1. Describe the professional development plan for all ELL personnel at the school. (Please include all teachers of ELLs.)
2. What professional development is offered to teachers of ELLs (including ESL and bilingual teachers) in supporting ELLs as they engage in the Common Core Learning Standards?
3. What support do you provide staff to assist ELLs as they transition from elementary to middle and/or middle to high school?
4. Describe the minimum 7.5 hours of ELL training (10 hours for special education teachers) for all staff (including non-ELL teachers) as per Jose P.

MS 54 strongly believe that it is imperative to educate ESL and classroom. We have teamed with the DOE Teaching & Learning Professional Department for English language Learners who provide training not only through Professional Development, but by including various members of staff on our Language Allocation Policy team, which include the Assistant Principal and ESL teacher. The teachers go out for professional development as well as a member of the Network which supports our school comes into the building one time per week to work with and assist the teachers. Some of the trainings will include: data analysis of pertinent exams (NYSESLAT, LAB-R); ELL identification; Mandates (Part 154); ESL.

In addtion, we'll offered the following professional development throughout this school year:

Building Academic Vocabulary by Robert J. Marzano:This comprehensive approach to teaching academic vocabulary will be incorporated into professional development on an ongoing basis throughout the school year. The program involves teaching specific terms through a schoolwide approach to teaching content-specific vocabulary. All teachers who currently hold ESL certification, as well as all content area teachers responsible for the instruction of ELL students, will participate in professional development based upon the Building academic Vocabulary curriculum.

Classroom Instruction that Works with English Language Learners by Jane D. Hill and Kathleen M. Flynn: All teachers responsible for the instruction of LEP students will participate in professional development focusing on setting objectives and providing feedback, cooperative learning, and differentiating instruction for the needs of LEP students.

Judith Hochman's Basic Writing Program focuses on the writing strategies

The Professional Development is done on the third Friday of every month (Oct. 18, November 22, January 17, February 28, March 21 and May 16.) In addition to the topics described above, the use of DOE resources in ARIS Learn will also be used. A full calendar will be maintained as well as records of the professional development activities. The guidance counselors will attend Network led workshops in November and December and in March.

D. Parental Involvement

1. Describe ELL parent involvement in your school. Include specific activities that foster parental involvement for parents of ELLs.
2. Does the school partner with other agencies or Community Based Organizations to provide workshops or services to ELL parents?
3. How do you evaluate the needs of the parents?
4. How do your parental involvement activities address the needs of the parents?

We will provide Parent workshops that inform parents of their rights and choices; the different components of ESL; a clear understanding of the goals and program; and how their support at home will help the students become English proficient. Parents meet regularly with classroom and ESL teachers to discuss students' progress. The PTA and Parent Coordinator sends home a weekly newsletter informing parents of the upcoming events

Three parent workshops will be held during the school year in order to support the parents of LEP students. The first workshop, Orientation to Middle School for Parents of ESL Students will be held in September to address parent orientation to the school community. The second workshop, Your Child and the State Exams, will be held during the middle of February to preview the exams. At this time, parents will be invited to visit classrooms for Open School Week and Parent Teacher Confrences and meet with their students' teachers to discuss preparation for the upcoming NYSESLAT and student progress. The third workshop, Preparing Your Child for High School, will be held during May to inform parents of ELLs about the high school application process and their parental options for ESL services.

The PTA has social acitivies, educational workshops, community building events and fundraisers throughout the year. All parents are encouraged to participate.

Spanish translation is available at PTA meetings and functions. If parents request other translation services, those will also be provided if notice is given.

E. Additional Information

Please include any additional information that would be relevant to your LAP and would further explain your program for ELLs. You may attach/submit charts. This form does not allow graphics and charts to be pasted.

Paste response to question here:

Part VI: LAP Assurances

School Name: _____		**School DBN:**	
Signatures of LAP team members certify that the information provided is accurate.			
Name (PRINT)	Title	Signature	Date (mm/dd/yy)
Elana Elster	Principal		1/1/01
Laura Lynch	Assistant Principal		1/1/01
Anne Pejovich	Parent Coordinator		1/1/01
Donna Smith	ESL Teacher		1/1/01
Beth Serveter	Parent		1/1/01
Marisol Rosario	Teacher/Subject Area		1/1/01
Rachel Pinsen	Teacher/Subject Area		1/1/01
	Coach		1/1/01
	Coach		1/1/01
Darlene Collet	Guidance Counselor		1/1/01
	Network Leader		1/1/01
	Other		1/1/01
	Other		1/1/01
	Other		1/1/01
	Other		1/1/01

LANGUAGE TRANSLATION AND INTERPRETATION 2013-2014 TO 2014-2015

Requirement under Chancellor's Regulations – for all schools

DBN: 03m054 **School Name:** Booker T. Washington

Cluster: 1 **Network:** 101

Goal: To communicate whenever feasible with non-English speaking parents in their home language in order to support shared parent-school accountability, parent access to information about their children's educational options, and parents' capacity to improve their children's achievement.

Part A: Needs Assessment Findings

1. Describe the data and methodologies used to assess your school's written translation and oral interpretation needs to ensure that all parents are provided with appropriate and timely information in a language they can understand.

We use data available in ATS and in the permanent record folders of incoming students to determine the primary language spoken by parents. Data is collected from sources such as Home Language Identification Survey and Blue Emergency Contact Cards.

2. Summarize the major findings of your school's written translation and oral interpretation needs. Describe how the findings were reported to the school community.

The most predominate need is for translation into Spanish. We have sent out translated material in Spanish to all of our families. We have also let all parents know through written, translated material, that language support and translation is available in all languages. We have used the materials provided by the DOE Translation and Interpretation Unit.

Part B: Strategies and Activities

1. Describe the written translation services the school will provide, and how they will meet identified needs indicated in Part A. Include procedures to ensure timely provision of translated documents to parents determined to be in need of language assistance services. Indicate whether written translation services will be provided by an outside vendor, or in-house by school staff or parent volunteers.

The school will provide written translated materials to all parents in the language they request. This is made available through the use of the resources of the DOE Translation and Interpretation Unit. We also make use of the phone-in service and when necessary a translator is contracted.

2. Describe the oral interpretation services the school will provide, and how they will meet identified needs indicated in Part A. Indicate whether oral interpretation services will be provided by an outside contractor, or in-house by school staff or parent volunteers.

Oral interpretaion services will be provided either by members of the faculty or through the phone services of the DOE Translation and Interpretation Unit.

3. Describe how the school will fulfill Section VII of Chancellor's Regulations A-663 regarding parental notification requirements for translation and interpretation services. Note: The full text of Chancellor's Regulations A-663 (Translations) is available via the following link: http://docs.nycenet.edu/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-151/A-663%20Translation%203-27-06%20.pdf.

At the start of the year, we let parents know that translated materials and services are available and identify who needs these services. We make use of the resources of the DOE Translation and Interpretation Unit.