



2014-15
SCHOOL COMPREHENSIVE EDUCATIONAL PLAN (SCEP)
TITLE I APPENDIX FOR SIG COHORT 4/5 AND SIF SCHOOLS

DBN: (i.e. 01M001):

08X301

School Name:

M.S. 301, THE PAUL L. DUNBAR ACADEMY

Principal:

BENJAMIN BASILE

Outline of SCEP Title I Appendix for SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF Schools

Section 1: School Information Page

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Section 1: School Information Page

School Information

School Name: M.S. 301, The Paul L. Dunbar Academy School Number (DBN): 08X301
School Level: Intermediate Grades Served: 6-8
School Address: 890 Cauldwell Avenue Bronx, NY 10456
Phone Number: 7185852950 Fax: 718-401-2567
School Contact Person: Benjamin Basile Email Address: bbasile@schools.nyc.gov
Principal: Benjamin Basile
UFT Chapter Leader: Richard Waltzer
Parents' Association President: Carmen Rivas
SLT Chairperson: Frederick Kennedy
Student Representative(s): N/A

District Information

District: 8 Superintendent: Karen Ames
Superintendent's Office Address: 1230 Zerega Ave, Bronx NY 10462
Superintendent's Email Address: Kames@schools.nyc.gov
Phone Number: 718-828-6653 Fax: 718-828-6280

Cluster and Network Information

Cluster Number: 6 Cluster Leader: Jose Ruiz
Network Number: 603 Network Leader: Lawrence Pendergast

Section 2: School Leadership Team (SLT) Signature Page

All SLT members are expected to sign this page to confirm their participation in the development of this School Comprehensive Educational Plan (SCEP) and consultation regarding the alignment of funding to support this school's educational program, which includes annual goals and action plans, Academic Intervention Services (AIS), Parent Involvement Policy (PIP) and School-Parent Compact (SPC). The SLT must include an equal number of parents and staff and have a minimum of 10 and a maximum of 17 members, in accordance with [Chancellor's Regulation A-655](#), available on the [New York City Department of Education \(NYCDOE\)](#) website.

Directions:

1. List the names of each SLT member in the left-hand column on the chart below. Specify any position held by the team member, e.g., Chairperson and the constituent group represented, e.g., parent, staff, student, or Community Based Organization (CBO). Core mandatory SLT members are indicated by an asterisk*.
2. SLT members should review this document and sign in the right-hand column in **blue ink**. If an SLT member does not wish to sign this plan, the member may attach a written explanation in lieu of his/her signature, which must be maintained on file at the school with the original SLT signature page.**
3. The original signed copy, along with any written communications pertaining to this page, is to remain on file in the principal's office and be made available upon written request.

Name	Position and Constituent Group Represented	Signature (Blue Ink)
Benjamin Basile	*Principal or Designee	
Richard Waltzer	*UFT Chapter Leader or Designee	
Carmen Rivas	*PA/PTA President or Designated Co-President	
Veronica Roland	DC 37 Representative, if applicable	
na	Student Representative <i>(optional for elementary and middle schools; a minimum of two members required for high schools)</i>	
na	CBO Representative, if applicable	
Patricia Childress	Member/ Parent	
Ricardo Rivera	Member/ Parent	
Lillian Sorrentini	Member/ Parent	
Linda Franklin	Member/ Parent	
Karima Sweeny	Member/ Parent	
Yaduce. Perez	Member/ Parent	
Terrence Colbert	Member/Teacher	
Kristal Cleveland	Member/ Teacher	
Alice Nesbitt	Member/ Teacher	
Robert Williams	Member/ Teacher	
Frederick Kennedy	Member/ Teacher	

**Signature of constituent only indicates consultation in the development of the SCEP, not approval.

Section 3: Directions and Guidance for Developing the School Comprehensive Educational Plan

Title I Appendix for SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF Schools

The SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF plans are meant as tools to facilitate continuous improvement planning - to support schools in engaging their staff, parents, students, and community partners in assessing and prioritizing school needs, setting measurable improvement goals, selecting appropriate strategies to improve student outcomes, monitoring progress toward meeting annual goals, and communicating these efforts to the broader school community. This section will provide School Leadership Teams (SLTs) with guidance regarding SCEP Title I Appendix development informed by the Capacity Framework. Additional information is available in the Comprehensive Educational Planning [Comprehensive Educational Planning Memorandum](#).

The Capacity Framework and SCEP Title I Appendix for SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF Schools

The [Capacity Framework](#) encourages parents, educators, school communities, and external stakeholders to work together to improve student achievement. This collaborative focus will ensure that every child is consistently ready for the next grade, level, and set of challenges. The SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF plans will serve as the whole school reform models and will reflect this focus. The plans should serve as the blueprint that engages a school community in a systematic, ongoing review and analysis of student needs to identify and address root causes and implement strategies and activities that improve outcomes for students.



Aligned with the Chancellor's [Four Pillars](#), the Capacity Framework takes us away from market-based competitive models to an approach focused on collaboration. This new model looks at how schools can improve, and students can achieve more, when all members of the community work together.

Based on robust research, the six elements of the Framework identify the areas that we must improve to accomplish high student achievement. By focusing attention and resources on what it takes for schools to function well, the Capacity Framework identifies the underlying strengths and weaknesses of a school and shows community members concrete ways to improve.

In accordance with the requirements of [Chancellor's Regulations A-655](#), all SLTs are to develop an educational plan in consultation with parents, school staff, and students, to provide a meaningful opportunity for stakeholders to participate in shared decision making and school improvement.

The Six Elements of the Capacity Framework

- **Rigorous Instruction:** Instruction is customized, inclusive, motivating, and aligned to the Common Core. High standards are set in every classroom. Students are actively engaged in ambitious intellectual activity and developing critical thinking skills.
- **Supportive Environment:** The school establishes a classroom and school culture where students feel safe, supported, and challenged by their teachers and peers.
- **Collaborative Teachers:** Teachers are committed to the success and improvement of their classrooms and schools. They have the opportunity to participate in professional development within a culture of respect and continuous improvement.
- **Effective School Leadership:** Principals lead by example and nurture the professional growth of teachers and staff, developing and delivering the instructional and social-emotional support that drives student achievement.
- **Strong Family-Community Ties:** School leadership brings resources from the community into the school building by welcoming, encouraging, and developing partnerships with families, businesses, and community-based organizations.
- **Trust:** Everyone works toward the shared goal of improving student outcomes, preparing students for success in school and beyond. Across the school community, there is respect. School staff, parents, students and administrators value each other.

Accountability Tools and the Capacity Framework

In order to address the six elements of the Capacity Framework, school communities should engage in improvement planning that is informed by the New York State Education Department's (NYSED) Diagnostic Tool for School and District Effectiveness (DTSDE) Tenets, the NYCDOE's Quality Review Indicators, and other quantitative and qualitative data.

NYSED's Six DTSDE Tenets

The DTSDE protocol includes a rubric which identifies clear and coherent expectations of the optimal conditions of an effective school and school district across the following six tenets:

- Tenet 1: District Leadership and Capacity
- Tenet 2: School Leader Practices and Decisions
- Tenet 3: Curriculum Development and Support
- Tenet 4: Teacher Practices and Decisions
- Tenet 5: Student Social and Emotional Developmental Health, and
- Tenet 6: Family and Community Engagement

NYCDOE's Quality Review (QR)

The Office of School Quality (OSQ) supports school improvement across the NYC Department of Education (DOE) by coordinating qualitative assessments of principals and school communities. All of the qualitative assessments are rooted in the Quality Review rubric and drive improvements to principal and school practice, with the ultimate goal of impacting student achievement. The 2014-15 Quality Review (QR) Rubric has ten indicators within three categories as outlined below:

- I. Instructional Core Across Classrooms: Curriculum (1.1), Pedagogy (1.2), Assessment (2.2)
- II. School Culture: Positive Learning Environment (1.4), High expectations (3.4)
- III. Structures for Improvement: Leveraging Resources (1.3), Teacher support and supervision (4.1), Goals and action plans (3.1), Teacher teams and leadership development (4.2), Monitoring and revising systems (5.1)

Next Steps for the Development of the SCEP Title I Appendix for SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF Schools

SLTs will utilize their SIG Cohort 4/5 and SIF plans as their whole school reform model and will complete an SCEP Appendix to address the federal requirements for Title I and NCLB. SLTs have the option to either reference information from their approved SIG or SIF plan within the Appendix or craft their own statements to respond to each required element. You can find the approved plans posted on the following websites:

SIG Cohort 4: <http://www.p12.nysed.gov/turnaround/SIG4.2Applications.html>

SIG Cohort 5: <http://www.p12.nysed.gov/turnaround/SIG5Applications.html>

SIF Round 3: <http://www.p12.nysed.gov/turnaround/SIF3.html>

School Leadership Teams should engage in the following steps related to their SIG/SIF plans and SCEP Appendix:

- **Step 1:** Conduct a comprehensive needs assessment informed by the school's updated NYSED accountability status and most current quantitative and qualitative data. Prioritize areas of focus for this school year.
- **Step 2:** For schools that received an Integrated Intervention Team (IIT) School Review Report, incorporate these findings as you begin to develop your annual SIG/SIF renewal plan. For schools that did not undergo an IIT review, refer to the major findings/recommendations from your Quality Review (QR) or Alternative QR (AQR), and other qualitative and quantitative data.
- **Step 3:** Revisit your school's initial SIG/SIF goals, as needed, to align with the Capacity Framework. Ensure the annual goals are SMART – Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound.
- **Step 4:** Build consensus around strategies, activities, and programs to address students' needs in each action plan. Create action plans that translate into observable, effective strategies to improve student achievement.
- **Step 5:** Update your school's AIS section. All Title I schools update the Parent Involvement Policy (PIP) and School-Parent Compact (SPC) and ELT program description.
- **Step 6:** Establish a process for engaging in progress monitoring throughout the school year as part of an overall cycle of continuous improvement planning to assess whether strategies and activities outlined in the

action plans are resulting in improved student performance. Adjust practices, when necessary.

Remember, the plan is only the beginning. Treat it as a living document and feel free to adjust along the way as your experiences and the evidence justify. Careful implementation of your ideas, follow-through, and continuous evidence-based monitoring of progress are the keys to accomplishing desired results.

Section 4: Academic Intervention Services (AIS)

(Required for All Schools)

Directions: Schools need to maintain accurate records of students who are receiving Academic Intervention Services (AIS) to ensure that students who are not achieving at proficiency receive effective and timely assistance. These records need to be made available upon request and indicate the total number of students receiving AIS in each subject area listed below and for each applicable grade in your school.

Type of Academic Intervention Service (AIS)	Criteria for determining AIS services	Type of Program or strategy (e.g. repeated readings, interactive writings, etc.)	Method for delivery of service (e.g. small group, one-to-one, tutoring, etc.)	When the service is provided (e.g. during the school day, before or after school, etc.)
English Language Arts (ELA)	State, baseline, and internal assessments	Codex extensions, Making Connections: Themed Reading and Writing, and NewsELA.com	Differentiation In the classroom. Extended time on task, and small group intervention	Differentiation in the classroom, extended time: after school, small group during the school day
Mathematics	State, baseline, and internal assessments	CMP3 Extension, Engage NY modules, Past State Exam stems	Differentiation In the classroom. Extended time on task, and small group intervention	Differentiation in the classroom, extended time: after school, small group during the school day
Science	State, baseline, internal assessments	Codex extensions, Making Connections: Themed Reading and Writing, and NewsELA.com	Differentiation In the classroom. Extended time on task, and small group intervention	Differentiation in the classroom, extended time: after school, small group during the school day
Social Studies	State, baseline, internal assessments	Codex extensions, Making Connections: Themed Reading and Writing, and NewsELA.com	Differentiation In the classroom. Extended time on task, and small group intervention	Differentiation in the classroom, extended time: after school, small group during the school day
At-risk services (e.g. provided by the Guidance Counselor, School Psychologist, Social Worker, etc.)	Students identified by teachers and other providers as being at-risk via academics, behavior, and/or request from parent or student	PBIS	One to one	During the school day and after school

Section 5: Expanded Learning Time (ELT) Program Description

(Required for All Priority Schools)

Directions: Expanded Learning Time (ELT) activities are enriching educational experiences that happen outside of the traditional classroom and blend skill acquisition, relationship-building and fun to foster academic and social-emotional growth in students. Summer learning, afterschool programming, and extended-day ELT models, when well-implemented, play a critical role in supporting students in all grades and ensuring that they graduate from high school, college and career ready. SED requires that Priority Schools offer a minimum of 200 additional student contact hours as Expanded Learning Time in addition to the current mandated length of 900 hours of instruction per year (25 hours per week) in grades K-6 and 990 hours of instruction per year (27.5 hours per week) in grades 7-12. Complete the sections on this page to demonstrate how the school will meet these requirements.

When completing this section, you may reference your approved SIG/SIF plan, which may address ELT in the following sections:

- Section A. School Overview
- Section F. Partnerships
- Section H. Educational Plan, under Section III. Use of Time
- Section K. Project Plan and timeline in the section which discusses “leading indicators”
- Approved Budget Narrative

Part 1 – ELT Program Goal(s)

Describe the identified goal(s) of the ELT program for the 2014-15 school year. Be sure to construct the goal to be SMART – Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, and Time-bound.

By June 2015, MS 301 will decrease level 1 scores school wide in ELA and Math by 10 % through the use of an ELT program.

By June 2015, target population’s attendance will increase by 5%.

Part 2 – ELT Program Description

Part 2a. Identify the target population(s) to be served by the ELT program.

All Level I students will be afforded Tier II and Tier III intervention in an extended day setting (Tier II) for Math and ELA, as well as small group intervention (Tier III) during the school day.

Part 2b. Describe how the school will meet the following SED requirements for an ELT program in a Priority School:

- Integrate academics, enrichment, and skill development through hands-on experiences that make learning relevant and engaging.
- Offer a range of activities that capture student interest and strengthen student engagement in learning so as to promote higher attendance, reduces risk for retention or drop out, and increases the likelihood of graduation.
- Actively address the unique learning needs and interests of all types of students, especially those who may benefit from approaches and experiences not offered in the traditional classroom setting.
- Contain components designed to improve student academic, social, and emotional outcomes, including opportunities for enrichment programs such as in music and art.
- Ensure instruction in any core academic subject offered in the program will be delivered under the supervision of a teacher who is NYS certified in that particular content area.

The daily extended program encompasses both academic remediation and applied learning venues that offer enrichment. For 2 hours on Mondays, Tuesdays, and Fridays, students are offered multiple venues for enrichment in which applied learning is the key impetus of the programs. Programs include the Entrepreneurial Club, dance, boxing, Civics Club, Mural Club, and the Quill and Scroll Club. An off-site partnership with Trinity Church—Morrisania facilitates a pottery club at 5:30 PM on Fridays which extends till 8:30 PM, and these clubs stress CCLS and offer opportunities to apply core curricula and skill development as students seek to enrich themselves in their chosen endeavors. Selection is open to the entire student body. Academic intervention reflective of extended time on task takes place on Wednesday and Thursday for ELA and Math, respectively, and these extensions are 3 hours long each day. Because academic enrichment seeks to serve all student needs, a licensed special needs and TESOL-certified teacher are present with the groups as well as subject area specialists. All academic teachers are NYS certified. Social-emotional support for at-risk students will be provided by a local CBO as identified and needed.

Part 2c. Is the ELT program voluntary or compulsory?		Voluntary	x	Compulsory
If the ELT program is voluntary, indicate how you will offer the program to all students and actively encourage their participation, with the goal of serving at least 50% of students.				

Part 3 – ELT Program Implementation and Oversight

Part 3a. Who will implement the ELT program? Who will oversee the program?
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Indicate the key personnel that will be responsible for implementing and overseeing the ELT program, including school-based staff and any high-quality community partners that will be involved. If applicable, describe the scope of involvement of all community partners and how the joint ELT program is structured.

The ELT program will be implemented and monitored by an administrator, who will also be served by an attendance teacher and clerical secretary. Children’s Aid Society will serve as an off-site, at-risk prevention center, and students will be referred as needed. Another extension site is Trinity Church-Morrisania, who offers pottery on Friday evenings under the supervision of a licensed instructor and in conjunction with a community-based program that also includes elderly parishioners.

Part 3b. Indicate resources needed including human resources, instructional resources, and schedule adjustments to implement the ELT program.

Human Resources:
Six teachers for 32 weeks at two days weekly for a total of six hours a week.

- An overseeing administrator for 32 weeks at five days weekly for a total of 12 hours weekly.
- A clerical input person to catalogue attendance and progress at the accepted hourly per session rate for family workers.
- An attendance teacher to perform consistent outreach for 32 weeks at 5 days weekly for 12 hours.
- A clerical person to facilitate any clerical needs among the ELT staff at the accepted hourly rate for secretaries.

Resources include expendable texts relative to math and ELA, notebooks, pencils, and office/craft materials relevant to ELT initiatives.

Part 3c. Timeline for implementation and completion, including start and end dates.

Implementation of programs: Oct 1, 2014
Completion of programs: May 30th, 2015

Part 4 – Budget and Resource Alignment

Indicate using an “X” the fund source(s) that will be utilized to support to support the ELT Program.

x	21st Century	x	Tax Levy	x	Title I SWP		Title I TA		P/F Set-aside		C4E
	Title I 1003(a)	x	Title III		PTA Funded	x	Grants		School Success Grant		In Kind

List below any additional fund sources that will be utilized to support achievement of the goal.

Part 5 – Progress Monitoring

Part 5a. Schools are expected to engage in progress monitoring as part of an overall cycle of continuous improvement planning. In this part:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify a mid-point benchmark(s) that will indicate school progress toward meeting the specified goal. Specify a timeframe for mid-point progress monitoring activities.

By February 1st, 3% of students will have earned a passing score on CCLS-aligned benchmark interim assessments that mirror the NYS assessments.
By February 1st, target population’s attendance will have increased by 2%.

Part 5b. Complete in February 2015.				
• Did the school meet the mid-point benchmark(s) in the timeframe specified?		Yes		No
• If the mid-point benchmark(s) was not met, describe any revisions made to the action plan to achieve the goal?				

Section 6: Title I Program Information

Directions:

- All schools must indicate their Title I status in Part 1
- All elements of the *All Title I Schools* section must be completed in Part 2
- All Targeted Assistance (TA) Schools must also complete the *TA Schools Only* section in Part 3
- All Schoolwide Program (SWP) schools must also complete the *SWP Schools Only* section in Part 4
- When completing this section, you may reference your approved SIG/SIF plan, which may address Title I program information in the following sections:
 - Section E. Instructional Staff under Sections II. & IV.
 - Section G. Organizational Plan under Section I. Training Support and Professional Development
 - Section H. Educational Plan under Section I. Curriculum, II., Instruction and VII., Parent and Community Engagement

Part 1: Title I Status

Indicate with an "X" your school's Title I Status.

x	Schoolwide Program (SWP)		Targeted Assistance (TA) Schools		Non-Title I
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Part 2: All Title I Schools

2a. Highly Qualified Teachers (HQT)

Describe the strategies and activities including strategies for recruitment, retention, assignments, and support including high quality professional development that ensures staff is highly qualified.

Teachers are recruited relative to the need presented by subject area demands. The opportunity for professional development follows a three-tiered paradigm: whole group, departmentally, and individually. Whole group development represents the dissemination of information and initiatives that are pertinent to the academic achievement concerning the entire school community. Departmental development most often focuses on curricular initiatives and the assessments. Individual professional development is determined through observation and discourse with teachers, and most often concentrates on pedagogy. New teachers are assigned to a mentor teacher who has five or more years' experience in a related subject area and meet weekly to discuss ongoing development and improvement.

2b. High Quality and Ongoing Professional Development

Describe the strategies and activities for high quality professional development for teachers, principals, and paraprofessionals, and staff that enable all students to meet Common Core State Standards (CCSS).

The opportunity for professional development follows a three-tiered paradigm: whole group, departmentally, and individually. Whole group development represents the dissemination of information and initiatives that are pertinent to the academic achievement concerning the entire school community. Departmental development most often focuses on curricular initiatives and the assessments. Individual professional development is determined through observation and discourse with teachers, and most often concentrates on pedagogy. Teachers are observed relative to the Danielson Framework and PD is offered relative to those areas that have proven themselves ineffective or developing, such as questioning and/or planning. A common 50-minute period is set aside daily for teachers to look at student work while practicing a student work protocol, as well as the design and refinement of ongoing unit plans, which require development relative to the application of CCL standards, assessment aligned to those standards, and activities and instruction that best affords student opportunities for learning. All aspects of unit planning and looking at student work are reviewed by academic coaches and administration, and feedback is provided to staff regularly and accordingly.

Part 3: TA Schools Only

3a. Use of Program Resources

Describe how the TA program resources will assist participating children to meet proficiency.

NA

3b. TA Coordination with the Regular Program

Describe the planning, coordination and support of the TA program with the regular educational program (i.e., providing ELT, accelerated, high-quality curriculum, including applied learning; and minimize removing children from the regular classroom during regular school day).

NA

Part 4: SWP Schools Only

4a. Transition Plans to Assist Preschool Children (Elementary Schools Only)

Describe the transition plans used to assist preschool children from early childhood programs to the elementary school program (e.g. aligned curriculum, joint PD & parent involvement activities, sharing of records/info, early intervention services, etc.).

NA

4b. Measures to Include Teachers in Decisions Regarding Assessments

Describe the decision making process that teachers participate in regarding the use and selection of appropriate multiple assessment measures and the professional development provided regarding the use of assessment results to improve instruction.

Teacher groups that reflect both grades and departments select, modify, and sometimes design assessments relative to the standards being taught in a given unit plan. A “backwards design” model of planning, beginning with the standards to be taught is implemented, which is followed by curricular assessments in a given unit provided by the curricular resource. Additional resources are culled and applied to consistently deliver sound assessments specifically addressing standards being taught. After the implementation of assessments in a given unit, teacher teams examine the results of student output and determine if the assessments were sound, if the pedagogical methodology is effective in practice, and if further modifications must be made to future assessments to ensure targeted efficacy.

4c. “Conceptual” Consolidation of Funds in SWP Schools

Directions: All Schoolwide Program (SWP) schools in NYC are conceptually consolidating their Federal, State, and Local funds, even though the Galaxy system reports the allocations in separate accounting codes¹. To be eligible for the flexibility consolidation of Federal funds enables, a Schoolwide Program school must identify in its Schoolwide plan (SCEP) which programs are included in its consolidation and the amount each program contributes to the consolidated Schoolwide pool. Additionally, the school plan must document that it has met the intent and purposes of each program whose funds are consolidated². **On the chart below**, indicate which Federal, State, and/or local Tax Levy program funds that are consolidated in your school’s Schoolwide Program, the amount each program contributes to the consolidated Schoolwide pool, and verification that the school has met the intent and purposes of each program whose funds are consolidated.

Program Name	Fund Source (i.e. Federal, State or Local)	Funding Amount: Indicate the amount contributed to Schoolwide pool. (Refer to Galaxy for FY '15 school allocation amounts.)	Place an (X) in <u>Column A</u> below to verify that the school has met the intent and purposes of each program whose funds are consolidated. Indicate in <u>Column B</u> , page # references where a related program activity has been described in this plan.	
			Column A Verify with an (X)	Column B Page # Reference(s)
Title I Part A (Basic)	Federal	\$182,026.00	x	p. 10
Title I School Improvement 1003(a)	Federal			
Title I Priority and Focus School Improvement Funds	Federal	\$43, 619.00	x	p. 10

Title II, Part A	Federal			
Title III, Part A	Federal	\$11,200	x	p. 10
Title III, Immigrant	Federal			
Tax Levy (FSF)	Local	\$1, 428, 432	x	p. 10

¹Explanation/Background:

Title I Schoolwide Program schools are expected to use the flexibility available to them to integrate services and programs with the aim of enhancing the entire educational program and helping all students reach proficient and advanced levels of achievement. In addition to coordinating and integrating services, Schoolwide Program schools may combine most Federal, State and local funds to provide those services. By consolidating funds from Federal, State, and local sources, a Schoolwide Program school can address its needs using *all* its available resources. This gives a school more flexibility in how it uses available resources to meet the identified needs of all its students.

Consolidating funds in a Schoolwide Program means that a school treats the funds it is consolidating like they are a single “pool” of funds. In other words, the funds from the contributing programs in the school lose their individual identity and the school has one flexible pool of funds. The school uses funds from this consolidated Schoolwide pool to support any activity of the Schoolwide Program without regard to which program contributed the specific funds used for a particular activity. To consolidate funding in a Schoolwide Program, the school does not literally need to combine funds in a single account or pool with its own accounting code. Rather, the word “pool” is used **conceptually** to convey that a Schoolwide Program school has the use of all consolidated funds available to it for the dedicated function of operating a Schoolwide Program without regard to the identity of those funds.

Consolidating Federal funds in a Schoolwide Program has the following additional advantages:

- Consolidating Federal funds eases the requirements for accounting for funds from each specific program separately, because a Schoolwide school is not required to distinguish among funds received from different sources when accounting for their use.
- A school that consolidates Federal funds in its Schoolwide Program is not required to meet most of the statutory and regulatory requirements of the specific Federal programs included in the consolidation (e.g., semi-annual time and effort reporting for Title I). However, the school must ensure that it meets the **intent and purposes of the Federal programs** included in the consolidation so that the needs of the intended beneficiaries are met.

²The **intent and purposes** of the Federal programs indicated on the chart above (Part 4C of this section) are as follows:

- **Title I, Part A – Schoolwide Programs:** To upgrade the entire educational program in the school in order to improve the academic achievement of all students, particularly the lowest-achieving students. This includes provision of services for Students in Temporary Housing (STH).
- **Title I School Improvement 1003(a)** - support implementation of school improvement activities identified through the Diagnostic Tool for School and District Effectiveness (DTSDE) reviews or a school review with district oversight and included in the DCIP/SCEP.
- **Title I Priority and Focus School Improvement Funding:** support implementation of school improvement plans that aims to improve instruction and address the identified needs
- **Title II, Part A:** Supplementary funding to improve student academic achievement by reducing class size in grades K, 1, 2, and 3, with an emphasis on grades with average register greater than 20. If space is not available to form additional classes, funds may support push-in teacher(s) to supplement the instructional program.
- **Title III, Part A:** To help ensure that children with limited English proficiency become proficient in English, develop high academic attainment in English, and meet the same challenging State academic content and achievement standards in the core academic subjects that all other children are expected to meet. Another purpose of this program is to increase the capacity of schools to establish, implement and sustain high-

quality language instruction programs and English language development programs that assist schools in effectively teaching students with limited English proficiency. Title III, Part A is also designed to promote the participation of parents and communities of limited English proficient children in English language instruction programs.

- **Title III Immigrant:** Supplementary and enhanced services to LEP/ELL immigrant students, in the areas of English language acquisition and content area achievement.

Important Note: The following funds may not be consolidated:

- **Title I Parent Involvement Set-aside:** Title I, Part A funds must support parent involvement activities and programs. Chancellor's Regulation A-655 requires School Leadership Teams to consult with Title I parent representatives regarding the Title I program and the use of these funds. Parent involvement activities funded through Title I must be included in the parent involvement policy and aligned with student achievement goals in the school comprehensive educational plan.
- **Title I Priority and Focus School Parent Engagement Set-aside:** Additional set-aside is to enable greater and more meaningful parent participation in the education of their children.
- **IDEA:** To ensure that all children with disabilities have available to them a free appropriate public education designed to meet their individual needs.
- **Grant funds awarded via a competitive process, including Title I 1003(g) SIG or SIF funds:** These funds must be used for the purposes specified by the Grantor, as described in the school's approved grant application.

Section 7: Parent Involvement Policy (PIP) and School Parent Compact (SPC)

(Required for All Title I Schools)

Directions: All Title I schools are required to develop a **Parent Involvement Policy (PIP)** that meets the parental involvement requirements of Title I. The PIP should describe how your school will plan and implement effective parent involvement activities and/or strategies to improve student academic achievement and school performance. The **School-Parent Compact (SPC)** is a component of the PIP that outlines how parents, the entire school staff, and students will share this responsibility.

The activities and/or strategies included in your school's PIP should align with current SCEP goals for improving student achievement. Schools are encouraged to include feedback from the Parent Coordinator when updating the policy. In addition, if the school community will be engaged this year in central parent involvement initiatives, such as Parent Academy, which will provide training for school communities to help strengthen family-school partnerships, please be sure to include these activities in the school's policy.

Your school is encouraged to use the sample PIP and SPC templates below (which meet federal Title I parental involvement requirements) as guidance for updating the school's current policy.

Parent Involvement Policy (PIP)

Educational research shows a positive correlation between effective parental involvement and student achievement. The overall aim of this policy is to develop a parent involvement program that will ensure effective involvement of parents and community in the school. M.S. 301 Paul L. Dunbar Academy in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act, is responsible for creating and implementing a parent involvement policy to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between the school and the families. The school's policy is designed to keep parents informed by actively involving them in planning and decision-making in support of the education of their children. Parents are encouraged to actively participate on the School Leadership Team, Parent Association, and Title I Parent Committee as trained volunteers and welcomed members of the school community. M.S. 301 Paul L. Dunbar Academy will support parents and families of Title I students by:

- providing materials and training to help parents work with their children to improve their achievement level, e.g., literacy, math and use of technology;
- providing parents with the information and training needed to effectively become involved in planning and decision making in support of the education of their children;
- fostering a caring and effective home-school partnership to ensure that parents can effectively support and monitor their child's progress;
- providing assistance to parents in understanding City, State and Federal standards and assessments;
- sharing information about school and parent related programs, meetings and other activities in a format, and in languages that parents can understand;
- providing professional development opportunities for school staff with the assistance of parents to improve outreach, communication skills and cultural competency in order to build stronger ties between parents and other members of the school community;

The school's Parent Involvement Policy was designed based upon a careful assessment of the needs of all parents/guardians, including parents/guardians of English Language Learners and students with disabilities. The school community will conduct an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of this parent involvement policy with Title I parents to improve the academic quality of the school. The findings of the evaluation through school surveys and feedback forms will be used to design strategies to more effectively meet the needs of parents, and enhance the school's Title I program. This information will be maintained by the school.

In developing the Title I Parent Involvement Policy, parents of Title I participating students, parent members of the school's Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association), as well as parent members of the School Leadership Team, were consulted on the proposed Title I Parent Involvement Policy and asked to survey their members for additional input. To increase and improve parent involvement and school quality, the school will:

- actively involve and engage parents in the planning, review and evaluation of the effectiveness of the school's Title I program as outlined in the School Comprehensive Educational Plan, including the implementation of the school's Title I Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact;
- engage parents in discussion and decisions regarding the required Title I set-aside funds, which are allocated directly to the school to promote parent involvement, including family literacy and parenting skills;
- ensure that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities and strategies as described in the school's Parent Involvement Policy and the School-Parent Compact;
- support school-level committees that include parents who are members of the School Leadership Team, the Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Committee. This includes providing technical support and ongoing professional development, especially in developing leadership skills;
- maintain a Parent Coordinator (or a dedicated staff person) to serve as a liaison between the school and families. The Parent Coordinator or a dedicated staff person will provide parent workshops based on the assessed needs of the parents of children who attend the school and will work to ensure that the school environment is welcoming and inviting to all parents. The Parent Coordinator will also maintain a log of events and activities planned for parents each month and file a report with the central office.;
- conduct parent workshops with topics that may include: parenting skills, understanding educational accountability grade-level curriculum and assessment expectations; literacy, accessing community and support services; and technology training to build parents' capacity to help their children at home;
- provide opportunities for parents to help them understand the accountability system, e.g., NCLB/State accountability system, student proficiency levels, Annual School Report Card, Progress Report, Quality Review Report, Learning Environment Survey Report;
- host the required Annual Title I Parent Meeting on or before December 1st of each school year to advise parents of children participating in the Title I program about the school's Title I funded program(s), their right to be involved in the program and the parent involvement requirements under Title I, Part A, Section 1118 and other applicable sections under the No Child Left Behind Act;
- schedule additional parent meetings, e.g., quarterly meetings, with flexible times, such as meetings in the morning or evening, to share information about the school's educational program and other initiatives of the Chancellor and allow parents to provide suggestions;
- translate all critical school documents and provide interpretation during meetings and events as needed;
- conduct an Annual Title I Parent Fair/Event where all parents are invited to attend formal presentations and workshops that address their student academic skill needs and what parents can do to help;

The school will further encourage school-level parental involvement by:

- holding an annual Title I Parent Curriculum Conference;
- hosting educational family events/activities during Parent-Teacher Conferences and throughout the school year;
- encouraging meaningful parent participation on School Leadership Teams, Parent Association (or Parent-Teacher Association) and Title I Parent Committee;
- supporting or hosting Family Day events;
- establishing a Parent Resource Center/Area or lending library; instructional materials for parents;
- encouraging more parents to become trained school volunteers;

- providing written and verbal progress reports that are periodically given to keep parents informed of their children's progress;
- developing and distributing a school newsletter or web publication designed to keep parents informed about school activities and student progress;
- providing school planners/folders for regular written communication between /teacher and the home in a format, and to the extent practicable in the languages that parents can understand

School-Parent Compact (SPC)

M.S. 301 Paul L. Dunbar Academy, in compliance with the Section 1118 of Title I, Part A of the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act, is implementing a School-Parent Compact to strengthen the connection and support of student achievement between the school and the families. Staff and parents of students participating in activities and programs funded by Title I, agree that this Compact outlines how parents, the entire school staff and students will share responsibility for improved academic achievement and the means by which a school-parent partnership will be developed to ensure that all children achieve State Standards and Assessments.

I. School Responsibilities

Provide high quality curriculum and instruction consistent with State Standards to enable participating children to meet the State's Standards and Assessments by:

- using academic learning time efficiently;
- respecting cultural, racial and ethnic differences;
- implementing a curriculum aligned to the Common Core State Learning Standards;
- offering high quality instruction in all content areas;
- providing instruction by highly qualified teachers and when this does not occur, notifying parents as required by the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act;

Support home-school relationships and improve communication by:

- conducting parent-teacher conferences each semester during which the individual child's achievement will be discussed as well as how this Compact is related;
- convening an Annual Title I Parent Meeting prior to December 1st of each school year for parents of students participating in the Title I program to inform them of the school's Title I status and funded programs and their right to be involved;
- arranging additional meetings at other flexible times, e.g., morning, evening and providing (if necessary and funds are available) transportation or child care for those parents who cannot attend a regular meeting;
- respecting the rights of limited English proficient families to receive translated documents and interpretation services in order to ensure participation in the child's education;
- providing information related to school and parent programs, meetings and other activities is sent to parents of participating children in a format and to the extent practicable in a language that parents can understand;
- involving parents in the planning process to review, evaluate and improve the existing Title I programs, Parent Involvement Policy and this Compact;
- providing parents with timely information regarding performance profiles and individual student assessment results for each child and other pertinent individual school information;
- ensuring that the Parent Involvement Policy and School-Parent Compact are distributed and discussed with parents each year;

Provide parents reasonable access to staff by:

- ensuring that staff will have access to interpretation services in order to effectively communicate with limited English speaking parents;
- notifying parents of the procedures to arrange an appointment with their child's teacher or other school staff member;
- arranging opportunities for parents to receive training to volunteer and participate in their child's class, and to observe classroom activities;
- planning activities for parents during the school year, e.g., Parent-Teacher Conferences;

Provide general support to parents by:

- creating a safe, supportive and effective learning community for students and a welcoming respectful environment for parents and guardians;
- assisting parents in understanding academic achievement standards and assessments and how to monitor their child's progress by providing professional development opportunities (times will be scheduled so that the majority of parents can attend);
- sharing and communicating best practices for effective communication, collaboration and partnering with all members of the school community;
- supporting parental involvement activities as requested by parents;
- ensuring that the Title I funds allocated for parent involvement are utilized to implement activities as described in this Compact and the Parent Involvement Policy;
- advising parents of their right to file a complaint under the Department's General Complaint Procedures and consistent with the No Child Left Behind Title I requirement for Elementary Secondary Education Act (ESEA) and Title I programs;

II. Parent/Guardian Responsibilities:

- monitor my child's attendance and ensure that my child arrives to school on time as well as follow the appropriate procedures to inform the school when my child is absent;
- ensure that my child comes to school rested by setting a schedule for bedtime based on the needs of my child and his/her age;
- check and assist my child in completing homework tasks, when necessary;
- read to my child and/or discuss what my child is reading each day (for a minimum of 15 minutes);
- set limits to the amount of time my child watches television or plays video games;
- promote positive use of extracurricular time such as, extended day learning opportunities, clubs, team sports and/or quality family time;
- encourage my child to follow school rules and regulations and discuss this Compact with my child;
- volunteer in my child's school or assist from my home as time permits;
- participate, as appropriate, in the decisions relating to my child's education;
- communicate with my child's teacher about educational needs and stay informed about their education by prompting reading and responding to all notices received from the school or district;
- respond to surveys, feedback forms and notices when requested;
- become involved in the development, implementation, evaluation and revision to the Parent Involvement Policy

and this Compact;

- participate in or request training offered by the school, district, central and/or State Education Department learn more about teaching and learning strategies whenever possible;
- take part in the school's Parent Association or Parent-Teacher Association or serve to the extent possible on advisory groups, e.g., Title I Parent Committees, School or District Leadership Teams;
- share responsibility for the improved academic achievement of my child;

III. Student Responsibilities:

- attend school regularly and arrive on time;
- complete my homework and submit all assignments on time;
- follow the school rules and be responsible for my actions;
- show respect for myself, other people and property;
- try to resolve disagreements or conflicts peacefully;
- always try my best to learn.



Department of English Language Learners and Student Support

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 New York, New York 10007
 Phone: 212-374-6072

<http://schools.nyc.gov/Academics/ELL/default.htm>

Title III Supplemental Program for ELLs for the 2014-15 and 2015-16 SY

Directions: Title III supplemental services for ELLs must include all of the following three components:

- **Direct instruction:** activities must be used to support language development, English and native language instruction, high academic achievement in math, and/or other core academic areas.
 - The Title III supplemental instructional services must be based on student need
 - These supplemental services should complement core bilingual and ESL services required under CR Part 154.
 - Direct supplemental services should be provided for before school, after school, and Saturday programs.
 - Teachers providing the services must be certified bilingual education and/or ESL teachers.
- **High quality professional development** that is “of sufficient intensity and duration to have a positive and lasting impact on the teachers’ performance in classrooms.”
 - Professional development activities should be well-planned, ongoing events rather than one-day or short-term workshops and conferences.
- **Parent engagement** and supports must ensure that there are appropriate translation and interpretation services to meet community needs.
 - These are in addition to mandated activities, such as parent orientation during ELL identification process.

NOTE: The Title III program planning ratio is as follows: 60% direct to instruction, 10% to parental involvement, 10% to professional development, and 20% to OTPS.

For more information on Title III requirements, please see the School Allocation Memo or contact your [Senior ELL Compliance and Performance Specialist](#). Submit this form to your Senior ELL Compliance and Performance Specialist by October 31, 2014.

Part A: School Information	
Name of School: MS 301	DBN: 08X301
This school is (check one):	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> conceptually consolidated (skip part E below) <input type="checkbox"/> NOT conceptually consolidated (must complete part E below)	

Part B: Direct Instruction Supplemental Program Information
The direct instruction component of the program will consist of (check all that apply):
<input type="checkbox"/> Before school <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> After school <input type="checkbox"/> Saturday academy
Total # of ELLs to be served: 51
Grades to be served by this program (check all that apply):
<input type="checkbox"/> K <input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5

Part B: Direct Instruction Supplemental Program Information

6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Total # of teachers in this program: 2
of certified ESL/Bilingual teachers: 2
of content area teachers: 1

Describe the direct instruction supplemental program here and include the

- rationale
- subgroups and grade levels of students to be served
- schedule and duration
- language of instruction
- # and types of certified teachers
- types of materials

Begin description here: The school currently serves 51 ELL students. The extended day supplemental program provides direct instruction to ELL students relative to ELA and Mathematics. Performance data indicates a need for extended time on task, and we seek incremental growth relative to specific skills in both ELA and Math that reflect comprehension, number sense, and numerical fluency and expression. Beginner, Intermediate, and Advanced students are invited to participate. The language of instruction is Spanish first, then supplemented by English so ELL students can process new vocabulary and academic language initially in their L1 language, transitioning to English; the program takes place Wednesday and Thursday from 2:45-4:45. Two teachers, an ESL and Math teacher who is TESOL certified coteach the program. The program will incorporate Sound Reading for ELL's, which is a fluency based program that first assesses a student's current level of communicative ability and then builds efficacy through a series of modules that build comprehension and communication in English progressively.

Part C: Professional Development

Describe the school's professional development program for Title III Program teachers as well as other staff responsible for delivery of instruction and services to ELLs.

- rationale
- teachers to receive training
- schedule and duration
- topics to be covered
- name of provider

Begin description here:

Rationale: TESOL certified teacher training will be offered by the Leadership Program relative to classroom pedagogy and instructional practices.

Schedule and duration: Training will take place over four sessions after school during the second term of the year and TESOL certified teachers will receive training after normal business hours.

Topics to be covered, schedule and time:

Addressing the needs of incoming ELLs: February 2, 2:00 PM

Modifying curricula to meet the needs of ELLs: March 2, 2:00 PM

Assessing for Understanding: April 13, 2:00 PM

Recognizing Social and Emotional Needs of Students New to the Country: May 4, 2 PM

Part C: Professional Development

Part D: Parental Engagement Activities

Describe the parent engagement activities targeted toward parents of ELLs that will impact higher achievement for ELLs. NOTE: These are in addition to mandated activities, such as parent orientation during ELL identification process.

- rationale
- schedule and duration
- topics to be covered
- name of provider
- how parents will be notified of these activities

Begin description here: In support of the requirements of Title III supplemental, the ESL instructor is providing an extended-day program for parents in their language development and computer literacy skills two hours per week to support English Language development in order to better support students and improve interaction with the school via ARIS. Parent contact will be made via phone and hardcopy outreach.

Part E: Budget

FOR SCHOOLS NOT CONCEPTUALLY CONSOLIDATED ONLY. Ensure that your Title III budget matches your Title III Plan.

Allocation Amount: \$11200

Budget Category	Budgeted Amount	Explanation of expenditures in this category as it relates to the program narrative for this title.
Professional salaries (schools must account for fringe benefits) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Per session • Per diem 	_____	_____
Purchased services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High quality staff and curriculum development contracts. 	_____	_____
Supplies and materials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Must be supplemental. • Additional curricula, instructional materials. • Must be clearly listed. 	_____	_____
Educational Software	_____	_____

Part E: Budget

FOR SCHOOLS NOT CONCEPTUALLY CONSOLIDATED ONLY. Ensure that your Title III budget matches your Title III Plan.

Allocation Amount: \$11200

Budget Category	Budgeted Amount	Explanation of expenditures in this category as it relates to the program narrative for this title.
(Object Code 199)		
Travel	_____	_____
Other	_____	_____
TOTAL	_____	_____

**OFFICE OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS
GRADES K-12 LANGUAGE ALLOCATION POLICY
SUBMISSION FORM
2013-14 TO 2014-15 SCHOOL YEARS**

DIRECTIONS: This submission form assists schools with gathering and organizing the quantitative and qualitative information necessary for a well-conceived school-based language allocation policy (LAP) that describes quality ELL programs. This is a two-year plan on how schools will support ELLs' linguistic and academic needs. This LAP form is a part of the school's CEP. Agendas and minutes of LAP meetings should be kept readily available on file in the school. Also, when preparing your school's submission, provide extended responses in the green spaces. Spell-check has been disabled in this file, so consider typing responses to these questions in a separate file before copying them into the submission form. For additional information, hold your cursor over the [i](#).

Part I: School ELL Profile

A. School Information [i](#)

District 08	Borough Bronx	School Number 301
School Name Paul L. Dunbar		

B. Language Allocation Policy Team Composition [i](#) NOTE: The following staff members should be on the LAP team: principal, assistant principal (where applicable), at least one bilingual teacher from each subject area (where there is a bilingual program), at least one ESL teacher, and one parent.

Principal Benjamin Basile	Assistant Principal Hesham Farid
Coach type here	Coach type here
ESL Teacher Michelle Schindelheim+6	Guidance Counselor Lorna Campbell
Teacher/Subject Area Robert Williams SS	Parent Marsha Robinson
Teacher/Subject Area MArcia Davis ELA	Parent Coordinator Veronica Roland
Related Service Provider Krystal Cleveland	Other type here
Network Leader(Only if working with the LAP team) Roxan Marks	Other type here

C. Teacher Qualifications

Please provide a report of all staff members' certifications referred to in this section. Press TAB after each number entered to calculate sums and percentages.

Number of certified ESL teachers currently teaching in the ESL program.	1	Number of certified bilingual teachers <u>not</u> currently teaching in a bilingual program	0	Number of teachers who hold both content area and ESL certification	1
Number of certified bilingual teachers currently teaching in a bilingual program	0	Number of certified NLA/foreign language teachers	0	Number of teachers who hold both a bilingual extension and ESL certification	0
Number of certified ESL teachers <u>not</u> currently teaching in the ESL program	1	Number of teachers currently teaching a self-contained ESL class who hold both a common branch license and ESL certification	0	Number of special education teachers with bilingual extensions	0

D. Student Demographics

Total number of students in school (Excluding Pre-K)	231	Total number of ELLs		ELLs as share of total student population (%)	0.00%
------------------------------------------------------	------------	----------------------	--	-----------------------------------------------	--------------

Part II: ELL Demographics

A. ELL Programs

This school serves the following grades (includes ELLs and EPs)
Check all that apply

K 1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9 10 11 12

This school offers (check all that apply):

Transitional bilingual education program	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	If yes, indicate language(s):
Dual language program	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	If yes, indicate language(s):

Provide the number of classes for each ELL program model at your school. For all-day programs (e.g., Transitional Bilingual Education, Dual Language, and Self-Contained ESL), classes refer to a cohort of students served in a day. For push-in ESL classes, refer to the separate periods in a day in which students are served. Departmentalized schools (e.g., high school) may use the self-contained row.

ELL Program Breakdown														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Tot #
Transitional Bilingual Education <small>(60%:40% → 50%:50% → 75%:25%)</small>														0
Dual Language <small>(50%:50%)</small>														0
Freestanding ESL														
Push-In							10	13	15					38
Pull-out							1	2	1					4
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	15	16	0	0	0	0	42

B. ELL Years of Service and Programs

Number of ELLs by Subgroups					
All ELLs	48	Newcomers (ELLs receiving service 0-3 years)	27	ELL Students with Disabilities	13
SIFE	9	ELLs receiving service 4-6 years	7	Long-Term (completed 6+ years)	14

Enter the number of ELLs by years of identification and program model in each box. Enter the number of ELLs within a subgroup who are also SIFE or SWD. [i](#)

	ELLs by Subgroups									Total
	ELLs (0-3 years)			ELLs (4-6 years)			Long-Term ELLs (completed 6 years)			
	All	SIFE	SWD	All	SIFE	SWD	All	SIFE	SWD	
TBE										0
Dual Language										0
ESL	27	6	4	7	2	2	14	1	7	34

ELLs by Subgroups										
ELLs (0-3 years)			ELLs (4-6 years)			Long-Term ELLs (completed 6 years)			Total	
All	SIFE	SWD	All	SIFE	SWD	All	SIFE	SWD		
Total	27	6	4	7	2	2	0	1	7	34
Number of ELLs who have an alternate placement paraprofessional:										

C. Home Language Breakdown and ELL Programs

Transitional Bilingual Education														
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group														
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
SELECT ONE														0
SELECT ONE														0
SELECT ONE														0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*EP=English proficient student

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs*)																				
K-8																				
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group																				
	K		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		TOTAL	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP																
SELECT ONE																			0	0
SELECT ONE																			0	0
SELECT ONE																			0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Dual Language (ELLs/EPs)										
9-12										
Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group										
	9		10		11		12		TOTAL	
	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP	ELL	EP
SELECT ONE									0	0
SELECT ONE									0	0
SELECT ONE									0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

This Section for Dual Language Programs Only

Number of Bilingual students (students fluent in both languages): ____ Number of third language speakers: ____

Ethnic breakdown of EPs (Number):
 African-American: ____ Asian: ____ Hispanic/Latino: ____
 Native American: ____ White (Non-Hispanic/Latino): ____ Other: ____

Freestanding English as a Second Language

Number of ELLs by Grade in Each Language Group

	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Spanish							11	15	16					42
Chinese														0
Russian														0
Bengali														0
Urdu														0
Arabic														0
Haitian														0
French														0
Korean														0
Punjabi														0
Polish														0
Albanian														0
Other														0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	15	16	0	0	0	0	42

Part III: Assessment Analysis

Assessment Breakdown

Enter the number of ELLs for each test, category, and modality. Data should reflect latest results of current students in your school.

OVERALL NYSESLAT* PROFICIENCY RESULTS (*LAB-R FOR NEW ADMITS)

	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOTAL
Beginner(B)							3	6	4					13
Intermediate(I)							3	3	5					11
Advanced (A)							6	7	5					18
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	16	14	0	0	0	0	42

NYSESLAT Modality Analysis

Modality Aggregate	Proficiency Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LISTENING/	B													

NYSESLAT Modality Analysis

Modality Aggregate	Proficiency Level	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
SPEAKING	I													
	A													
	P													
READING/ WRITING	B													
	I													
	A													
	P													

NYS ELA

Grade	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Total
3					0
4					0
5					0
6					0
7					0
8					0
NYSAA Bilingual (SWD)					0

NYS Math

Grade	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
3									0
4									0
5									0
6									0
7									0
8									0
NYSAA Bilingual (SWD)									0

NYS Science

	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
4									0
8									0

NYS Science									
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 4		Total
	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	English	NL	
NYSAA Bilingual (SWD)									0

New York State Regents Exam				
	Number of ELLs Taking Test		Number of ELLs Passing Test	
	English	Native Language	English	Native Language
Comprehensive English				
Integrated Algebra				
Geometry				
Algebra 2/Trigonometry				
Math _____				
Biology				
Chemistry				
Earth Science				
Living Environment				
Physics				
Global History and Geography				
US History and Government				
Foreign Language				
Other _____				
Other _____				
NYSAA ELA				
NYSAA Mathematics				
NYSAA Social Studies				
NYSAA Science				

Native Language Tests								
	# of ELLs scoring at each quartile (based on percentiles)				# of EPs (dual lang only) scoring at each quartile (based on percentiles)			
	Q1 1-25 percentile	Q2 26-50 percentile	Q3 51-75 percentile	Q4 76-99 percentile	Q1 1-25 percentile	Q2 26-50 percentile	Q3 51-75 percentile	Q4 76-99 percentile
ELE (Spanish Reading Test)								
Chinese Reading Test								

After reviewing and analyzing the assessment data, answer the following:

- Describe what assessment tool your school uses to assess the early literacy skills of your ELLs (e.g., ECLAS-2, EL SOL, Fountas and Pinnell, DRA, TCRWP). What insights do the data provide about your ELLs? How will this data help inform your school's instructional plan? Please provide any quantitative data available to support your response.
We use Fountas and Pinnell Running Records to assess students literacy skills; ELLs are seen as in need of targeted intervention relative to the lower scores on the aforementioned assessments. The ELL student read on Levels L - N on the F&P scale. Therefore, our ESL teachers focuses on beginner reading material with word recognition and vocabulary acquisition.

2. What is revealed by the data patterns across proficiency levels (on the LAB-R and NYSESLAT) and grades?
ELLs are in need of language and literacy acquisition in L2 language. The majority of students tested with the LAB-R are beginners. The NYSESLAT data shows a close proportional breakdown among beginner, intermediate, and advanced students: 14, 10, 17 respectively. Similarly, the distribution of levels among the 3 grades is fairly equal. The approach for beginners is both pull out and push in model.
3. How will patterns across NYSESLAT modalities—reading/writing and listening/speaking—affect instructional decisions? How does your school use information about Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives? What does the data reveal? (see [SED memo](#) and [AMAOTool](#))
Student needs relative to the modalities expressed on NYSESLAT are addressed via a push in model relative to free standing ESL program. Beginner ELLs are instructed in an NLA class to solidify conventions of language and literacy as per the AMAO toolkit; curricula employed in core is reflected in the NLA instruction, along with several modalities for learning and language acquisition.
4. For each program, answer the following:
 - a. What are the patterns across proficiencies and grades? How are ELLs faring in tests taken in English as compared to the native language?
 - b. Describe how the school leadership and teachers are using the results of the ELL Periodic Assessments.
 - c. What is the school learning about ELLs from the Periodic Assessments? How is the native language used?

Results from periodic assessments afford instructors opportunities for differentiation in the classroom and through RTI; individualized action plans for each student are based on the examination of repeated assessment results.
5. Describe how your school uses data to guide instruction for ELLs within the Response to Intervention (RtI) framework (for grades K-5). (see [RtI Guide for Teachers of ELLs](#).)
RTI responds to specific needs that often reflect remediation in areas reflective of language acquisition; vocabulary, conventions of language, and fluency in speaking, reading, and writing are primary and individualized.
6. How do you make sure that a child's second language development is considered in instructional decisions?
Second Language development is not only pursued and measured in the freestanding ESL program and its subcomponent the NLA program for beginners, it is also embedded in unit planning for core subjects.
7. For dual language programs, answer the following:
 - a. How are the English-proficient students (EPs) assessed in the second (target) language?
 - b. What is the level of language proficiency in the second (target) language for EPs?
 - c. How are EPs performing on State and City Assessments?

Paste response to questions here:
8. Describe how you evaluate the success of your programs for ELLs (e.g. meeting AYP for ELLs, etc.).
Success will be determined by student performance on the NYS ELA and NYSESLAT exams. The goal is to achieve growth in ELA performance level and to move students a minimum of one level on the

Part IV: ELL Identification Process

Describe how you identify English Language Learners (ELLs) in your school. Answer the following:

1. Describe the steps followed for the initial identification of ELLs. These steps must include administering the Home Language Identification Survey (HLIS) which includes the informal oral interview in English and in the native language, and the formal initial assessment. Identify the person(s) responsible, including their qualifications, for conducting the initial screening, administering the HLIS, the LAB-R (if necessary), and the formal initial assessment. (Refer to [ELL Policy Brief](#) and [EPIC](#).)
The HLIS is administered after students are screened by the ESL teacher and clerical intake. The LAB-R is then administered accordingly.
2. My licensed ESL teacher, Michelle Schindelheim, who is TESOL certified, addresses individual parents and holds parent workshops in conjunction with the Parent Coordinator to best advise and illicit responses from parents interested in ELL services for their child/children.
3. Entitlement letters are distributed as suggested in the ELL toolkit. Letters are mailed, and sent home with parents and students. When necessary, they are delivered to the home via carrier.

4. Parents are brought to a separate location, i.e., the ESL room, and parents are introduced to the curriculum and assessments used to promote language acquisition. The necessary L1 language is employed to communicate.
 5. Parents overwhelmingly choose freestanding ESL.
 6. Our freestanding ESL program has been requested formally through the Parent's Association and the Parent Coordinator's Office. The program, along with other models, is also introduced and explained upon request.
2. What structures are in place at your school to ensure that parents understand all three program choices (Transitional Bilingual, Dual Language, Freestanding ESL)? Please describe the process, outreach plan, and timelines.
Paste response to question here:
 3. Describe how your school ensures that entitlement letters are distributed and Parent Survey and Program Selection forms are returned, and secured/stored. (If a form is not returned, the default program for ELLs is Transitional Bilingual Education as per CR Part 154 [\[see tool kit\]](#).)
Paste response to question here:
 4. Describe the criteria used and the procedures followed to place identified ELL students in bilingual or ESL instructional programs; description must also include any consultation/communication activities with parents in their native language.
Paste response to question here:
 5. Describe the steps taken to administer all sections of the New York State English as a Second Language Achievement Test (NYSESLAT) to all ELLs each year.
Paste response to question here:
 6. After reviewing the Parent Survey and Program Selection forms for the past few years, what is the trend in program choices that parents have requested? (Please provide numbers.) Are the program models offered at your school aligned with parent requests? If no, why not? How will you build alignment between parent choice and program offerings? Describe specific steps underway. 
Paste response to question here:

Part V: ELL Programming

A. Programming and Scheduling Information

1. How is instruction delivered? (see [The Practitioners' Work Group for Accelerating English Language Learner Student Achievement: Nine Common Features of Successful Programs for ELLs](#))
 - a. What are the organizational models (e.g., departmentalized, push-in [co-teaching], pull-out, collaborative, self-contained)?
 - b. What are the program models (e.g., block [class travels together as a group], ungraded [all students regardless of grade are in one class], heterogeneous [mixed proficiency levels], homogeneous [proficiency level is the same in one class])?
2. How does the organization of your staff ensure that the mandated number of instructional minutes is provided according to proficiency levels in each program model (TBE, Dual Language, ESL)?
 - a. How are explicit ESL, ELA, and NLA instructional minutes delivered in each program model as per CR Part 154 (see table below)?

Paste response to questions here:
3. Describe how the content areas are delivered in each program model. Please specify language, and the instructional approaches and methods used to make content comprehensible to foster language development and meet the demands of the Common Core Learning Standards.

Paste response to question here:
4. How do you ensure that ELLs are appropriately evaluated in their native languages throughout the year?

Paste response to question here:
5. How do you ensure that ELLs are appropriately evaluated in all four modalities of English acquisition throughout the year?

Paste response to question here:
6. How do you differentiate instruction for ELL subgroups?
 - a. Describe your instructional plan for SIFE.
 - b. Describe your plan for ELLs who have been in US schools less than three years (newcomers)..
 - c. Describe your plan for ELLs receiving service 4 to 6 years.
 - d. Describe your plan for long-term ELLs (completed 6+ years).
 - e. Describe your plan for former ELLs (in years 1 and 2 after testing proficient).

Paste response to questions here:
7. What instructional strategies and grade-level materials do teachers of ELL-SWDs use that both provide access to academic content areas and accelerate English language development?

Paste response to question here:
8. How does your school use curricular, instructional, and scheduling flexibility to enable diverse ELL-SWDs to achieve their IEP goals and attain English proficiency within the least restrictive environment?

Courses Taught in Languages Other than English 

NOTE: This section refers to classes/subject areas in which the language of instruction is English and another language which all students in the class speak. Do not include:

- classes that are taught in English using books in the native language
- heritage classes
- foreign language (LOTE) classes

Class/Content Area	Language(s) of Instruction	Class/Content Area	Language(s) of Instruction
Native Language Arts:	Spanish		
Social Studies:			
Math:			
Science:			

Courses Taught in Languages Other than English ⓘ

NOTE: This section refers to classes/subject areas in which the language of instruction is English and another language which all students in the class speak. Do not include:

- classes that are taught in English using books in the native language
- heritage classes
- foreign language (LOTE) classes

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades K-8

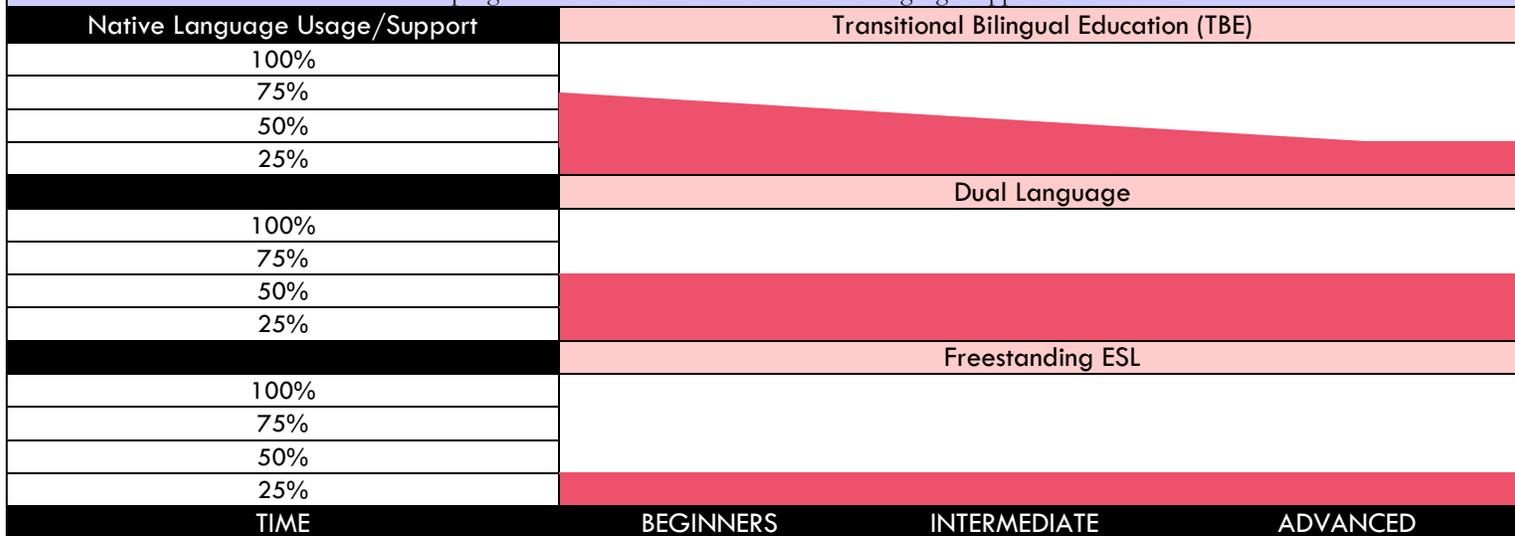
	Beginning	Intermediate	Advanced
ESL instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154	360 minutes per week	360 minutes per week	180 minutes per week
ELA instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154			180 minutes per week
FOR TBE /DL PROGRAMS: Native Language Arts	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day

NYS CR Part 154 Mandated Number of Units of Support for ELLs, Grades 9-12

	Beginning	Intermediate	Advanced
ESL instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154	540 minutes per week	360 minutes per week	180 minutes per week
ELA instruction for <i>all</i> ELLs as required under CR Part 154			180 minutes per week
FOR TBE /DL PROGRAMS: Native Language Arts	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day	45 minutes per day

Native Language Usage and Supports

The chart below is a visual representation designed to show the variation of native language usage and supports across the program models. Please note that native language support is never zero.



TBE and dual language programs have both native language arts and subject areas taught in the native language; ESL has native language supports.

B. Programming and Scheduling Information--Continued

9. Describe your targeted intervention programs for ELLs in ELA, math, and other content areas (specify ELL subgroups targeted). Please list the range of intervention services offered in your school for the above areas as well as the language(s) in which they are offered.

Paste response to question here:

10. Describe the effectiveness of your current program and how it is meeting the needs of your ELLs in both content and language development.

Paste response to question here:

11. What new programs or improvements will be considered for the upcoming school year?

Paste response to question here:

12. What programs/services for ELLs will be discontinued and why?

Paste response to question here:

13. How are ELLs afforded equal access to all school programs? Describe after school and supplemental services offered to ELLs in your building.

Paste response to question here:

14. What instructional materials, including technology, are used to support ELLs (include content area as well as language materials; list ELL subgroups if necessary)?

Paste response to question here:

15. How is native language support delivered in each program model (TBE, Dual Language, and ESL)?

Paste response to question here:

16. Explain how the required services support, and resources correspond to ELLs' ages and grade levels.

Paste response to question here:

17. Describe activities in your school that assist newly enrolled ELL students before the beginning of the school year. Please include activities for new ELLs who enroll throughout the school year.

Paste response to question here:

18. What language electives are offered to ELLs?

Paste response to question here:

19. For schools with dual language programs:

- a. How much time (%) is the target language used for EPs and ELLs in each grade?
- b. How much of the instructional day are EPs and ELLs integrated? What content areas are taught separately?
- c. How is language separated for instruction (time, subject, teacher, theme)?
- d. What Dual Language model is used (side-by-side, self-contained, other)?
- e. Is emergent literacy taught in child's native language first (sequential), or are both languages taught at the same time (simultaneous)?

1. The organizational models are: Departmentalized, Push – In (Co-Teaching), Pull-Out. The program models are: The class travels as a group and homogeneous

2.

Students that scored at the "Beginner" level, are receiving 360 minutes of ESL instructional time. This is delivered by having the children meet with the ESL teacher for 8 periods weekly. Each period meets for 45 minutes. This satisfies the mandate of students receiving 360 minutes of ESL instructional time weekly.

Students that scored at the "Intermediate" level, are receiving 360 minutes of ESL instructional time. This is delivered by having the children meet with the ESL teacher for 8 periods weekly. Each period meets for 45 minutes. This satisfies the mandate of students receiving 360 minutes of ESL instructional time weekly.

Students that scored at the "Advanced" level, are receiving the 180 minutes of ESL instructional times. This is delivered by having the children meet with the ESL teacher for 4 periods weekly. Each period meets for 45 minutes.

3.

The ESL teacher utilizes the following techniques in working with students:

- Pair and group work
- Modeling for students
- Monitoring students, and correcting when necessary
- Following through and checking on students
- Repetition and choral practice: In the following patterns: Whole class, half the class at a time, groups, individual checks
- Homework and homework correction

4.

Scaffolding is used to support learners and facilitate the construction of meaning and knowledge.

One way instruction for English language learners is scaffolded, is by differentiating learning tasks and materials and providing a variety of verbal and academic supports, from both the teacher and more proficient peers, so that students are able to meaningfully engage in content area learning and acquire the necessary language and academic skills necessary for independent learning.

This includes a variety of components: First, the teacher provides continuity in the classroom. In this way, tasks are presented, that are repeated throughout instructional sequences with variations and that are interconnected to each other and the curriculum.

Secondly, the teacher provides support from context. Students should be encouraged to explore topics in a risk free learning environment and be provided with a variety of ways to meet learning goals and objectives.

Finally, the teacher creates learning contexts where learners increase their autonomy as their skills and confidence increase. Continuity of tasks facilitates learners in being able to take over portions of the task and become independent learners.

Differentiated instruction is well organized, well planned and addresses not only different ability levels, but also different needs, interests and strengths of the learners. Differentiation of instruction allows for whole group instruction, heterogeneous small group cooperative work, and individual instruction. It allows the teacher to create student centered learning experiences that focus on varied approaches to content, process, and product. In addition, it provides for ongoing, embedded, authentic assessment of students' skills, interests and learning style.

a. SIFE

Lack basic literacy in their native language and since we don't have a bilingual program, we will use basic literacy techniques like phonics, leap frog etc

b. With newcomers

Work on:

Non verbal cues

Listening and oral language development

Listening and speaking

TPR (Total Physical Response)

c. 4-6 years

It's important that you use content area, vocabulary development so that they can master the content of exams

Will provide mandated service based on the NYSESLAT score

And will look at subtests to see where I need to target instruction

d. Long term ELLs

Will look at their subtests in the NYSESLAT, in addition to analyzing the strands of their assessment, to see what content they haven't mastered

Place them in an after school program so that they can make gains

e. Special needs

I would review the NYSELT along with the IEP, to make sure that they are receiving the correct supports in special ed and to make sure that there is coordination among my services and theirs, so that we can support each other and help this student succeed

C. Professional Development and Support for School Staff

1. Describe the professional development plan for all ELL personnel at the school. (Please include all teachers of ELLs.)
2. What professional development is offered to teachers of ELLs (including ESL and bilingual teachers) in supporting ELLs as they engage in the Common Core Learning Standards?
3. What support do you provide staff to assist ELLs as they transition from elementary to middle and/or middle to high school?
4. Describe the minimum 7.5 hours of ELL training (10 hours for special education teachers) for all staff (including non-ELL teachers) as per Jose P.

Paste response to questions here:

D. Parental Involvement

1. Describe ELL parent involvement in your school. Include specific activities that foster parental involvement for parents of ELLs.
2. Does the school partner with other agencies or Community Based Organizations to provide workshops or services to ELL parents?
3. How do you evaluate the needs of the parents?
4. How do your parental involvement activities address the needs of the parents?

All parent workshops are delivered bilingually, with a translator available at every meeting; specific workshops targeting speakers of languages other than English are available; parents are surveyed for relevant topics to be offered; because the workshops are requested by parents, they are seen as helpful and supportive.

E. Additional Information

Please include any additional information that would be relevant to your LAP and would further explain your program for ELLs. You may attach/submit charts. This form does not allow graphics and charts to be pasted.

Paste response to question here:

Part VI: LAP Assurances

School Name: _____

School DBN: _____

Signatures of LAP team members certify that the information provided is accurate.

Name (PRINT)	Title	Signature	Date (mm/dd/yy)
Benjamin Basile	Principal		1/1/01
Hesham Farid	Assistant Principal		1/1/01
Veronica Roland	Parent Coordinator		1/1/01
Michelle Schindelheim	ESL Teacher		1/1/01
Marsha Robinson	Parent		1/1/01
	Teacher/Subject Area		1/1/01
	Teacher/Subject Area		1/1/01
	Coach		1/1/01
	Coach		1/1/01
Lorna Campbell	Guidance Counselor		1/1/01
Roxan Marks	Network Leader		1/1/01
	Other _____		1/1/01

LANGUAGE TRANSLATION AND INTERPRETATION 2013-2014 TO 2014-2015

Requirement under Chancellor's Regulations – for all schools

DBN: **08X301** School Name: **Paul L. Dunbar**

Cluster: **4** Network: **401**

Goal: To communicate whenever feasible with non-English speaking parents in their home language in order to support shared parent-school accountability, parent access to information about their children's educational options, and parents' capacity to improve their children's achievement.

Part A: Needs Assessment Findings

1. Describe the data and methodologies used to assess your school's written translation and oral interpretation needs to ensure that all parents are provided with appropriate and timely information in a language they can understand.

Parent meetings and community based events, along with current ELL data, are used to survey needs relative to language translation. Translation is matched to those needs as necessary.

2. Summarize the major findings of your school's written translation and oral interpretation needs. Describe how the findings were reported to the school community.

Approximately 40% of the school community speak a language other than English at home (sometimes in tandem with English and, in the case of many ELL designees, as the sole language spoken in the home). The School Leadership Team and Faculty were made aware of these statistics.

Part B: Strategies and Activities

1. Describe the written translation services the school will provide, and how they will meet identified needs indicated in Part A. Include procedures to ensure timely provision of translated documents to parents determined to be in need of language assistance services. Indicate whether written translation services will be provided by an outside vendor, or in-house by school staff or parent volunteers.

Written translations of all documents that are given to the public are produced in English and Spanish. These translations are done internally

2. Describe the oral interpretation services the school will provide, and how they will meet identified needs indicated in Part A. Indicate whether oral interpretation services will be provided by an outside contractor, or in-house by school staff or parent volunteers.

Oral translations of all documents and initiatives that are given to the public are produced in English and Spanish. These translations are done internally

3. Describe how the school will fulfill Section VII of Chancellor's Regulations A-663 regarding parental notification requirements for translation and interpretation services. Note: The full text of Chancellor's Regulations A-663 (Translations) is available via the following link:
<http://docs.nycenet.edu/docushare/dsweb/Get/Document-151/A-663%20Translation%203-27-06%20.pdf>.

Parents are notified in the requisite languages surveyed and are given opportunities to request further services or clarification.